Class 1: Inception

▼ Video Notes

- ▼ Is React a library or a framework?
 - React is a library
 - ▼ Library vs Framework
 - Framework: When a website or app is built, it requires routing to navigate to different pages, and needs to have many components.
 - Examples Image carousels: It is a javascript library.
 - It takes minimum effort for a library to put into our code.
- ▼ What extensions to use?
 - Better comments
 - Bracket pair Colorization Toggler
 - ES7+ React/Redux/React Native
 - ESLint
 - GitLens supercharged
 - Prettier
 - vscode-icons
- ▼ Emmet in HTML
 - Used by vs code to give basic HTML code.
 - Ex: using 'html:5' or '!' gives a boilerplate HTML code.
- ▼ Basic Hello world in HTML
 - Open index.js in chrome to see the output.

<!DOCTYPE html> <html lang="en">

▼ Hello World in JavaScript

• To print the same message in js we need to manipulate DOM using js.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8" />
   <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
    <title>Namaste React</title>
 </head>
 <body>
   <div id="root"></div>
 <script>
   const heading = document.createElement("h1");
   heading.innerHTML = "Namaste Eveyone from JavaScript";
   const root = document.getElementById("root");
    root.appendChild(heading);
 </script>
</body>
</html>
```

- Inspect the elements tab to see if the <h1> is visible in the root.
- ▼ How does the browser run this code?
 - How does it know what is document.createElement is?
 - · It comes from Browser APIs.
 - The browser has a JS Engine. It knows what's happening inside the browser.

- The browser knows about the window.
- Try doing window.document in the console.
- This functionality comes from JS Engine.

▼ How to do the same in React

- React is a JavaScript library. We can inject it into our code using bareminimum things.
- We can write the same program in React by adding the CDN links.
- We can copy the CDN links from React homepage to the script tag in our vs code.
- What are these CDN files?
- What is inside these JS files? Code written by Facebook engineers to be able to add React to JS code.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8" />
   <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
   <title>Namaste React</title>
 </head>
   <div id="root"></div>
 <script
   crossorigin
   src="https://unpkg.com/react@18/umd/react.development.js"
 ></script>
 <script
   crossorigin
   src="https://unpkg.com/react-dom@18/umd/react-dom.development.js"
 ></script>
 <script>
   const heading = React.createElement(
      "h1",
      "Namaste Everyone from React"
```

```
);
const root = ReactDOM.createRoot(document.getElementById("root"));
root.render(heading);
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

- React.createElement is pure React (without using JSX)
- The createElement, createRoot comes from ReactAPI
- ▼ What is a CDN?

Content Delivery Network. Check assignment.

- ▼ What is cross-origin used in the React CDN link? Check assignment.
- ▼ Shortest program in javascript
 - An empty file is the shortest prog in javascript
- ▼ Shortest program in React

```
crossorigin
    src="https://unpkg.com/react@18/umd/react.development.js"
></script>
    crossorigin
    src="https://unpkg.com/react-dom@18/umd/react-dom.development.js"
></script>
</body>
</html>
```

- It is just adding CDN links to an HTML file.
- Run the code and go to the console.
- Type 'React' and press 'enter' to see some React code.
- Where did this come from? This is code that is injected from CDN links
- React is a global object and can be used anywhere in the code.
- The order of the script tag matters in the javascript file.

▼ Difference between React and ReactDOM CDNs

- The React @ 18 means we're using the 18th / latest version of React in our code.
- This is the core library of React.
- React can exist without JSX. React can exist without Typescript.

What is DOM?

- The web version of React.
- We have injected the web version of React.
- This is the library which gives access to the DOM (Document Object Model) of the browser.
- Responsible for all the DOM operations.

▼ React create element

React.create element - it takes 3 arguments

- 1. name of the tag,
- 2. object takes in props,
- 3. children/ react elements which is an object

React here is a global variable which comes from the injected React js files.

- If we do a console.log(heading):
- We get an object of type h1.
- React element is nothing but an object of type h1.
- ▼ play with props with the createElement
 - put null instead of {} Works with null as well
 - Try to see if you can add style Yes
 - Try to see if you can add className and id in it Yes

```
const heading = React.createElement(
    "h1",
    {
        title: "heading",
        style: { backgroundColor: "pink" },
        className: "headingClass",
        id: "headingID",
        },
        "Namaste React"
    );
```

▼ React render

- render modifies the DOM
- React DOM overrides the root

- If there's something already in the root, React will override it with whatever is passed in React.render
- ▼ Can we have multiple roots?

A root is a single place where we inject our React and everything will be built inside the root.

▼ We can use React in an existing project by just adding it to the root.

```
<div id="header"><h1>Header</h1></div>
<div id="root"></div>
<div id="footer"><h1>Footer</h1></div>
```

- ▼ The difference between async and defer Check the Namaste JS youtube video
- ▼ Why is CSS always imported in the head tag?

CSS files are linked in the head because they get applied regardless of whether DOM is already rendered or not.