



# **Aviation Investigation Final Report**

Location: East Moriches, New York Accident Number: GAA19CA050

Date & Time: October 20, 2018, 12:15 Local Registration: N8275V

Aircraft: Piper PA28 Aircraft Damage: Substantial

**Defining Event:** Landing area overshoot **Injuries:** 1 None

Flight Conducted Under: Part 91: General aviation - Positioning

### **Analysis**

The pilot stated that, during the preflight inspection, he did not observe anything abnormal. He added that, during the initial taxi, the airplane "pulled more power than usual" but that he observed no issues with the brakes or flight controls.

The pilot reported that, during approach to a 2,300-ft-long grass airstrip about 60 knots with full flaps, he reduced power to idle to flare. The airplane was "still floating," and about midfield, he saw that the rpm had increased with the power at idle to between about 1,000 to 1,200 rpm. He retracted the flaps to 15° to execute a go-around, but before he increased power, the airplane touched down on the runway. He was going to continue the go-around but realized the airplane would be unable to clear power lines and trees at the end of the runway. He then braked hard but was unable to stop the airplane on the grass, so he shut off the fuel pump and closed the mixture. He added that the "engine did not stop," and the airplane continued moving forward due to momentum. He applied full brakes with an "s turn and 180 turn," the airplane slid on the grass, and the left wing struck a wooden pole. The airplane then came to an abrupt stop. The pilot stated that he saw that the engine and propeller had stopped

The airplane sustained substantial damage to the left wing.

The Federal Aviation Administration inspector reported that he attempted to examine the engine, but the airplane was unavailable for examination.

The airplane manufacturer's prescribed "Go Around" checklist stated:

Throttle.....FULL

Carb Heat.....OFF

Flaps......RETRACT TO 20 DEG

Vy	79 KIAS
Flaps	.RETRACT PROC

It is likely that the pilot flew the approach at too high of an airspeed and initiated the go-around too late, which resulted in the airplane floating and the subsequent landing area overshoot.

### **Probable Cause and Findings**

The National Transportation Safety Board determines the probable cause(s) of this accident to be:

The pilot's delayed initiation of a go-around and his subsequent use of the improper go-around procedure, which resulted in a landing area overshoot.

#### **Findings**

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Personnel issues	Delayed action - Pilot
Personnel issues	Use of policy/procedure - Pilot
<b>Environmental issues</b>	Pole - Contributed to outcome

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## **Factual Information**

## **History of Flight**

Landing	Abnormal runway contact
Landing	Landing area overshoot (Defining event)
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Landing	Attempted remediation/recovery
J	
Landing	Collision with terr/obj (non-CFIT)
_uug	complete that tell, obj (non-or-rr)

### **Pilot Information**

Certificate:	Commercial	Age:	30.Male
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Airplane Rating(s):	Single-engine land; Multi-engine land	Seat Occupied:	Left
Other Aircraft Rating(s):	None	Restraint Used:	3-point
Instrument Rating(s):	Airplane	Second Pilot Present:	No
Instructor Rating(s):	None	Toxicology Performed:	No
Medical Certification:	Class 1 Without waivers/limitations	Last FAA Medical Exam:	October 31, 2018
Occupational Pilot:	Yes	Last Flight Review or Equivalent:	March 24, 2018
Flight Time:	(Estimated) 1425 hours (Total, all aircraft), 252 hours (Total, this make and model), 877 hours (Pilot In Command, all aircraft), 200 hours (Last 90 days, all aircraft), 110 hours (Last 30 days, all aircraft)		

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## Aircraft and Owner/Operator Information

Aircraft Make:	Piper	Registration:	N8275V
Model/Series:	PA28 161	Aircraft Category:	Airplane
Year of Manufacture:	1982	Amateur Built:	
Airworthiness Certificate:	Normal	Serial Number:	28-8316001
Landing Gear Type:	Tricycle	Seats:	4
Date/Type of Last Inspection:	100 hour	Certified Max Gross Wt.:	2326 lbs
Time Since Last Inspection:		Engines:	1 Reciprocating
Airframe Total Time:		Engine Manufacturer:	Lycoming
ELT:	Installed, not activated	Engine Model/Series:	0-320 SERIES
Registered Owner:		Rated Power:	
Operator:	On file	Operating Certificate(s) Held:	None

## Meteorological Information and Flight Plan

Conditions at Accident Site:	Visual (VMC)	Condition of Light:	Day
Observation Facility, Elevation:	KHWV,82 ft msl	Distance from Accident Site:	5 Nautical Miles
Observation Time:	15:56 Local	Direction from Accident Site:	269°
<b>Lowest Cloud Condition:</b>		Visibility	10 miles
Lowest Ceiling:	Broken / 2000 ft AGL	Visibility (RVR):	
Wind Speed/Gusts:	11 knots / 19 knots	Turbulence Type Forecast/Actual:	None / None
Wind Direction:	260°	Turbulence Severity Forecast/Actual:	N/A / N/A
Altimeter Setting:	29.7 inches Hg	Temperature/Dew Point:	16°C / 11°C
Precipitation and Obscuration:	No Obscuration; No Precipitation		
Departure Point:	Farmingdale, NY (FRG )	Type of Flight Plan Filed:	VFR
Destination:	East Moriches, NY (49N)	Type of Clearance:	VFR;VFR flight following
Departure Time:	11:00 Local	Type of Airspace:	Class G

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#### **Airport Information**

Airport:	LUFKER 49N	Runway Surface Type:	Grass/turf
Airport Elevation:	57 ft msl	<b>Runway Surface Condition:</b>	Soft
Runway Used:	S	IFR Approach:	None
Runway Length/Width:	2300 ft / 100 ft	VFR Approach/Landing:	Full stop

#### **Wreckage and Impact Information**

Crew Injuries:	1 None	Aircraft Damage:	Substantial
Passenger Injuries:		Aircraft Fire:	None
Ground Injuries:	N/A	Aircraft Explosion:	None
Total Injuries:	1 None	Latitude, Longitude:	40.823055,-72.750831(est)

#### **Administrative Information**

Investigator In Charge (IIC):	Benhoff, Kathryn
Additional Participating Persons:	Thomas McDougal; FAA; Farmingdale, NY
Original Publish Date:	April 8, 2019
Note:	This accident report documents the factual circumstances of this accident as described to the NTSB.
Investigation Docket:	https://data.ntsb.gov/Docket?ProjectID=98605

The National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB), established in 1967, is an independent federal agency mandated by Congress through the Independent Safety Board Act of 1974 to investigate transportation accidents, determine the probable causes of the accidents, issue safety recommendations, study transportation safety issues, and evaluate the safety effectiveness of government agencies involved in transportation. The NTSB makes public its actions and decisions through accident reports, safety studies, special investigation reports, safety recommendations, and statistical reviews.

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