DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS FINAL PROJECT REPORT

HALİME BEYZA YILMAZ-05170000050 ATIQURAHMAN MAYAR-05130001350 EMRE DURSUN-05160000303 KAAN GÖKTÜRK-05160000253

CONTENTS

1)Tables	2
2)DATABASE IMPLEMENTATION PROCESS	8
2.1)AFTER CREATING THE AIRLINE DATABASE, WE START CREATING TABLES	8
2.2)INSERTING VALUES INTO THE TABLES	10
2.3)After defining DDL statements now we start populating our database	
3) 5 meaningful triggers with its descriptions	17
4) CHECK constraints with its descriptions	19
5) SQL Statements	19
5.1) insert, delete, and update statements for 5 tables	19
5.2) 10 SELECT STATEMENTS	20
5.2.a) Using 2 Tables	20
5.2.b) Using 3 Tables	21
5.2.c) Using 4 Tables	23
5.3) SELECT statements to exemplify nested and/or correlated nested querie	.s25
5.4) SELECT statements to exemplify EXISTS and NOT EXISTS statements	27
5.5) LEFT, RIGHT and FULL OUTER JOIN statements	28
5.6)REASONABLE Views	30
6) PART – III APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT	32
6.1) Propose a customer segmentation	32
6.2) Develop a customer segmentation	33
6.2.a) Source Code	33
6.2.b)Screenshot	35
7)Min-Max Notation	36

PROCEDURES BEFORE IMPLEMENTING OUR DATABASE MODEL:

INSERTING VALUES TO THE TABLES:

Just to get it right, we have assigned values close to the real world as much as possible. We have written all our data according to the demands in part 5 of final project.

1)Tables

COMPANY:

Company table is consisting of two type of companies. Air and Ba are the companies for

 Company id
 Company Name

 air
 Airbus Se

 ba
 The beoeing company

 tk
 Turkish airlines a.s

 pgs
 Pegasus a.s

 emr
 The emirates group

 baw
 International airlines group

AIRPLANES while TK, PGS, EMR and BAW are companies for our AIRLINE.

AIRPORT:

Our airport table is consisting of 7 airports defined by their codes, names, cities and states.

Airport code	Name	City	State
adb	Izmir adnan meneres	Izmir	ege
Esb	esenboga	ankara	Ic anadolu
ist	Istanbul airport	istanbul	marmara
Saw	Istanbul airport	istanbul	marmara
jfk	John f kennedy	newyork	newyork
lhr	Heathrow	london	North england
dxb	Dubai airport	Dubai	Middle east

FLIGHT:

We have 8 flights. Flights are defined as flight number along with its weekdays and the Airlines that belongs to it.

Flight number	Weekdays	Airline
Tk2313	monday	Turkish airlines
Tk3	tuesday	Turkish airlines
Ba0113	tuesday	British airways
Ek121	friday	emirates
Pc3168	wednesday	pegasus
Ba0104	thursday	British airways
Ek202	Wednesday	emirates
Tk2163	friday	Turkish airlines

FLIGHT_LEG:

Our 8 flights make a total of 12 legs. We defined 3 types of flight legs in our table:

1- flights with 0 leg numbers. These flights are direct flights.

as example: TK2313, TK3, EK121, PC3168 and BA0104 are direct flights.

2- flights with 2 leg numbers. These flights are connecting flights making more than one flight.

as example: TK2163 and BA0113

3- flights with 3 leg numbers. These flights are connecting flights making more than 2 flights. EK202 is the only flight in our table having 3 connecting flights.

Flight number	Leg num	Dp_airport_code	Sch_departure_t	Scheduled_arrival_time	Arr_airport_code
Tk2163	1	esb	10:05	10:55	adb
Tk2163	2	adb	11:45	12:35	ist
Tk2313	0	ist	06:45	07:40	esb
Tk3	0	ist	07:15	10:20	dxb
Ba0113	1	lhr	08:20	12:20	ist
Ba0113	2	ist	14:10	00:00	jfk
Ek121	0	jfk	15:00	23:55	dxb
Pc3168	0	saw	09:00	09:50	esb
Ek202	1	dxb	06:45	09:40	esb
Ek202	2	esb	11:45	16:30	lhr
Ek202	3	lhr	21:00	03:10	jfk
Ba0104	0	saw	16:20	22:15	lhr

LEG_INSTANCE:

In leg instance the number of flights we defined are the same as flight_leg table. The only additions are airplane ids and the Date, where it holds the information about the accurate time of flight numbers along with the number of available seats.

flights number's departed and arrival airport can be changed due to many circumstances. For instance, BA0104 scheduled arrival airport code was lhr of London, but it lands to ESB of Ankara.

Also, Flight number's actual departure time and arrival time might be very different from their scheduled one. for instance:

the second leg of flight number TK2163 departure time changes due to the late arrival in the first leg.

BA0113, TK3, PC3168 and BA0104 departure and arrival times are also different from the scheduled one.

Flight number	Leg number	<u>Date</u>	Num_avail_seats	Airplane_id	Dep_airport_code	Dep_time	Arr_airport_code	Arr_time
Tk2163	1	01.01.2021	10	Jx-1232	esb	10:05	adb	11:20
Tk2163	2	01.01.2021	10	Un-3102	adb	12:30	ist	13:25
Ba0113	1	03.01.2021	220	Fk-221	lhr	08:20	ist	12:20
Ba0113	2	03.01.2021	220	Bre-3112	ist	14:45	jfk	01:00
Ek202	1	03.01.2021	15	Tk-0007	dxb	06:45	esb	09:40
Ek202	2	03.01.2021	15	Hy-9841	esb	11:45	lhr	16:30
Ek202	3	03.01.2021	15	Kgx-8704	lhr	21:00	jfk	03:10
Tk2313	0	05.01.2021	50	Jx-1232	ist	06:45	esb	07:50
Tk3	0	06.01.2021	48	Pl-9630	ist	07:30	dxb	10:45
Ek121	0	02.01.2021	80	Ol-7410	jfk	15:00	dxb	23:55
Pc3168	0	07.01.2021	115	Yn-023	saw	09:45	esb	10:40
Ba0104	0	10.01.2021	150	Lbj-0023	saw	16:20	esb	17:20

FARE:

Every flight number has its own amount the restrictions and its fare code. in fare code for example, letters such as "L, M, N, Q, T, V, and X" usually refer to discounted economy class tickets.

Y is a full fare economy ticket, J and C refer to full fare business class tickets, and F refers to full fare first class tickets.

Restriction: we have 3 type of restrictions based on the amount of ticket price. economy class, business class and first class.

Flight_number	Fare_code	Amount	Restriction
Tk2313	L	450	economy class
Tk3	M	3.200	economy class
Ba0113	N	2.200	economy class
Ek121	Q	2.100	economy class
Pc3168	Т	170	economy class
Ba0104	V	1.750	economy class
Ek202	J	3.200	business class
Tk2163	F	1.400	first class

AIRPLANE:

We have 11 airplanes either from BA type or AIR type. We also declared its model type and their total number of seats.

Airplane_id	Total_number_of_seats	AirPl_type	Company_id
Jx-1232	170	A320	air
Un-3102	170	A320	ba
Fk-221	350	B777	ba
Bre-3112	510	A380	air
Tk-0007	170	A320	air
Hy-9841	200	B737	ba
Kgx-8704	360	B777	ba
Pl-9630	350	B777	ba
Ol-7410	350	B747	ba
Yn-023	120	A220	air
Lbj-0023	350	B747	ba

AIRPLANE TYPE:

There is different type of airplanes with different capacities.

