

Web Development



Day 4: CSS Frameworks & Text Editors

Frameworks & Writing Code Like the Pros



Warm up!



Today's Schedule

Morning:

- CSS Frameworks
- Bootstrap
- Project: Portfolio Page
- Introduction to the Text Editor

Afternoon:

- HTML Head element
- Adding CSS links
- Moving projects to text editor
- Source control
- GitHub



CSS Frameworks

- CSS Frameworks provide a basic structure and prebuilt components to simplify creating webpages from scratch
- Why use a framework?
 - Saves time writing code
 - Responsive & mobile-friendly
 - Uniform styling across site
 - Cross-browser friendly
- Which framework to use?
 - Bootstrap -- built by Twitter, easy to learn
 - Materialize CSS -- easy to learn



Bootstrap Components

Navbars:



Buttons:





Bootstrap Components

Cards:

Image cap

Card title

Some quick example text to build on the card title and make up the bulk of the card's content.

Go somewhere

Jumbotron:

Hello, world!

This is a simple hero unit, a simple jumbotron-style component for calling extra attention to featured content or information.

It uses utility classes for typography and spacing to space content out within the larger container.

Learn more



Bootstrap Utilities

Color:

.text-primary

Text transform:

.text-secondary

.text-success

.text-danger

.text-warning

.text-info

.text-light

.text-dark

.text-body

.text-muted

lowercased text.

UPPERCASED TEXT.

CapiTaliZed Text.



Bootstrap Utilities

- Width
- Height
- Alignment
- Margin
- Padding
- Borders
- Text align
- Font weight
- ...and more

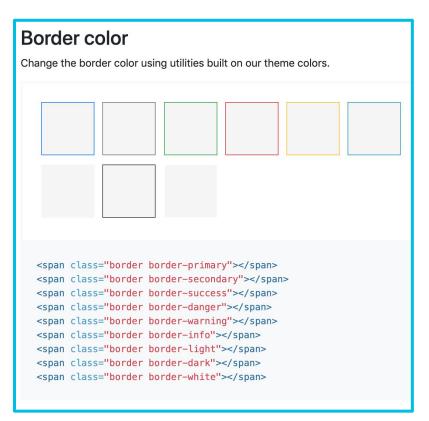


Using Bootstrap

Bootstrap uses predefined classes.

Bootstrap includes excellent documentation with explanations of how to use all components and utilities.

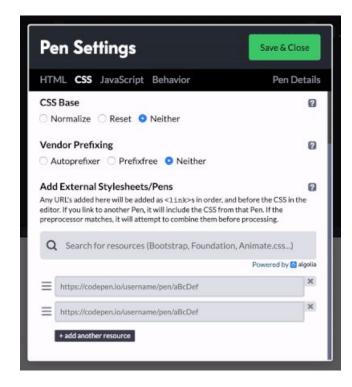
Documentation includes example code and how that code will look.





Set up Bootstrap with CodePen

- Create a new Pen and click settings
- Go to the CSS tab
- Under "Add External Stylesheets
 /Pens" search for Bootstrap
- Click "twitter-bootstrap" to add the Bootstrap CSS to the project
- Switch to the JavaScript tab and repeat to add the required JS to the project





Internal Links

The <a> tag can also be used to send a user somewhere on the current page. To do that, the HREF attribute points to an ID on the current page.

```
<a href="#portfolio">Portfolio</a>
<a href="#about">About</a>
<section id="portfolio">
    <div>This is a portfolio item</div>
</section>
<section id="about">
    <div>This section is about me</div>
</section>
```



Project: Bootstrap Portfolio

- Adapt a basic portfolio page using Bootstrap
- Refer to Bootstrap documentation if you want to implement any components
- Use the navbar to add internal links -- links that go to a different part of the same page



Text Editor

- What is a text editor?
 - A computer program that allows a user to edit plain text
- Is a text editor the same thing as a word processor?
 - No! Word processors includes formatting that can change how your code is read by computers.
- What text editor should I use?
 - We will be learning with Atom but other popular text editors include
 Visual Studio Code (free) and Sublime (unlimited free trial).



Introduction to Atom





Download Text Editor

- Google "Download Atom" and select the first hit for https://atom.io
- Follow the steps in the download process



Command Line

Many professionals use the Command Line (aka the terminal) to do things, like creating files or folders, and backing up files.

We will be using Git Bash to do this.



