

COSC 519 Process Lab

1. Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>

int main(void) {
    pid_t pid = fork();

    if (pid < 0) {
        perror("fork failed");
        exit(1);
    } else if (pid == 0) {
        // Child process
        printf("\nChild: PID = %d\n", getpid());
    } else {
        // Parent process
        printf("Parent: PID = %d\n", getpid());
    }

    return 0;
}
```

Output:

Parent: PID = 4994

Child: PID = 4995

2. Output

a. Output:

hello

hello

Explanation: Fork creates a child process. After a new child process is created, both processes will execute the next instruction following the fork() system call. Hence two hello is printed.

b. Output:
printf2: x=0
printf1: x=2
printf2: x=1

Explanation: fork creates a child process if condition checks if it is a child process. Here the parent process ran first so it printed 0 than the child process ran to give 2. Finally, the child process ran the final print statement to give 1.

3. Output:

Parent process with pid = 20272, and Parent pid = 3445

Parent exiting now

Child process with pid = 20273, and Parent pid = 20272

tiger@tucis-ubuntu:~/myDir\$ After sleeping. Child process with pid = 20273, and Parent pid = 2656

P1	P2
PID = 20272	PID = 20273
PPID = 3445	PPID = 20272 initially; after parent exits → 2656 (re-parented)
Value returned by fork() = 20273 (the child's PID)	Value returned by fork() = 0