Airplane type name	Max_seats
A220	133
A320	186
A380	525
A330	277
B737	215
B747	366
B777	368
B787	300

CAN LAND:

Different airplane types can land to different airports. The data we define in can land table are accordingly to the flight leg and flight leg instance.

as example: the Izmir ADB airport is a possible destination for flights carried out by A220, A320 airplanes types. But however, A380 can not land into ADB airport. It can only land in IST airport of Istanbul, Dubai's DXB airport and New York's JFK airport.

Airplane_ty	Airport_c	
<u>pe name</u>	<u>ode</u>	
A220	ADB	
A320	ADB	
A220	ESB	
B737	ESB	
A320	ESB	
A320	IST	
A380	IST	
B777	IST	
B747	SAW	
A330	SAW	
A220	SAW	
B737	DXB	
A380	DXB	
A320	DXB	
B777	DXB	
B747	DXB	
B777	LHR	
B747	LHR	
B737	LHR	
A380	JFK	
B787	JFK	
B747	JFK	

SEAT RESERVATION:

For every flight leg, every passenger has its seat numbers. Passengers were defined by their passport number.

seat number A01 is reserved by the first-class passenger seat number A05 is reserved by the business class passengers the other seats are reserved by economy class passengers.

Flight number	Leg number	<u>Date</u>	Seat number	Passport_no
Tk2163	1	01.01.2021	A01	S0001325
Tk2163	2	01.01.2021	A01	S0001325
Ba0113	1	03.01.2021	F23	FA000135
Ba0113	2	03.01.2021	C17	FA000135
Ek202	1	03.01.2021	A05	K8745513
Ek202	2	03.01.2021	F07	K8745513
Ek202	3	03.01.2021	A06	K8745513
Tk2313	N	05.01.2021	B15	R123456
Tk3	N	06.01.2021	F27	P031245
Ek121	N	02.01.2021	J22	S0147852
Pc3168	N	07.01.2021	D12	V025874
Ba0104	N	10.01.2021	D22	B020018

FFC:

every customer is a flyer, some fly frequently some fly for the first time. We described our frequent flyer customer by their total mileage rewarded for their flights, passport numbers and their FFC_id.

Total_milage	Passport#	<u>Ffc id</u>
650	R123456	<u>01214500</u>
2.580	P031245	<u>QW48511</u>
2.700	S0147852 <u>LP784330</u>	
600	V025874	<u>01217800</u>
850	B020018	<u>BX147952</u>
1.780	FA000135	<u>UY320014</u>
5.000	K8745513	<u>OI4514500</u>
1.100	S0001325	<u>QW478811</u>

CUSTOMER:

We have 8 customers from different nationalities with their personal information.

Costumer_name	Passport#	Country	Customer_phone	Address	Email
James angelinton	R123456	USA	01222333555444	59 street, No 10 ,D 5 ,Beverly hills , los Angeles	Jj13@gmail.com
Mehmet yildiz	P031245	turkey	00905553332222	4023 street ,NO 5, erzene , Bornova , Izmir	M35@gmail.com
Ahmad elmasri	S0147852	Egypt	00210006665551	894 street NO: 3 Cairo	Buffer43@yahoo.com
Wui chan	V025874	china	00310005556661	321 street no 17 Wuhan	Xindex32@hotmail.com
Miguel Sanchez	B020018	spain	00458884441110	0123 street no:3 Madrid	Yhet@gmail.com
Aleksie petrov	FA000135	russia	00721000033355	0155 street no:4 St. Petersburg	Geresho@mail.ru
Elif akarsu	K8745513	turkey	00905539540817	12 street no: 9 mithatpasa , istanbul	Elifakarsu@gmail.com
Jammy motinge	S0001325	somali	00876662225544	45 street no:9 mogadishu	motinge@hotmail.com

AIRLINE:

There are 4 airline companies in our database. Turkish airlines as TK, British Airways as BAW, Fly Emirates as EMR and Pegasus as PGS.

Airline id	Company_id
Turkish airlines	Turkish airlines a.s
British airways	International airlines group
emirates	The emirates group
pegasus	Pegasus a.s

SINGLE_FFC:

this table hold the information of every passenger's flight records detailly.

in this table, for every flight leg of customer its mileage per leg, fare code and its frequent flyer program ID has been defined.

the mileage holds the reward mileage for every customer which than will be added to FFC.Total_mileage.

every information about flight legs are uniquely classified by single_FFC_ID. This will help us for reaching customers record about its flight and their rewards.

Mileage	Singleffc_no	Date	Leg_number	Passport_no	Ffc_id	Flight_no	Fare_code
600	1	01.01.2021	1	S0001325	QW478811	Tk2163	F
500	<u>2</u>	01.01.2021	2	S0001325	QW478811	Tk2163	F
850	<u>3</u>	03.01.2021	1	FA000135	UY320014	Ba0113	N
930	<u>4</u>	03.01.2021	2	FA000135	UY320014	Ba0113	N
1.700	<u>5</u>	03.01.2021	1	K8745513	OI4514500	Ek202	J
1.500	<u>6</u>	03.01.2021	2	K8745513	OI4514500	Ek202	J
1.800	<u>7</u>	03.01.2021	3	K8745513	OI4514500	Ek202	J
650	<u>8</u>	05.01.2021	N	R123456	OI214500	Tk2313	L
2.580	9	06.01.2021	N	P031245	QW48511	Tk3	M
2.700	<u>10</u>	02.01.2021	N	S0147852	LP784330	Ek121	Q
600	<u>11</u>	07.01.2021	N	V025874	OI217800	Pc3168	T
850	<u>12</u>	10.01.2021	N	B020018	BX147952	Ba0104	V

2) DATABASE IMPLEMENTATION PROCESS

PART1 - (DDL statements) for creating the database and its relational model. We use MYSQL database service for implementing our database model.

```
firstly, we create our database;
create database AIRLINE;
use AIRLINE;
```

