

CS203 DSAA Fall 2022 Quiz2

民间版本

Bonus [20 points]: If you participate in this Quiz in class, your grade will be added 20 points. In other words, if you take part in this Quiz, the Quiz 2 score counted into the final score will be $\min(\text{Quiz 2 original score} + 20 \text{ points}, 100 \text{ points})$.

Note: This Quiz is very similar to Quiz 2 in 2021 (even exactly the same).

Problem 1 [20 points] Time Complexity of Heap Building

The time complexity of turn sized- n array A into a binary heap on S via root-fix operator on dynamic array is $O(n)$, where A stores the values in set S .

Problem 2 [20 points] Height of Balanced Binary Search Tree

A balanced binary search tree where n nodes has height $O(\log n)$.

Problem 3 [20 points] Huffman Encoding

Given (character, frequency) pairs as following:

H	N	S	O	E	Y	T	D
14	16	8	12	30	18	43	65

- (a) Show the detail steps of building its Huffman tree, i.e. draw the Huffman tree building process step by step.
- (b) Write down the corresponding scheme of the Huffman tree you obtained in (a), you only need draw a table, which contains two columns, the left is the character, the right is its corresponding Huffman coding.

Problem 4 [10 points] Heap Sorting

Use a table to describe the process of ascending sort of array A using the small root heap. We assume that the array A is already a small root heap.

$$A = \{14, 16, 8, 12, 30, 18, 43, 65, 78, 83, 72, 6, 23\}$$

[illegible]

Problem 5 [30 points] AVL-Tree

Let us define a binary search tree as following:

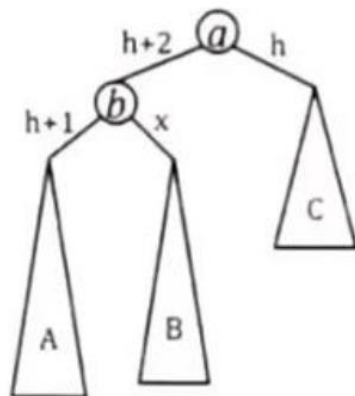


Figure 1. left-left case

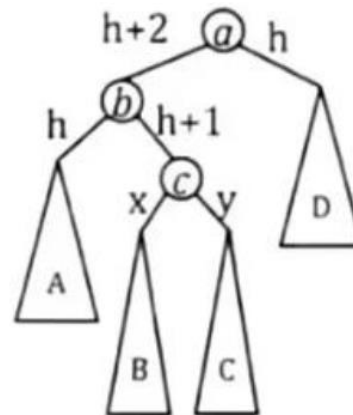


Figure 2. left-right case

(a) Given the imbalance node a in Fig.1, after remedied the imbalance node a ,

$a \rightarrow \text{leftchild} =$ _____, $a \rightarrow \text{rightchild} =$ _____

$b \rightarrow \text{leftchild} =$ _____, $b \rightarrow \text{rightchild} =$ _____

(b) Given the imbalance node a in Fig.2, after remedied the imbalance node a ,

$a \rightarrow \text{leftchild} =$ _____, $a \rightarrow \text{rightchild} =$ _____

$b \rightarrow \text{leftchild} =$ _____, $b \rightarrow \text{rightchild} =$ _____

$c \rightarrow \text{leftchild} =$ _____, $c \rightarrow \text{rightchild} =$ _____

(c) Draw the corresponding balanced binary search tree of Figures 1 and 2.

(d) Given the following imbalanced BBST, please draw the balanced BBST after remedy.

