- (1) what is Javascript?
- - > JavaScript is a Client side Scripting lang just like other prog (c,c++) but js not able to connect with the DB directly.
- - > JavaScript is used for making our web pages dynamic from client side.
- - > With the help of JavaScript we can do some dynamic op like / * - +
- - > Without refreshing or reloading our page will get and put some data from the server (ajax/fetch).
- (2) What is the use of isNaN function?
- --> Nan means Not-a-number.
- --> when the value is NaN than isNaN is return the true and when the value is not NaN than isNaN is return the false.
- (3) What is negative Infinity?
- - > which is less than any real number. The symbol "- ∞ " is used to denote negative infinity.

- - > negative infinity is a special numeric value that is returned when an arithmetic operation or mathematical function generates a negative value greater than the largest representable number in JavaScript.
- (4) Which company developed JavaScript?
- --> JavaScript was created at Netscape Communications by Brendan Eich in 1995.
- (5) What are undeclared and undefined variables?
- => Undeclared variables are those that have not been declared or defined in the current scope, while undefined variables are those that have been declared but not given a value.
- (6) Write the code for adding new elements dynamically?

```
<title>Document</title>
</head>
<body>
   <h2>new element dynamically</h2>
   <div id="newelement">
       <!-- <p> -->
   </div>
   <button onclick="createNewelement()">Create element</button>
<Script>
   function createNewelement() {
       var newpragraph = document.createElement('p');
       newpragraph.textContent = "this is dynamically";
       var newelement = document.getElementById('newelement');
       newelement.appendChild(newpragraph);
</Script>
</body>
</html>
```

(7) What is the difference between ViewState and SessionState?

- (8) What is === operator?
- --> The strict equality (===) operator checks whether its two operands are equal, returning a Boolean result.

```
let a = 5;
let b = "5";
console.log("a === b", a === b); //false
```

- (9) How can the style/class of an element be changed?
- --> To change all classes for an element:

document. getElementById("MyElement"). className =
"MyClass";

- (10) How to read and write a file using JavaScript?
- - >
- (11) What are all the looping structures in JavaScript?
- --> type of loop
- * for Statement
- * while Statement
- * do while Statement
- * for....in Statement
- * for....of Statement

(1) for Statement

- - >

```
for (let count = 1; count <= 10; count++){
  console.log("i am vihar");
  };
  // console.log("loop has ended");</pre>
```

(2) while Statement

- - >

```
let i = 1;
  while ( i <= 5) {
    console.log("i am vihar");
    i++;
}</pre>
```

(3) do while Statement

- - >

```
let i = 1;
    do {
       console.log("i am vihar");
       i++;
    } while(i < 10);</pre>
```

(4) for....in Statement

```
let student {
   name: "vihar",
   age: 18,
   cgpl: 5.1,
   ispass: true,
};
for (let key in student) {
   console.log("key =",key, "value = ",Student[key]);
}
```

(5) for....of Statement

- - >

```
let str = "i am vihar";
for(let i of str) {
  console.log("i = ",i);
}
```

(12) How can you convert the string of any base to an integer in JavaScript?

- - >

```
let str = "vihar";
console.log(typeof str);
str = Number.parseInt(str);
console.log(typeof str);
```

(13) What is the function of the delete operator?

- - > The delete operator removes a property from an object.

```
let emp = {
     FirstName: "vihar",
     lastName: "barvaliya",
};
     console.log(emp.FirstName);
     delete emp.FirstName;
     console.log(emp.FirstName);
```

- (14) What are all the types of Pop up boxes available in JavaScript?
- --> JavaScript has three kind of popup boxes: Alert box, Confirm box, and Prompt box.
- (15) What is the use of Void (0)?
- --> JavaScript void 0 means returning undefined (void) as a primitive value.
- (16) How can a page be forced to load another page in JavaScript?

- --> Approach: We can use window. location property inside the script tag to forcefully load another page in Javascript.
- (17) What are the disadvantages of using innerHTML in JavaScript?
- --> It is very slow because as inner HTML already parses the content even we have to parse the content again so that's why it takes time.
- (18) Create password field with show hide functionalities.

(19) Create basic math operation in JS.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Document</title>
    <style>
        *{
            margin: 0;
            padding: 0;
            box-sizing: border-box;
        div{
            padding: 10px 0 0 0;
            text-align: center;
        div input[type=number]{
            margin: 8px 0;
            padding: 8px;
           width: 30%;
            font-size: 16px;
```

```
div input[type=number]:read-only {
            border: 1px solid #000;
            background-color: #666;
           color: #fff;
           text-align: center;
           font-size: 22px;
           font-weight: bold;
       div button {
           margin: 0 4px;
           padding: 6px 0;
           width: 62px;
           border: 1px solid #999;
           background-color: #f7f7f7;
           font-size: 16px;
           font-weight: bold;
           cursor: pointer;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
   <div>
       <h2>simple Arithmetic Calculator</h2> <hr>
       <input type="number" placeholder="Enter Any Number" id="num1">
        <input type="number" placeholder="Enter Any Number" id="num2">
        <br>
       <button id="add">+</button>
       <button id="sub">-</button>
       <button id="mul">*</button>
       <button id="div">/</button><br>
       <input type="number" readonly id="result" placeholder="=">
   </div>
   <script>
       var n1 = document.getElementById("num1");
       var n2 = document.getElementById("num2");
       var res = document.getElementById("result");
       document.getElementById("add").addEventListener("click", function() {
            res.value = parseInt(n1.value)+parseInt(n2.value);
       });
       document.getElementById("sub").addEventListener("click", function() {
```