2.1) AFTER CREATING THE AIRLINE DATABASE, WE START CREATING TABLES.

```
CREATE TABLE COMPANY (
    Company_id CHAR(3) NOT NULL,
    Company name CHAR (30),
    PRIMARY KEY (Company_id)
CREATE TABLE AIRPORT (
    Airport code CHAR(3) NOT NULL,
    Name CHAR(20),
    City CHAR (10),
    State CHAR (15),
    PRIMARY KEY (Airport code)
CREATE TABLE AIRLINE (
    Airline name CHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    Company_id CHAR(3),
PRIMARY KEY (Airline_id),
    FOREIGN KEY (Company id)
        REFERENCES COMPANY (Company id)
        ON DELETE SET NULL ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE FLIGHT (
Flight_number CHAR(10) NOT NULL,
Airline_name CHAR(20),
Weekdays CHAR (15),
PRIMARY KEY(Flight number),
FOREIGN KEY (Airline_name) REFERENCES AIRLINE (Airline_name)
                                                                ON DELETE SET NULL
  ON UPDATE CASCADE; ; ;
CREATE TABLE FLIGHT LEG (
    Flight_number CHAR(10) NOT NULL,
    Leg number TINYINT NOT NULL,
    Departure airport code CHAR(3),
    Scheduled departure_time TIME,
    Arrival_airport_code CHAR(3),
    Scheduled arrival time TIME,
    PRIMARY KEY (Flight_number , Leg_number),
    FOREIGN KEY (Flight_number)
        REFERENCES FLIGHT (Flight_number)
        ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (Departure airport code)
        REFERENCES AIRPORT (Airport code)
        ON DELETE SET NULL ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (Arrival airport code)
        REFERENCES AIRPORT (Airport code)
        ON DELETE SET NULL ON UPDATE CASCADE
):
CREATE TABLE LEG INSTANCE (
    Flight number CHAR (8) NOT NULL,
    Leg number TINYINT NOT NULL,
    Dates DATE NOT NULL,
    Airplane_id CHAR(8),
    Number of available seats SMALLINT,
    Departure airport code CHAR(3),
    Departure_time TIME,
```

```
Arrival airport code CHAR(3),
    Arrival_time TIME,
    PRIMARY KEY (Flight number , Leg number , Date),
    FOREIGN KEY (Flight_number , Leg_number)
        REFERENCES FLIGHT LEG (Flight number , Leg number)
        ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (Airplane id)
        REFERENCES AIRPLANE (Airplane id)
        ON DELETE RESTRICT ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (Departure_airport_code)
REFERENCES AIRPORT (Airport_code)
        ON DELETE SET NULL ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (Arrival airport code)
        REFERENCES AIRPORT (Airport code)
        ON DELETE SET NULL ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE FARE (
    Flight_number CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
    Fare code CHAR NOT NULL,
    Restrictions CHAR (15),
    Amount DOUBLE,
    PRIMARY KEY (Flight_number , Fare_code),
    FOREIGN KEY (Flight number)
        REFERENCES FLIGHT (Flight number)
        ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE AIRPLANE TYPE (
    Airplane type name CHAR(5) NOT NULL,
    Max seats SMALLINT,
    PRIMARY KEY (Airplane_type_name)
CREATE TABLE CAN LAND (
    Airplane type name CHAR(5) NOT NULL,
    Airport code CHAR(3) NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (Airplane_type_name , Airport_code),
    FOREIGN KEY (Airplane_type_name)
        REFERENCES AIRPLANE_TYPE (Airplane_type_name)
        ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (Airport code)
        REFERENCES AIRPORT (Airport code)
        ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
CREATE TABLE AIRPLANE (
Airplane id CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
Airplane type CHAR (5) NOT NULL,
Company id CAHR(3),
Total number of seats SMALLINT,
PRIMARY KEY(Airplane_id),
FOREIGN KEY (Airplane type) REFERENCES AIRPLANE TYPE (Airplane type name) ON DELETE CASCADE
  ON UPDATE CASCADE,
FOREIGN KEY (Company id) REFERENCES COMPANY (Company id) ON DELETE SET NULL
  ON UPDATE CASCADE);
CREATE TABLE SEAT RESERVATION (
    Flight number CHAR (10) NOT NULL,
    Leg number TINYINT NOT NULL,
    Date DATE NOT NULL,
    Seat_number CHAR(4) NOT NULL,
    Passport no CHAR(10),
    PRIMARY KEY (Flight_number , Leg_number , Date , Seat_number) ,
    FOREIGN KEY (Flight_number , Leg_number , Date)
REFERENCES LEG_INSTANCE (Flight_number , Leg_number , Date)
        ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (Passport no)
        REFERENCES CUSTOMER (Passport no)
        ON DELETE SET NULL ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
```

```
Passport no CHAR (15) NOT NULL,
    Address CHAR (50),
    Country CHAR (25),
    Email CHAR(40),
    Customer name CHAR (25),
    Customer_phone BIGINT,
PRIMARY KEY (Passport_number)
):
CREATE TABLE FFC (
Passport no CHAR (10),
Ffc id CHAR(10),
Total_mileage SMALLINT DEFAULT 0,
PRIMARY KEY(Passport no, Ffc id)
FOREIGN KEY (Passport_no) REFERENCES CUSTOMER (Passport_no) ON DELETE CASCADE
  ON UPDATE CASCADE);
CREATE TABLE SINGLE FFC (
    Passport_no CHAR(10),
    Singleffc_no TINYINT NOT NULL,
    Mileage SMALLINT,
    Flight number CHAR(8),
    Leg number TINYINT,
    Dates DATE,
    Fare_code CHAR(1),
    Ffc id CHAR(10),
    Amount DOUBLE,
    PRIMARY KEY (Singleffc_no),
    FOREIGN KEY (Passport_no , Ffc_id)
        REFERENCES FFC (Passport no , Ffc id)
        ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (Flight_number , Leg_number , Date , Seat_number)
        REFERENCES SEAT RESERVATION (Flight number , Leg number , Date , Seat number)
        ON DELETE CASCADE ON UPDATE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (Flight_number , Fare_code)
        REFERENCES FARE (Flight_number , Fare_code)
        ON DELETE SET NULL ON UPDATE CASCADE
);
```

