

Aviation Investigation Final Report

Location: Evanston, Wyoming **Accident Number**: GAA18CA462

Date & Time: July 29, 2018, 14:45 Local Registration: N7893P

Aircraft: Piper PA24 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

Defining Event: Landing gear not configured **Injuries:** 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Personal

Analysis

The pilot in the retractable landing gear-equipped airplane reported that, during the cross-country flight, the autopilot failed, and he struggled to use the sectional charts. He added that heat and wind made the flight uncomfortable, and smoke from wildland fires decreased visibility to about 5 statute miles, so he decided to land. He completed some of the GUMPS (gas [proper tank selected], undercarriage [gear down], mixture [full mix for landing], and propeller [high rpm setting]) checklist and decided not to extend the landing gear to have better control. Upon arrival at the airport, he decided to leave the landing gear retracted as he searched for the windsock on the airport, but he could not find it. Subsequently, he attempted to contact the airport on the Unicom frequency, but he later determined that he had used an incorrect frequency. He decided to land on runway 5, which he later identified was the incorrect runway given the wind direction. He forgot to extend the landing gear before landing.

The airplane sustained substantial damage to the longerons and bulkheads.

The pilot reported that there were no preaccident mechanical failures or malfunctions with the airplane that would have precluded normal operation.

Probable Cause and Findings

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The pilot's failure to extend the landing gear during landing. Contributing to the accident were the pilot's distraction and his failure to complete the appropriate checklist before landing.

Findings

Personnel issues Use of equip/system - Pilot

Aircraft Gear extension and retract sys - Not used/operated

Personnel issues Forgotten action/omission - Pilot

Personnel issues Use of checklist - Pilot

Personnel issues Attention - Pilot

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Factual Information

History of Flight

Enroute	Miscellaneous/other
Landing	Landing gear not configured (Defining event)

Pilot Information

Certificate:	Private	Age:	80,Male
Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	Lap only
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 3 With waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	July 11, 2018
Occupational Pilot:	No	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	January 17, 2018
Flight Time:	(Estimated) 2356.1 hours (Total, all aircraft), 1575 hours (Total, this make and model), 2307.3 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 22 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft)		

Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

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Aircraft Make:	Piper	Registration:	N7893P
Model/Series:	PA24 250	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	1962	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	24-3122
Landing Gear Type:	Retractable - Tricycle	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	July 11, 2018 Annual	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2900 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:	4000 Hrs as of last inspection	Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	10-540 SER
Registered Owner:		Rated Power:	250 Horsepower
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

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Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	KEVW,7163 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	0 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	20:53 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	122°
Lowest Cloud Condition:	Clear	Visibility	9 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	None	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	15 knots / 25 knots	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	/
Wind Direction:	320°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	/
Altimeter Setting:	30.32 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	29°C / -6°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	Rawlins, WY (KRWL)	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	None
Destination:	Compton, CA (KCPM)	Type of Clearance:	None
Departure Time:	12:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

Airport Information

Airport:	Evanston-Uinta County Burns Fi EVW	Runway Surface Type:	Asphalt
Airport Elevation:	7143 ft msl	Runway Surface Condition:	Dry
Runway Used:	05	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	7300 ft / 100 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop;Straight-in

Wreckage and Impact Information

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	41.274723,-111.034721(est)

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Administrative Information

Investigation Docket:

Investigator In Charge (IIC):Hicks, MichaelAdditional Participating Persons:Lindsey Carlson; FAA; Salt Lake, UT
John Cosenza; FAA; Salt Lake, UTOriginal Publish Date:June 10, 2019Note:This accident report documents the factual circumstances of this accident as described to
the NTSB.

https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=97969

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB), established in 1967, is an independent federal agency mandated by Congress through the Independent Safety Board Act of 1974 to investigate transportation accidents, determine the probable causes of the accidents, issue safety recommendations, study transportation safety issues, and evaluate the safety effectiveness of government agencies involved in transportation. The NTSB makes public its actions and decisions through accident reports, safety studies, special investigation reports, safety recommendations, and statistical reviews.

The Independent Safety Board Act, as codified at 49 U.S.C. Section 1154(b), precludes the admission into evidence or use of any part of an NTSB report related to an incident or accident in a civil action for damages resulting from a matter mentioned in the report. A factual report that may be admissible under 49 U.S.C. § 1154(b) is available here.

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