C++作业六

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一、读程序,写出程序运行结果。

```
(1)
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class ABC{
     int a, b, c;
public:
     ABC(int x, int y, int z):a(x), b(y), c(z) {}
     friend ostream &operator<<(ostream &out, ABC& f);</pre>
};
ostream &operator<<(ostream &out, ABC& f) {
     out << "a=" << f. a << end  << "b=" << f. b << end  << "c=" << f. c << end  </ r
     return out;
}
void main() {
     ABC obj(10, 20, 30);
     cout<<obj;</pre>
     system("pause");
}
```

```
I C:\Users\NewiPeak\Desktop\测试\Debug\测试exe

a=10
b=28
c=30
请按任意键继续---
```

```
(2)
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
using namespace std;
class X{
private:
    char *s;
public:
    X(char *b) {
         s=new char[sizeof(b)+1];
         strcpy(s,b);
    }
    ^{\sim}X(){delete s;}
    void display() { cout<<"s="<<s<<endl;}</pre>
};
void main() {
    X \times 1 ("ok");
    X \ X2(x1);
    X x3=x1;
    X2.display();
    x3.display();
    system("pause");
}
```

```
■ C:\Users\NewiPeak\Desktop\测试\Debug\测试.exe
s=ok
s=ok
请按任意键继续---
```

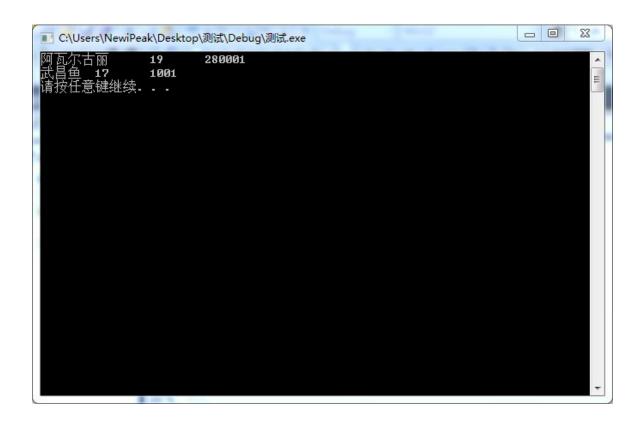
```
(3)
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Number {
    int n;
public:
    Number (int x):n(x) \{ \}
    Number& operator++() { ++n;return *this;}
    Number& operator++(int) { n++; return *this;}
    friend Number &operator--(Number &o);
    friend Number &operator--(Number o, int);
    void display() {cout<<"This Number is: "<<n<<endl;}</pre>
};
Number & operator -- (Number & o) { --o.n; return o;}
Number &operator--(Number o, int) {o.n--;return o;}
void main() {
    Number N1(10);
    ++ ++ ++N1:
    N1. display();
    N1++;
    N1. display();
    --N1;
    N1. display();
```

```
N1-- --;
N1.display();
system("pause");
}
```

```
This Number is: 14
This Number is: 13
This Number is: 13
请按任意键继续. - .
```

```
(4)
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Student{
private:
    char *name;
    int age;
    double Money;
public:
    Student (char *n="NoKnow", int Age=17, double Mey=1000.998):age (Age), Money (Mey) {
         name=new char[sizeof(n)+1];
         strcpy(name, n);
    }
    operator char*() { return name;}
    operator int() {return age;}
    operator double() {return Money;}
};
```

```
void main() {
    Student s1("阿瓦尔古丽", 19, 280000.998);
    char *Name=s1;
    int Age=s1;
    double Money =s1;
    cout<<Name<<"\t"<<Age<<"\t"<<Money<<endl;
    Student s2("武昌鱼");
    Name=s2;Age=s2;Money=s2;
    cout<<Name<<"\t"<<Age<<"\t"<<Money<<endl;
    system("pause");
}</pre>
```



二、设计一个计数器类 calculator,它只有一个用于计数的数据成员 count,该计数器的有效计数范围为 0-65535,实现计数器的前自增,后自增,前自减,后自减,两个计数器相加减等运算。

```
#include"iostream"
#include"math.h"
using namespace std;
class Calculator{
private:
public:
    int choice;
    double count;
    Calculator() {};
   Calculator(double a):count(a) {};
    double getcount() {
       return count;
   Calculator& operator++();
   Calculator& operator++(int);
   Calculator& operator--();
   Calculator& operator--(int);
   Calculator& operator+(Calculator b);
   Calculator& operator-(Calculator b);
};
Calculator& Calculator::operator++() {
    ++count:
    cout<<"前自增结果为: "<<count<<endl;
    return *this;
Calculator& Calculator::operator++(int) {
    count=count++;
    cout<<"后自增结果为: "<<count<<endl;
    return *this:
Calculator& Calculator::operator--() {
    count=--count;
    cout<<"前自减结果为:"<<count<<endl;
    return *this;
}
Calculator& Calculator::operator--(int) {
    count=count--;
    cout<<"后自减结果为:"<<count<<endl;
    return *this;
Calculator& Calculator::operator+(Calculator b) {
    cout<<"请输入第二个计算器的结果"<<endl;
    cin>>b. count;
    count=count+b. count;
```

```
cout<<"两个计算器结果相加为: "<<count<<endl;
   return *this:
Calculator& Calculator::operator-(Calculator b) {
   cout<<"请输入第二个计算器的结果"<<endl;
   cin>>b. count;
   count=count-b. count;
   cout<<"两个计算器结果相减为: "<<count<<endl;
   return *this;
void main()
   Calculator a, b;
   cout<<"请输入计算器显示的结果"<<end1;
   cin>>a.count;
   if (a. count>65535 | | a. count<0) {
       cout<<"计算超出可用范围,请在0-65535内重新输入"<<endl;
       cin>>a.count;
   cout<<"请输入要进行的运算: "<<endl;
   cout<<"1、前自增"<<endl;
   cout<<"2、后自增"<<endl;
   cout<<"4、后自减"<<endl;
   cout<<"5、两个计算器结果相加"<<end1;
   cout<<"6、两个计算器结果相减"<<endl;
   cin>>a.choice;
   while(1) {
   switch(a. choice) {
   case 1:a. operator++();
          break;
       case 2:a. operator++(1);
          break;
      case 3:a. operator--();
          break:
      case 4:a. operator--(1);
          break:
      case 5:a. operator+(b);
          break;
      case 6:a. operator-(b);
          break;
```