2.2) INSERTING VALUES INTO THE TABLES

```
INSERT INTO COMPANY VALUES
('air', 'Airbus Se'),
('ba', 'The beoeing company'),
('tk', 'Turkish airlines a.s'),
('pgs', 'Pegasus a.s'),
('emr', 'The emirates group'),
('baw', 'International airlines group');

INSERT INTO AIRLINE VALUES
('Turkish airlines', 'tk'),
('Brtish airways', 'baw'),
('Emirates', 'emr'),
('Pegasus', 'pgs');

INSERT INTO AIRPLANE TYPE VALUES
('A220', '133'),
('A320', '186'),
('A380', '525'),
('B737', '215'),
('B777', '368'),
('B777', '368'),
('B777', '368'),
('B787', '300');

INSERT INTO AIRPLANE VALUES
('Jx-1232', 'A320', 'air', '170'),
('Un-3102', 'A320', 'ba', '170'),
```

```
('Fk-221', 'B777', 'ba', '350'),

('Bre-3112', 'A380', 'air', '510'),

('Tk-00007', 'A320', 'air', '170'),

('Hy-9841', 'B737', 'ba', '200'),

('Kgx-8704', 'B777', 'ba', '360'),

('Pl-9630', 'B777', 'ba', '350'),

('01-7410', 'B747', 'ba', '350'),

('Yn-023', 'A220', 'air', '120'),

('Lbj-0023', 'B747', 'ba', '350');
INSERT INTO FLIGHT VALUES
       ('Tk2313', 'Turkish airlines', 'Monday'),
     ('Tk2313', 'Turkish airlines', 'Monday'),
('Tk3', 'Turkish airlines', 'Tuesday'),
('Ba0113', 'British airways', 'Tuesday'),
('Ek121', 'Emirates', 'Friday'),
('Pc3168', 'Pegasus', 'Wednesday'),
('Ba0104', 'British airways', 'Thursday'),
('Ek202', 'Emirates', 'Wednesday'),
('Tk2163', 'Turkish airlines', 'Friday');
INSERT INTO FARE VALUES
    INSERT INTO FARE VALUES
('Tk2313', 'L', 'Economy class', '450');
('Tk3', 'M', 'Economy class', '3200');
('Ba0113', 'N', 'Economy class', '2200');
('Ek121', 'Q', 'Economy class', '2100');
('Pc3168', 'T', 'Economy class', '170');
('Ba0104', 'V', 'Economy class', '1750');
('Ek202', 'J', 'Business class', '3200');
('Tk2163', 'F', 'First Class', '1400');
INSERT INTO AIRPORT VALUES
      ('Adb', 'İzmir Adnan Menderes', 'İzmir', 'Ege'),
('Esb', 'Esenboğa', 'Ankara', 'İç anadolu'),
('İst', 'İstanbul Airport', 'İstanbul', 'Marmara'),
('Saw', 'İstanbul Airport', 'İstanbul', 'Marmara'),
('Jfk', 'John F Kennedy', 'Newyork', 'Newyork'),
      ('Ihr', 'Heathrow', 'North', 'North england'),
('Dxb', 'Dubai Airport', 'Dubai', 'Middle east');
INSERT INTO FLIGHT LEG
    ('Tk2163', '1', 'Esb', '10:05', 'Adb', '10:45'), ('Tk2163', '2', 'Adb', '11:45', 'İst', '12:35'), ('Tk2313', '0', 'İst', '06:45', 'Esb', '07:40'), ('Tk3', '0', 'İst', '07:15', 'Dxb', '10:20'), ('Ba0113', '1', 'Ihr', '08:20', 'İst', '12:20'), ('Ba0113', '2', 'İst', '14:10', 'Jfk', '00:00'), ('Ek121', '0', 'Jfk', '15:00', 'Dxb', '23:55'), ('Pc3168', '0', 'Saw', '09:00', 'Esb', '09:50'), ('Ek202', '1', 'Dxb', '06:45', 'Esb', '09:40'), ('Ek202', '2', 'Esb', '11:45', 'Ihr', '16:30'), ('Ek202', '3', 'Ihr', '21:00', 'Jfk', '03:10'), ('Ba0104', '0', 'Saw', '16:20', 'Ihr', '22:15');
   INSERT INTO LEG INSTANCE VALUES

('Tk2163', '1', '2021.01.01', 'Jx-1232', 'Esb', '10:05', 'Adb', '11:20', '10'),
 ('Tk2163', '2', '2021.01.01', 'Un-3102', 'Adb', '12:30', 'İst', '13:25', '10'),
 ('Ba0113', '1', '2021.01.03', 'Fk-221', 'Ihr', '08:20', 'İst', '12:20', '220'),
 ('Ba0113', '2', '2021.01.03', 'Bre-3112', 'İst', '14:45', 'Jfk', '01:00', '220'),
 ('Ek202', '1', '2021.01.03', 'Tk-0007', 'Dxb', '06:45', 'Esb', '09:40', '15'),
 ('Ek202', '2', '2021.01.03', 'Hy-9841', 'Esb', '11:45', 'Ihr', '16:30', '15'),
 ('Ek202', '3', '2021.01.03', 'Kgx-8704', 'Ihr', '21:00', 'Jfk', '03:10', '15'),
 ('Tk2313', '0', '2021.01.05', 'Jx-1232', 'İst', '06:45', 'Esb', '07:50', '50'),
 ('Tk3', '0', '2021.01.06', 'Pl-9630', 'İst', '07:30', 'Dxb', '10:45', '48'),
 ('Ek121', '0', '2021.01.02', '01-7410', 'Jfk', '15:00', 'Dxb', '23:55', '80'),
 ('Pc3168', '0', '2021.01.07', 'yn-023', 'Saw', '09:45', 'Esb', '10:40', '115'),
 ('Ba0104', '0', '2021.01.10', 'Lbj-0023', 'Saw', '16:20', 'Esb', '17:20', '150');
INSERT INTO LEG INSTANCE VALUES
INSERT INTO CAND LAND
     ('A220', 'Adb'), ('A320', 'Adb'), ('A220', 'Esb'), ('B737', 'Esb'), ('A320', 'Esb'), ('A380', 'İst'), ('B777', 'İst'),
```

```
('B747', 'Saw'),
('A330', 'Saw'),
('A220', 'Saw'),
   ('B737', 'Dxb'),
  ('A380', 'Dxb'),

('A320', 'Dxb'),

('B777', 'Dxb'),

('B747', 'Dxb'),

('B747', 'Lhr'),

('B747', 'Lhr'),
   ('B737', 'Lhr'),
('A380', 'Jfk'),
('B787', 'Jfk'),
   ('B747', 'Jfk'),
('A320', 'İst');
INSERT INTO CUSTOMER VALUES
('R123456', '59 street, No 10 ,D 5 ,Beverly hills , los Angeles ', ' USA ', ' Jj13@gmail.com ', ' James angelinton ', '01222333555444'),
 ('P031245', '4023 street ,NO 5, erzene , Bornova , Izmir ', ' Turkey ', ' M35@gmail.com ', '
Mehmet yildiz ', '00905553332222'),
 ('S0147852', '894 street NO: 3 Cairo ', ' Egypt ', ' Buffer43@yahoo.com ', ' Ahmad elmasri ',
  00210006665551'),
 ('V025874', '321 street no 17 Wuhan ', ' China ', ' Xindex32@hotmail.com ', ' Wui chan ',
 '00310005556661'),
 ('B020018', '0123 street no:3 Madrid ', ' Spain ', ' Yhet@gmail.com ', ' Miguel Sanchez ',
  00458884441110'),
 ('FA000135', '0155 street no:4 St. Petersburg ', ' Russia ', ' Geresho@mail.ru ', ' Aleksie
petrov ', '00721000033355'),
('K8745513', '12 street no: 9 mithatpasa , istanbul ', ' Turkey ', ' Elifakarsu@gmail.com ', ' Elif akarsu ', '00905539540817'),
('S0001325', '45 street no: 9 mogadishu ', ' Somali ', ' motinge@hotmail.com ', ' Jammy motinge
  ', '00876662225544');
INSERT INTO SEAT RESERVATION VALUES
INSERT INTO SEAT_RESERVATION VALUES
('Tk2163', '1', '2021.01.01', 'A01', 'S0001325'),
('Tk2163', '2', '2021.01.01', 'A01', 'S0001325'),
('Ba0113', '1', '2021.01.03', 'F23', 'FA000135'),
('Ba0113', '2', '2021.01.03', 'C17', 'FA000135'),
('Ek202', '1', '2021.01.03', 'A05', 'K8745513'),
('Ek202', '2', '2021.01.03', 'F07', 'K8745513'),
('Ek202', '3', '2021.01.03', 'A06', 'K8745513'),
('Tk2313', '0', '2021.01.05', 'B15', 'R123456'),
('Tk3', '0', '2021.01.06', 'F27', 'P031245'),

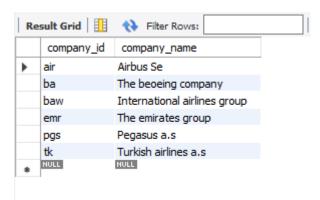
('Ek121', '0', '2021.01.02', 'J22', 'S0147852'),

('Pc3168', '0', '2021.01.07', 'D12', 'V025874'),

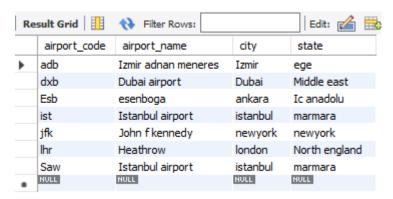
('Ba0104', '0', '2021.01.10', 'D22', 'B020018');
INSERT INTO FFC VALUES
INSERT INTO FFC VALUES
('R123456', ' OI214500', '650'),
('P031245', ' QW48511', '2.580'),
('S0147852', ' LP784330', '2.700'),
('V025874', ' OI217800', '600'),
('B020018', ' BX147952', '850'),
('FA000135', ' UY320014', '1.780'),
('K8745513', ' OI4514500', '5.000'),
('S0001325', ' QW478811', '1.100');
INSERT INTO SINGLE_FFC VALUES
(' S0001325', '1', '600', 'Tk2163', '1', '2021.01.01', 'F', 'QW478811', '1260'),
(' S0001325', '2', 500'', 'Tk2163', '2', ''2021.01.01', 'F', 'QW478811', '1260'),
(' FA000135', '3', '850', 'Ba0113', '1', ''2021.01.03', 'N', 'UY320014', '2200'),
(' FA000135', '4', '930', 'Ba0113', '2', ''2021.01.03', 'N', 'UY320014', '1260'),
(' K8745513', '5', '1.700', 'Ek202', '1', ''2021.01.03', 'N', 'UY320014', '1260'),
(' K8745513', '6', '1.500', 'Ek202', '2', ''2021.01.03', 'J', '014514500', '2560'),
(' K8745513', '7', '1.800', 'Ek202', '2', ''2021.01.03', 'J', '014514500', '2800'),
(' R123456', '8', '650', 'Tk2313', '0', ''2021.01.05', 'L', '01214500', '405'),
(' P031245', '9', '2.580', 'Tk3', '0', ''2021.01.06', 'M', 'QW48511', '3200'),
(' S0147852', '10', '2.700', 'Ek121', '0', ''2021.01.02', 'Q', 'LP784330', '2100'),
(' V025874', '11', '600', 'Pc3168', '0', ''2021.01.07', 'T', '01217800', '170'),
(' B020018', '12', '850', 'Ba0104', '0', ''2021.01.10', 'V', 'BX147952', '1750');
INSERT INTO SINGLE FFC VALUES
```