Git Bash

```
- 0 X
 MINGW32:~/git
Welcome to Git (version 1.8.3-preview20130601)
Run 'git help git' to display the help index.
Run 'git help <command>' to display help for specific commands.
 $ git clone https://github.com/msysgit/git.git
Siglification (1915), fortium complishing (1916), fortium complishing into 'git'...
remote: Counting objects: 177468, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (52057/52057), done.
remote: Total 177468 (delta 133396), reused 166093 (delta 123576)
Receiving objects: 100% (177468/177468), 42.16 MiB | 1.84 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (133396/133396), done.
 Checking out files: 100% (2576/2576), done.
$ cd git
  Bacon@BACON ~/git (master)
 $ git status
 # On branch master
 nothing to commit, working directory clean
  Bacon@BACON ~/git (master)
```



Install Bash Shell for Windows

If Git Bash is not already installed then we will need to do that together.

The Bash Shell, aka Git Bash, enables developers to use linux and unix style commands on their windows machine. This make the development process faster and more uniform.

On a Windows 10 machine, follow the instructions found here: (Google Sitereq Git Bash and hit the first link)

https://www.windowscentral.com/how-install-bash-shell-command-line-

windows-10



Command Line

```
:: make a new directory with "mkdir" plus the name of the folder
$ mkdir new_folder

:: change into a directory with "cd" plus the name of the folder
$ cd new_folder

:: create a new file using "touch" plus the filename and extension
$ touch index.html

:: open a directory with Atom using "atom" plus the directory name
:: if you want to open the current directory, use a period
$ atom .
```

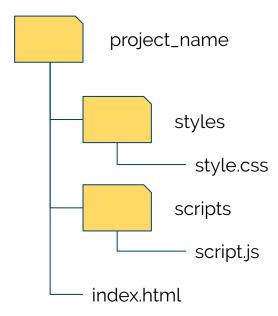


Practice with Command Line

- Create a directory using your first name
- 2. Move into that directory
- Create a file called "README.md"
- 4. Open that file with Atom
- 5. Add to the Read Me file:
 "Projects by (your first name) for Web Development, Summer 2019"
- 6. Save the file using ctrl-s



Folder Structure





HTML Files

So far we've been using CodePen to create sites, which is nice because it supplies some of the basic HTML code required.

Now that we're moving to the text editor and will be writing all our code, we have to add that code ourselves.

Note: The main HTML file for a project is <u>always</u> called index.html. The browser will look for this as the default file.





The !DOCTYPE declaration tells the browser what kind of file it's receiving.

Older HTML versions require more specifications, but with the latest version, HTML5, "html" is all that's needed.



The html element is the root element of the web page. All other elements are nested inside it. Notice there's a closing html element as well.



The head element contains a lot of information about the page, including links to CSS and JavaScript files, the site title, and metadata about the site.



The website code stays in the body element.

All of the HTML from the CodePen projects exists inside a body element.



Adding CSS Files



Project: Move to Text Editor

- Convert all CodePen projects to Text Editor
 - Fan Page, Mondrian, Poster, Portfolio Page
- Create folders for each project
- Add the "missing" HTML code for each project
 - DOCTYPE declaration
 - Head element
 - CSS links
 - Body element



Version Control

- What is version control?
 - Version control (aka source control) tracks changes in files.
- Why use it?
 - Go back to previous versions of code in case of bugs.
 - See differences between versions of files.
 - Try out new features without introducing bugs to stable code.
- Git is the most popular version control system.



Git + GitHub

By itself, Git creates **local repositories** (repos) but you can also add **remote repos** that are stored on the internet. This means your code is safe should something happen to your laptop.

GitHub is one of the most popular sites for web-based Git version control.

Sign up for a GitHub account at: https://github.com



Using Git

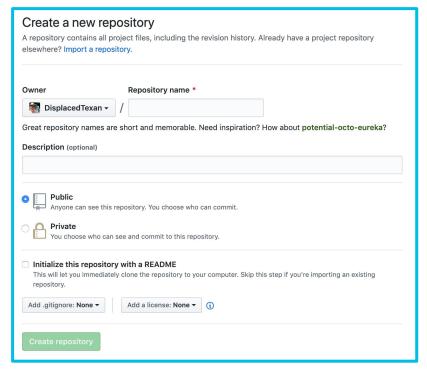
Git Tutorial for Windows:

https://www.pluralsight.com/guides/using-git-and-github-on-windows



Your First GitHub Repo

- Click on the green "New" button to create a repo
- ☐ New
- Give your repo a name
 - Use the same name as your local folder
- Click on "Private" if you want to keep your code hidden





Worktime

- Create GitHub repos for all of your text editor projects.
- For each project, add the remote URL to the local Git repo and push the repo.
- Finish transferring your CodePen projects to the text editor.



Reflection

Write in your journal about how you feel or what you learned today.

Prompts:

- What do you think of Bootstrap and CSS frameworks?
- Would you rather use Bootstrap or write your CSS from scratch? Why?
- What did you find challenging about switching to the text editor from CodePen?
- Think about Git and version control. Why would you want to have multiple branches for a project?

