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 XLessons

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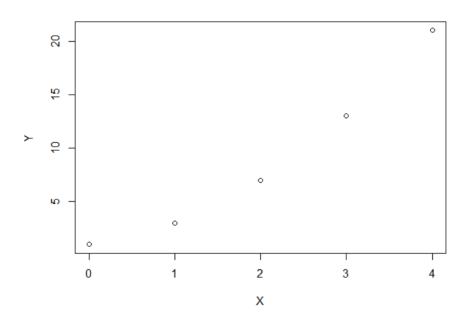
Computing regression parameters (gradient descent example)

The data

Consider the following 5 point synthetic data set:

4	v	V
	Х	Y
2	0	1
3	1	3
4	2	7
5	3	13
6	4	21

Which is plotted below:



What we need

Now that we've computed the regression line using a closed form solution let's do it again but with gradient descent.

Recall that:

- The derivative of the cost for the intercept is the sum of the errors
- The derivative of the cost for the slope is the sum of the product of the errors and the input

We will need a starting value for the slope and intercept, a step_size and a tolerance

- initial_intercept = 0
- initial_slope = 0
- step_size = 0.05
- tolerance = 0.01

The algorithm

In each step of the gradient descent we will do the following:

- 1. Compute the predicted values given the current slope and intercept
- 2. Compute the prediction errors (prediction Y)
- 3. Update the intercept:
- compute the derivative: sum(errors)
- compute the adjustment as step_size times the derivative
- decrease the intercept by the adjustment
- 4. Update the slope:
- compute the derivative: sum(errors*input)
- compute the adjustment as step_size times the derivative
- · decrease the slope by the adjustment
- 5. Compute the magnitude of the gradient
- 6. Check for convergence

The algorithm in action

First step:

Intercept = 0

Slope = 0

- 1. predictions = [0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
- 2. errors = [-1, -3, -7, -13, -21]
- 3. update Intercept
- sum([-1, -3, -7, -13, -21]) = -45
- adjustment = 0.05 * 45 = -2.25
- new_intercept = 0 -2.25 = 2.25
- 4. update Slope
- sum([0, 1, 2, 3, 4] * [-1, -3, -7, -13, -21]) = -140
- adjustment = 0.05 * 45 = -7
- new_slope = 0 -7 = 7
- 5. magnitude = $sqrt((-45)^2 + (-140)^2) = 147.05$
- 6. magnitude > tolerance: not converged

Second step:

Intercept = 2.25

Slope = 7

- 1. predictions = [2.25, 9.25, 16.25, 23.25, 30.25]
- 2. errors = [1.25, 6.35, 9.25, 10.25, 9.25]
- 3. update Intercept
- sum([1.25, 6.35, 9.25, 10.25, 9.25]) = 36.25
- adjustment = 0.05 * 36.25 = 1.8125
- new_intercept = 2.25-1.8125 = 0.4375
- 4. update Slope
- sum([0, 1, 2, 3, 4] * [1.25, 6.35, 9.25, 10.25, 9.25]) = 92.5
- adjustment = 0.05 * 92.5 = 4.625
- new_slope = 7 4.625 = 2.375

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5. magnitude = sqrt((36.25)^2 + (92.5)^2) = 99.356. magnitude > tolerance: not converged
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Third step:

Intercept = 0.4375

Slope = 2.375

- 1. predictions = [0.4375, 2.8125, 5.1875, 7.5625, 9.9375]
- 2. errors = [-0.5625, -0.1875, -1.8125, -5.4375, -11.0625]
- 3. update Intercept
- sum([-0.5625, -0.1875, -1.8125, -5.4375, -11.0625]) = -19.0625
- adjustment = 0.05 * = -0.953125
- new_intercept = 0.4375 -0.953125 = 1.390625
- 4. update Slope
- sum([0, 1, 2, 3, 4] * [-0.5625, -0.1875, -1.8125, -5.4375, -11.0625]) = -64.375
- adjustment = 0.05 * -64.375= -3.21875
- new_slope = 2.375 --3.21875 = 5.59375
- 5. magnitude = sqrt((-19.0625)^2 + (-64.375)^2) = 67.13806
- 6. magnitude > tolerance: not converged

Let's skip forward a few steps... after the 77th step we have gradient magnitude 0.0107.

78th Step:

Intercept = -0.9937

Slope = 4.9978

- 1. predictions = [-0.99374, 4.00406, 9.00187, 13.99967, 18.99748]
- 2. errors = [-1.99374, 1.00406, 2.00187, 0.99967, -2.00252]
- 3. update Intercept
- sum([-1.99374, 1.00406, 2.00187, 0.99967, -2.00252]) = 0.009341224
- adjustment = 0.05 * 0.009341224 = 0.0004670612
- new_intercept = -0.9937 0.0004670612 = -0.994207
- 4. update Slope
- sum([0, 1, 2, 3, 4] * [-1.99374, 1.00406, 2.00187, 0.99967, -2.00252]) = -0.0032767
- adjustment = 0.05 *-0.0032767 = -0.00016383
- new_slope = 4.9978 --0.00016383 = 4.9979
- 5. magnitude = $sqrt[()^2 + ()^2] = 0.0098992$
- 6. magnitude < tolerance: converged!

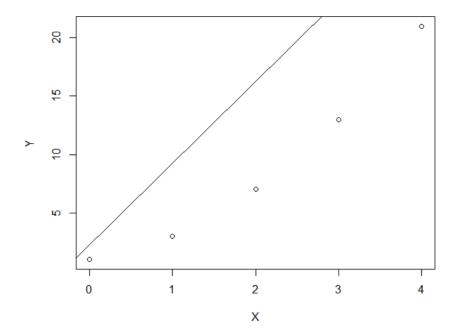
Final slope: -0.994

Final Intercept: 4.998

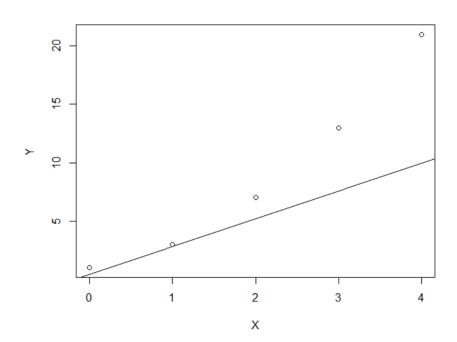
If you continue you will get to (-1, 5) but at this point the change in RSS (our cost) is negligible.

Visualizing the steps:

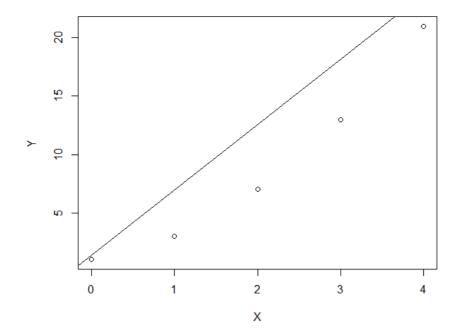
After the first step we have this line:



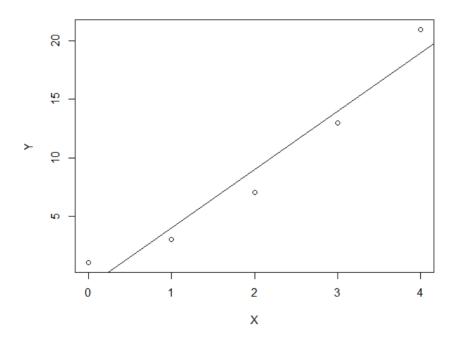
After the second step we have this line:



After the third step we have this line:



And after the final step we have this line:



✓ Complete