2.3) After defining DDL statements now we start populating our database:

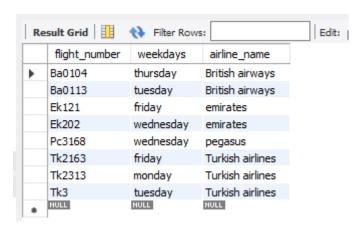




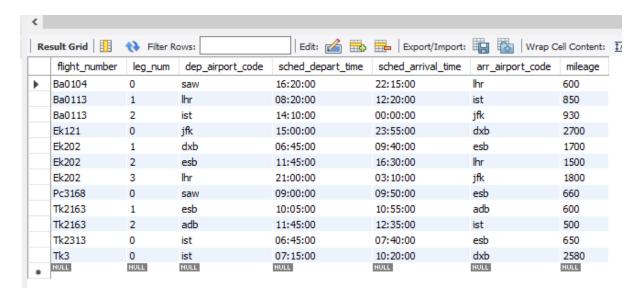
SELECT * from airport;



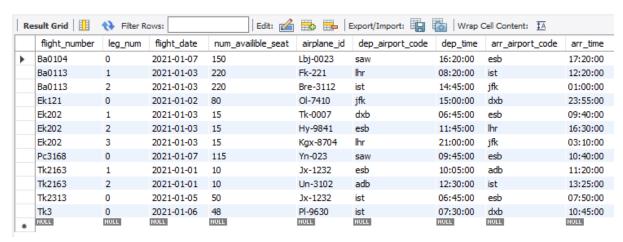
select * from flight;



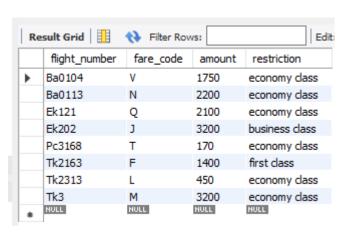
select * from flight leg;



select * from leg instance;



select * from fare;



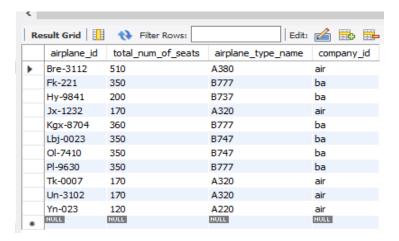
select * from airplane_type;

Result Grid					
	airplane_type_name	max_seats			
•	A220	133			
	A320	186			
	A330	277			
	A380	525			
	B737	215			
	B747	366			
	B777	368			
	B787	300			
	NULL	NULL			

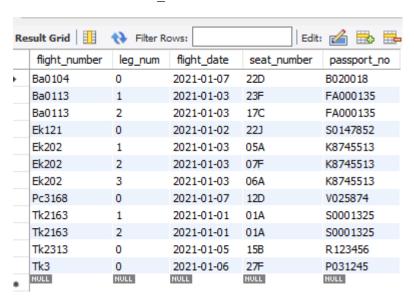
select * from can_land;

Result Grid					
Kesuit Grid	-liter Kows:				
airplane_type_name	airport_code				
A320	ADB				
A320	DXB				
A380	DXB				
B737	DXB				
B747	DXB				
B777	DXB				
A220	ESB				
A320	ESB				
B737	ESB				
A320	IST				
A380	IST				
B777	IST				
A380	JFK				
B747	JFK				
B787	JFK				
B737	LHR				
B747	LHR				
B777	LHR				
A220	SAW				
A330	SAW				
B747	SAW				
* NULL	NULL				

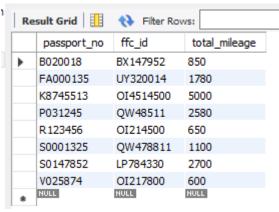
select * from airplane;



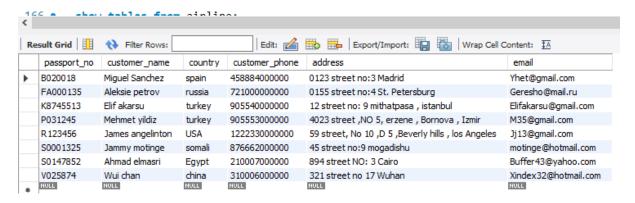
select * from seat reservation;



select * from ffc;



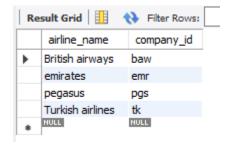
select * from customer;



select * from single_ffc;



select * from airline;



3) 5 meaningful triggers with its descriptions:

/* yeni bir müşteri kayıt olurken sadece gmail Hotmail ya da
yahoo mailleri ile kayıt olabilirler */

```
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` TRIGGER `customer_BEFORE_INSERT` BEFORE INSERT ON `customer`
FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
IF(NEW.Email LIKE '%@gmail%')
THEN SET NEW.Email=NEW.Email;
ELSEIF(NEW.Email LIKE '%@hotmail%')
THEN SET NEW.Email=NEW.Email;
ELSEIF(NEW.Email LIKE '%@yahoo%')THEN SET NEW.Email=NEW.Email;
ELSEIF(NEW.Email LIKE '%@yahoo%')THEN SET NEW.Email=NEW.Email;
ELSE
SET NEW.Email='-Wrong Mail-';
END IF;
END
```

/* Total Mileageleri hesaplayan trigger */

```
`single ffc` FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
UPDATE FFC SET Total mileage=Total mileage+NEW.Mileage
WHERE new.Passport no=FFC.Passport no ;
/*First classta yolculuk yapanların mileagelerine ekstra %10
mileage puanı, Business classta uçanlara ise ekstra %5 mileage
puanı ekleyen trigger ve kalan koltuk sayısı 20 den az ise
bilet fiyatına %10 indirim uygulama ve gece 12 ve sabah 7
arasındaki biletlet fiyatlarında %10 indirim olur */
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` TRIGGER `single ffc BEFORE INSERT` BEFORE INSERT ON
`single ffc` FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
SELECT Restrictions
FROM FARE
WHERE NEW.Flight number=FARE.Flight number AND NEW.Fare code=FARE.Fare code)='First class'
SET new.Mileage=new.Mileage*1.1;
ELSEIF (
SELECT Restrictions
FROM FARE
WHERE NEW.Flight number=FARE.Flight number AND NEW.Fare code=FARE.Fare code)='Business class'
THEN
SET new.Mileage=new.Mileage*1.05;
END IF;
IF(
SELECT L.Number_of_available_seats
FROM LEG INSTANCE AS L
WHERE L. Flight number=NEW. Flight number AND L. Leg number=NEW. Leg number AND
L.Dates=NEW.Dates) <= 20 THEN SET NEW.Amount=NEW.Amount *0.9;
END IF:
IF(
SELECT L.Departure airport code
FROM LEG INSTANCE AS L
WHERE L.Flight_number=NEW.Flight_number AND L.Leg_number=NEW.Leg number AND
L.Dates=NEW.Dates) <= 07.00 THEN SET NEW.Amount=NEW.Amount *0.9;
END IF:
END (Seat reservationa yeni bir bilgi girildiğinde kullanılabilecek koltuk sayısını 1 azaltır)
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@'localhost` TRIGGER `seat reservation AFTER INSERT` AFTER INSERT ON
`seat_reservation` FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
UPDATE LEG INSTANCE SET number of available seats=number of available seats-1
WHERE LEG INSTANCE.Flight number=New.Flight number AND LEG INSTANCE.Leg number=New.Leg number
AND
LEG INSTANCE.Dates=New.Dates;
END
/* bilet iptal edildiğinde total mileageden iptal edilen
biletin Mileage değeri düşer ve kullanılabilir koltuk sayısı
bir artar */
CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` TRIGGER `single ffc AFTER DELETE` AFTER DELETE ON
`single ffc` FOR EACH ROW BEGIN
UPDATE FFC SET FFC.Total mileage=FFC.Total mileage-Old.Mileage WHERE
FFC.Passport no=Old.Passport no;
UPDATE LEG INSTANCE SET number of available seats=number of available seats+1
WHERE LEG_INSTANCE.Flight_number=OLD.Flight_number AND LEG_INSTANCE.Leg_number=OLD.Leg_number
AND
LEG INSTANCE.Dates=OLD.Dates;
END
```