```
res.value = parseInt(n1.value)-parseInt(n2.value);
});

document.getElementById("mul").addEventListener("click", function() {
    res.value = parseInt(n1.value)*parseInt(n2.value);
});

document.getElementById("div").addEventListener("click", function() {
    res.value = parseInt(n1.value)/parseInt(n2.value);
});

</script>
</body>
</html>
```

(20) Create student result

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```
</style>
</head>
<body>
   <div class="containar">
       <div>
           <div class="book1 border">
               <label for="Computer">Computer :</label>
               <input type="number" id="bookOne" name="" placeholder="enter</pre>
marks">
           </div>
           <div class="book2 border">
               <label for="English">English :</label>
               <input type="number" id="booktwo" name="" placeholder="enter</pre>
marks">
           </div>
            <div class="book3 border">
               <label for="python">python :</label>
               <input type="number" id="bookthree" name="" placeholder="enter</pre>
marks">
           </div>
            <div class="book4 border">
                <label for="java">java :</label>
               <input type="number" id="bookfour" name="" placeholder="enter</pre>
marks">
           </div>
           <div class="book5 border">
               <label for="php">php :</label>
               <input type="number" id="bookfive" name="" placeholder="enter</pre>
marks">
           </div>
           <div>
               <button onclick="calculate()">calculate</button>
           </div>
       </div>
        <div>
           Total Marks:
                   500
```

```
<br>
                Obtained Marks:
                <br>
                Percentege:
                <br>
             Grade:
                <br>
             Remarks:
                </div>
   </div>
   <script>
      function calculate() {
         let a = parseInt(document.getElementById('bookOne').value);
         let b = parseInt(document.getElementById('booktwo').value);
         let c = parseInt(document.getElementById('bookthree').value);
         let d = parseInt(document.getElementById('bookfour').value);
         let e = parseInt(document.getElementById('bookfive').value);
          if (a > 100 || b > 100 || c > 100 || d > 100 || e > 100) {
             alert("Please enter correct value");
          else {
             let obtain = a + b + c + d + e;
             document.getElementById("obtain").innerHTML = obtain;
             let per = obtain / 500 * 100;
             document.getElementById("per").innerHTML = per;
             if (a > 40 \&\& b > 40 \&\& c > 40 \&\& d > 40 \&\& e > 40) {
                document.getElementById("remarks").innerHTML = "<span</pre>
style='color:blue'>Pass</span>";
```

```
else {
                    document.getElementById("remarks").innerHTML = "<span</pre>
style='color:red'>Fail</span>";
                if (per >= 80) {
                    document.getElementById("Grade").innerHTML = "A";
                else if (per >= 70) {
                    document.getElementById("Grade").innerHTML = "B";
                else if (per >= 60) {
                    document.getElementById("Grade").innerHTML = "C";
                else if (per >= 50) {
                    document.getElementById("Grade").innerHTML = "d";
                else if (per >= 40) {
                    document.getElementById("Grade").innerHTML = "E";
                else {
                    document.getElementById("Grade").innerHTML = "F";
            }
    </script>
</body>
</html>
```

(21) Create a slider using JavaScript?

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```
margin: 0;
    padding: 0;
    box-sizing: border-box;
.containar {
    height: 500px;
    width: 1000px;
    box-shadow: 0px 0px 10px gray;
    display: flex;
    background-color: black;
    align-items: center;
   overflow: hidden;
   margin: auto;
.box {
    border: solid black;
    padding: 100px;
   text-align: center;
.cl-red {
    background-color: red;
.cl-blue {
    background-color: blue;
.cl-green {
    background-color: green;
.cl-yellow {
    background-color: yellow;
.cl-darkgray {
    background-color: darkgray;
.slider {
    justify-content: space-between;
```

```
margin: 0 auto;
            display: flex;
        .btn {
            text-align: center;
       button {
            padding: 10px 30px;
   </style>
</head>
<body>
            <!-- <h1>Simple Javascript Slider</h1> -->
   <div class="containar">
       <div class="slider">
           <div class="box cl-red"></div>
            <div class="box cl-blue"></div>
           <div class="box cl-green"></div>
            <div class="box cl-yellow"></div>
            <div class="box cl-darkgray"></div>
       </div>
   </div>
   <div class="btn">
        <button onclick="goprev()">prev</button>
        <button onclick="gonext()">next</button>
   </div>
   <script>
        const slide = document.querySelectorAll('.box')
       let count = 0
        slide.forEach(
            (box, index) => {
                box.style.left = `${index * 100}%`
       const slidebox = () => {
```