CREATE DEFINER=`root`@`localhost` TRIGGER `single ffc AFTER INSERT` AFTER INSERT ON

4) CHECK constraints with its descriptions:

Checks if the total number of seats are more than 0.

```
alter table airplane
add check (total_num_of_seats > 0);
```

checks if the mileage is more than 0.

```
ALTER TABLE single_ffc
ADD CHECK (mileage>0);
```

Checks if the fare amount is more than 0.

```
ALTER TABLE fare
ADD CHECK (amount>0);
```

Checks if the total mileage of frequent flyer customer is more than 0.

```
alter table ffc
add check ( total_mileage > 0);
```

checks if the maximum seats of airplanes are more than 0.

```
alter table airplane_type
add check ( max seats > 0) ;
```

5) SQL Statements

5.1) insert, delete, and update statements for 5 tables.

Inserts a new airplane type and its max seat into Airplane type table

```
INSERT into airplane_type
values ( 'A350', 180);
select * from airplane_type;
```

updates a new max seat into Airplane type A350

```
update airplane_type
set Max_seats=200
where airplane type name = 'A350';
```

deletes Airplane type A350 from Airplane type table

```
delete from airplane_type
where airplane_type_name ='A350';
```

Inserts a new customer and info related to it into customer.

```
INSERT into customer
values ( 'D13400034','yamato', 'Japan',78451239000,'13 st tokyo ','yamato@yahoo.com');
select * from customer;
```

updates customer name having passport no of 'D13400034' in customer table.

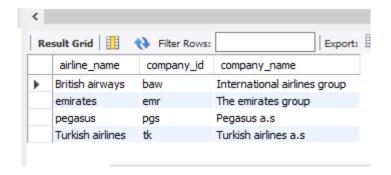
```
update customer
set customer name='Yoshida'
where passport no = 'D13400034';
deletes customer with passport no of 'D13400034'
delete from customer
where passport_no = 'D13400034';
deletes passport no 'V025874" from FFC table
DELETE FROM FFC WHERE Passport no='V025874';
Inserts new values into FFC table.
INSERT INTO FFC VALUES
('V025874', 'OI217800', '600');
Inserts new values into FFC table.
INSERT INTO SINGLE_FFC VALUES
('V025874', '11', 600', 'Pc3168', '0', '2021.01.07', 'T', '0I217800');
updates total mileage 1260 with 600 in FFC.
UPDATE FFC SET Total mileage=600 WHERE Total mileage=1260;
Insert new values into airport table.
insert into airport(airport_code,airport_name,city,state) values("ada","Adana
Havalimanı","adana","Akdeniz");
Deletes passport S0001325 from Seat reservation Table.
delete from seat_reservation where passport_no="S0001325";
update customer set customer_phone=905542600054 where passport_no="p031245";
```

5.2) 10 SELECT STATEMENTS

5.2.a) Using 2 Tables

Hava yolunun ait oldugu şirketin ismini ve bu havayolu ile ilgili isim ve şirket id sini döner.

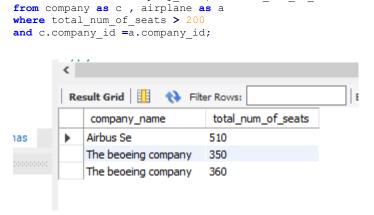
```
select airline.airline_name,airline.company_id,company.company_name
from airline.company
where airline.company_id=company.company_id;
```



Adı bilinen bir şirketin sahip olduğu uçakları listeler



Retrieve the name of companies with its seat that have airplanes with total number of seats more than 200

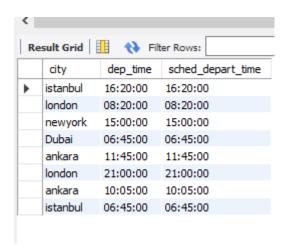


select distinct c.company_name, a.total_num_of_seats

5.2.b) Using 3 Tables

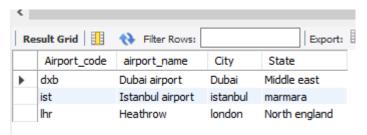
Retrieve all the cities where flight departed accordingly with schedualed departure time

```
select distinct city,1.dep_time, fli.sched_depart_time
from airport, flight_leg as fli, leg_instance as l
where l.dep_time = fli.sched_depart_time
and l.dep airport code = airport.airport code;
```



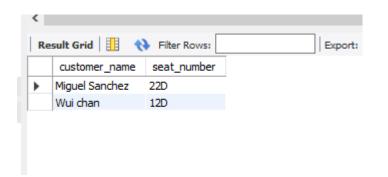
Bir uçağın hangi havalimanlarına gidebildiğini, bu havalimanlarının adları şehirleri ve bölgelerini alır

```
SELECT AI.Airport_code, AI.airport_name, AI.City, AI.State
FROM AIRPLANE AS A, CAN_LAND AS C, AIRPORT AS AI
WHERE A.Airplane_id='Fk-221' AND A.Airplane_type_name=C.Airplane_type_name AND
C.Airport code=AI.Airport code;
```



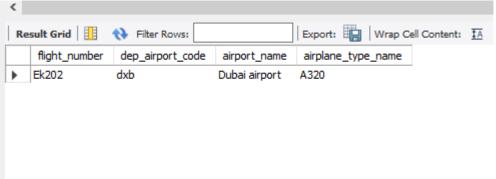
customer names and seat numbers who are flying from SAW airport

```
select C.customer_name, S.seat_number
from customer as c , seat_reservation as S , leg_instance as 1
where dep_airport_code = 'saw'
and l.flight_number = s.flight_number
and l.leg_num = s.leg_num
and l.flight_date = s.flight_date
and s.passport_no = c.passport_no;
```



airport_code'u dxb olan uçuş numarasını,uçağın tipini, airport_codunu ve havaalanının ismini verir.

select flight_leg.flight_number,flight_leg.dep_airport_code,airport.airport_name,can_land.airplane_ty pe name from flight_leg,airport,can_land where airport_airport_code=flight_leg.dep_airport_code and airport.airport code=can land.airport_code and flight_leg.dep_airport_code="dxb" group by flight_leg.flight_number;



Müşteri adları ve ffc_idlerine göre bir günde yaptıkları uçuş sayıları

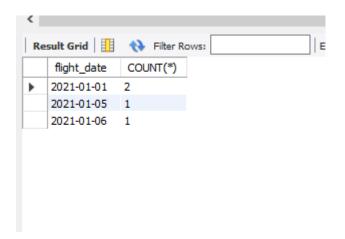
SELECT C.Customer_name,F.Ffc_id, S.Dates, COUNT(*) AS Total_flight FROM CUSTOMER AS C, SEAT_RESERVATION AS S, FFC AS F
WHERE C.Passport_no=F.Passport_no AND C.Passport_no=S.Passport_no
GROUP BY S.Dates



5.2.c) Using 4 Tables

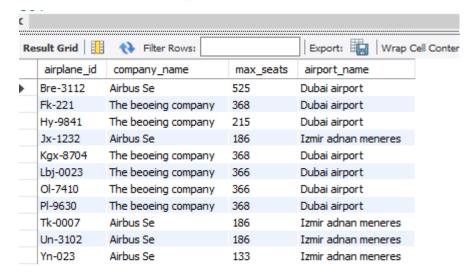
Bir şirketin uçaklarının, günlere göre kaç uçuş yaptığını listeler

```
SELECT flight_date, COUNT(*)
FROM COMPANY, AIRLINE, FLIGHT, LEG_INSTANCE
WHERE COMPANY.company_name='Turkish airlines a.s'
AND COMPANY.Company id=AIRLINE.Company id
AND AIRLINE.Airline_name=FLIGHT.Airline_name
AND FLIGHT.Flight_number=LEG_INSTANCE.Flight_number
GROUP BY flight date;
```



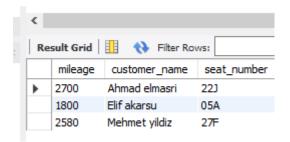
Herhangi bir uçağın id sini, yolcu kapasitesini, ait oldugu şirketin ismini ve inebileceği havalimanının ismini listeler.

```
select airplane.airplane id,company.company name,airplane_type.max_seats,airport.airport_name
from company.airplane,airplane_type,can_land,airport
where company.company_id=airplane.company_id and
airplane.airplane_type_name=airplane_type.airplane_type_name and
airplane_type.airplane_type_name=can_land.airplane_type_name and
can_land.airport_code=airport.airport_code
group by airplane.airplane id;
```



Retreive cosutmer names and its seat number who have earn more than 1000 mileage

```
select distinct s.mileage , c.customer_name, se.seat_number
FROM single_ffc as s , customer as c , seat_reservation as se , ffc
where s.mileage > 1000
and ffc.passport_no= c.passport_no
and s.passport_no = ffc.passport_no
and se.passport_no = c.passport_no
group by c.customer_name
;
```



5.3) SELECT statements to exemplify nested and/or correlated nested queries

nested query

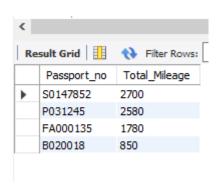
uçuş ayağı 0 ve kapasitesi 150 den az olan uçakların ismini, havaalanının şehrini ve kodunu listeler.

```
select airport.airport_name,airport.city,airport.airport_code
from airport
where airport.airport code in
(select leg_instance.dep_airport_code
from leg instance
where leg instance.leg num=0 and leg instance.airplane id in
(select airplane.airplane id
from airplane
where airplane.total_num_of_seats<150));</pre>
Result Grid
                Filter Rows:
     airport_name
                    city
                             airport_code
    Istanbul airport
                   istanbul
                            Saw
                   NULL
                            NULL
```

nested or correlated

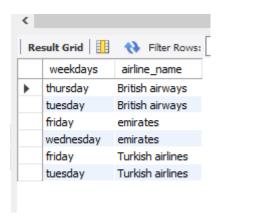
Fiyatı 1500 den yüksek ve Economy class olan uçuşların müşterilerin total mileagelerini yüksekten düşüğe sıralar

```
SELECT DISTINCT FFC.Passport_no, FFC.Total_Mileage
FROM SINGLE_FFC AS S, FFC
WHERE S.Passport_no=FFC.passport_no AND S.Flight_number IN (SELECT Flight_number
FROM FARE AS F
WHERE F.Restriction='Economy class' AND Amount>=1500)
ORDER BY Total mileage desc;
```



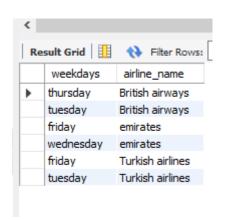
nested queries

bilet fiyati 700 dan fazla olan uçuşların hangi havayoluyla ve hangi günler uçuş yaptığını yazan sorgu.



nested queries

bilet fiyati 700 dan fazla olan uçuşların hangi havayoluyla ve hangi günler uçuş yaptığını yazan sorgu.



5.4) SELECT statements to exemplify EXISTS and NOT EXISTS statements

hem exists hem correlated birden fazla aktarma yapan uçuşların hangi firmaya ait olduğunu gösteren sorgu

/*leg number: 2 ve 2 den düşük ve uçuş numaras: Ek202 olmayan
uçuş numaralarının hava yolu adı */

Company_id

baw

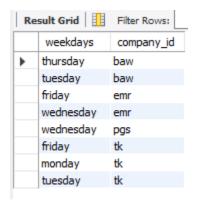
Uçuş numarası bilinen bir uçuşun şirket idsine ulaşmamızı sağlar

Uçuş numarası bilinen bir uçuşun dışındaki şirket idsine ulaşmamızı sağlar

5.5) SELECT statements to exemplify LEFT, RIGHT and FULL OUTER JOIN statements

Full outer join uçağın ait olduğu şirketin id sini listeler.

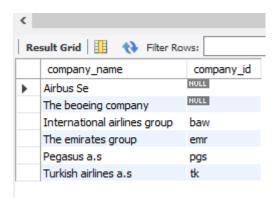
```
(select flight.weekdays,airline.company_id
from flight left outer join airline on flight.airline_name=airline.airline_name)
union
(select flight.weekdays,airline.company_id
from flight right outer join airline on flight.airline name=airline.airline name);
```



Left outer join

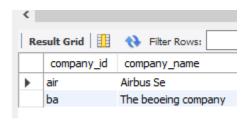
herhangi bir şirketin ismi ve sahip olduğu havayolunun şirket id si

```
select company.company name,airline.company_id
from company left outer join airline on company.company_id=airline.company_id;
```



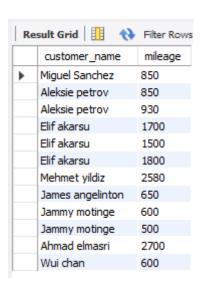
Right outer join herhangi bir şirketin ismi ve sahip olduğu uçağın şirket ismi

select distinct airplane.company_id,company.company_name
from company right outer join airplane on company.company id=airplane.company id;

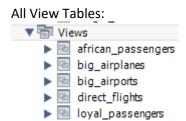


full outer join

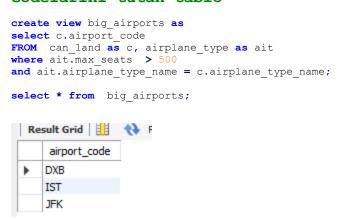
```
select customer.customer_name, single_ffc.mileage
from customer
left join single_ffc
on customer.passport_no = single_ffc.passport_no
union
select customer.customer_name, single_ffc.mileage
from customer
right join single_ffc
on customer.passport no = single ffc.passport no;
```



5.6) REASONABLE Views



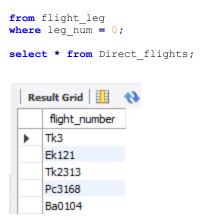
view - airports that big airplanes can land Max koltuk sayısı 500 den yüksek olan uçakların Airport codelarını tutan tablo



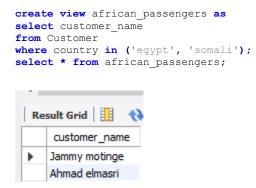
view - big airplanes can land Max koltuk sayısı 299 dan yüksek olan uçakların uçak tiplerini tutan tablo

view - big airplanes can land Tek seferde ulaşım sağlayan uçakların nunmarasını tutan tablo

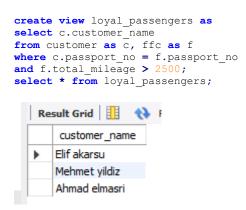
```
create view Direct_flights as
select flight_number
```



view - passengers from africa continent Afrikalı müşterilerin adını tutan tablo



view - passengers who got loyal degree with having mileage more than $2500\,$



6) PART – III APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

6.1) Propose a customer segmentation

we have used a segmentation model as below to classify our frequent flyer customers according to their Airlines and bonus Miles they received while flying.

Every Airline has their own policy and program regarding their customers. For every mileage points different companies have different policies.

For instance,

Turkish airlines use Miles & mile program for their customers.

- passenger with miles points more than 600 are classified as Classic.
- passenger with miles points more than 2500 are classified as Classic Plus.
- passenger with miles points more than 4000 are classified as Elite.
- passenger with miles points more than 10000 are classified as Elite Plus.

Pegasus has BOLBOL program.

- passenger with miles points more than 500 are classified as economy.
- passenger with miles points more than 3000 are classified as economy Plus.
- passenger with miles points more than 1500 are classified as business.
- passenger with miles points more than 5000 are classified as business Plus

EMIRATES has Skyward program.

- passenger with miles points more than 1000 are classified as bronze.
- passenger with miles points more than 2500 are classified as bronze Plus.
- passenger with miles points more than 3000 are classified as silver.
- passenger with miles points more than 4500 are classified as gold

British Airways has Executive club program.

- passenger with miles points more than 600 are classified as economy.
- passenger with miles points more than 2500 are classified as economy Plus.
- passenger with miles points more than 3000 are classified as business.
- passenger with miles points more than 5000 are classified as business plus.

CUSTOMER SEGMENTATION MODEL

Customer name	Airlines	program	Reward mileage	segment
James angelinton	Turkish airlines	Miles & miles	650	Classic
Mehmet yildiz	Turkish airlines	Miles & miles	2580	Classic Plus
Ahmad elmasri	emirates	Skyward	2700	Bronze Plus
Wui chan	pegasus	BOLBOL	600	economy
Miguel Sanchez	British airways	Executive club	850	Economy
Aleksie petrov	British airways	Executive club	1780	Economy
Elif akarsu	Emirates	Skyward	5000	Gold
Jammy motinge	Turkish airlines	Miles & miles	1100	Classic

6.2) Develop a customer segmentation

6.2.a) Source Code

App.py

```
from flask import Flask
app = Flask(__name__)
```

dp.py

```
from app import app
from flaskext.mysql import MySQL
mysql=MySQL()

app.config['MYSQL_DATABASE_USER'] = 'root'
app.config['MYSQL_DATABASE_PASSWORD'] = '12345'
app.config['MYSQL_DATABASE_DB'] = 'airline'
app.config['MYSQL_DATABASE_HOST'] = 'localhost'
mysql.init_app(app)
```

MySQL ile Python'I birleştirmek için flask kullanıldı.

Main.py

```
import pymysql
from app import app
from db import mysql
import pymysql
from flask import jsonify
from flask import flash, request
@app.route('/')
def page():
    return message
@app.route('/customer')
def customer():
    trv:
        conn = mysql.connect()
        cursor = conn.cursor(pymysql.cursors.DictCursor)
        cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM CUSTOMER")
        rows = cursor.fetchall()
        resp = jsonify(rows)
        resp.status code = 200
```

```
return resp
   except Exception as e:
      print(e)
   finally:
      cursor.close()
      conn.close()
@app.errorhandler(404)
def not_found(error=None):
   message = {
      'status': 404,
      'message': 'Not Found: ' + request.url,
   resp = jsonify(message)
   resp.status_code = 404
   return resp
conn = mysql.connect()
cursor = conn.cursor()
cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM CUSTOMER")
rows = cursor.fetchall()
p=[]
msg=""
for j in rows:
   msg+=""+str(j[0])+""+str(j[1])+""+str(j[2])+"
sql="SELECT Total_mileage FROM FFC WHERE Passport_no = %s"
   cursor.execute(sql,j[0])
   level=cursor.fetchone()
   if(int(level[0])>=5000):
      l="Gold"
   elif(int(level[0])>=2500):
      l="Silver"
   else:
      1="Bronze"
   msg+=l+""
message = """<html>
<head></head>"""+"""<body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><body><table bo
o</font></b>
<b><font size="5">Customer name</font></b>
<b><font size="5">Customer phone</font></b>
<b><font size="5">Level</font></b>"""+msg+"""</body>
</html>"""
if __name__ == "__main__":
   app.run(debug=True)
```

Main classının ilk başında .json ve html görünümünü sağlamak için fonksiyonlar oluşturuldu.

Customer tablosundaki veriler bir diziye atıldı. Sonrasında FFC içerisindeki gerekli bilgilerde alındı ve html görünümü oluşturmak için hazırlanan stringin gerekli yerlerine atandı.

Alınan FFC bilgilerine göre müşterinin total_mileage i 5.000 mil puanından yüksek ise 'Gold', 2.500 mil puanından yüksek ise 'Silver' ve daha düşük mil puanlarında ise 'Bronze' olarak sınıflanırıldı.

6.2.b)Screenshot

-html

Passport_no	Address	Country	E_mail	Customer_name	Customer_phone	Total_mileage	Level
B020018	0123 street no:3 Madrid	Spain	Yhet@gmail.com	Miguel Sanchez	458884441110	850	Bronze
FA000135	0155 street no:4 St. Petersburg	Russia	Geresho@mail.ru	Aleksie petrov	721000033355	1780	Bronze
K8745513	12 street no: 9 mithatpasa , istanbul	Turkey	Elifakarsu@gmail.com	Elif akarsu	905539540817	5000	Gold
P031245	4023 street ,NO 5, erzene , Bornova , Izmir	Turkey	M35@gmail.com	Mehmet yildiz	905553332222	2580	Silver
R123456	59 street, No 10 ,D 5 ,Beverly hills , los Angeles	USA	Jj13@gmail.com	James angelinton	1222333555444	650	Bronze
S0001325	45 street no:9 mogadishu	Somali	motinge@hotmail.com	Jammy motinge	876662225544	1100	Bronze
S0147852	894 street NO: 3 Cairo	Egypt	Buffer43@yahoo.com	Ahmad elmasri	210006665551	2700	Silver
V025874	321 street no 17 Wuhan	China	Xindex32@hotmail.com	Wui chan	310005556661	600	Bronze

-.json

```
"Address": "0123 street no:3 Madrid", 
"Country": "Spain",
"Customer_name": "Miguel Sanchez",
"Customer_phone": 458884441110,
"Email": "Yhet@gmail.com",
"Passport_no": "B020018"
"Address": "0155 street no:4 St. Petersburg",
"Country": "Russia",
"Customer_name": "Aleksie petrov",
"Customer_phone": 721000033355,
"Email": "Geresho@mail.ru",
"Passport_no": "FA000135"
"Address": "12 street no: 9 mithatpasa , istanbul",
"Country": "Turkey",
"Customer_name": "Elif akarsu",
"Customer_phone": 905539540817,
"Email": "Elifakarsu@gmail.com",
"Passport_no": "K8745513"
"Address": "4023 street ,NO 5, erzene , Bornova , Izmir",
"Address": "4023 street , no 3, 3. "Country": "Turkey", "Customer_name": "Mehmet yildiz", "Customer_phone": 905553332222, "Email": "M35@gmail.com", """"2023246"
"Passport_no": "P031245"
"Address": "59 street, No 10 ,D 5 ,Beverly hills , los Angeles",
"Country": "USA",
"Customer_name": "James angelinton",
"Customer_phone": 1222333555444,
"Email": "Jj13@gmail.com",
 "Passport_no": "R123456"
```

7)Min-Max Notation

