Assignment No 7 - Mayur Borse

Q)Perform all the linux admin commands.

1. #File and Directory Management : =

-ls: = List directory contents.

-cp : = Copy files or directories.

-mv : = Move or rename files/directories.

-rm: = Remove files or directories.

-mkdir: = Create directories.

-rmdir : = Remove empty directories.

-chmod : = Change file permissions.

-chown : = Change file owner or group.

2. #System Information : =

-uname : = Display system information.

-hostname : = Display or set the system hostname.

-df : = Show disk space usage.

-free : = Display amount of free and used memory.

3. #User and Group Management : =

-useradd : = Add a user.

-userdel : = Delete a user.

-passwd : = Change user password.

- -groupadd : = Add a group.
- -groupdel : = Delete a group.
- -usermod : = Modify user properties.
- -groups : = Display groups a user is in.

4. #Process Management : =

- -ps : = Display information about processes.
- -top : = Display and update sorted information about processes.
- -kill : = Terminate a process.
- -pkill : = Send signals to processes based on their name.
- -killall : = Kill processes by name.

5. #System Services : =

- -systemctl : = Control the systemd system and service manager.
- -service : = Command to run System V init scripts.
- -chkconfig : = Update and query runlevel information for system services.

6. #Network Configuration : =

- -ifconfig` or `ip : = Display or configure network interfaces.
- -route : = Show or manipulate the IP routing table.
- -netstat : = Display network connections and routing tables.

- -ss : = Display socket statistics.
- -ping : = Test network connectivity.
- -traceroute : = Trace the route that packets take to reach a network host.
- 7. #Package Management : =
- -apt` (Debian/Ubuntu) or `yum` (RHEL/CentOS): Package management commands.
 - -dpkg : = Debian package management.
 - -rpm : = Red Hat Package Manager.
- 8. #Log Files : =
 - -tail : = Display the last part of a file.
 - -head : = Display the first part of a file.
 - -cat : = Concatenate and display files.
 - -journalctl : = Query and display messages from the journal.
- 9. #System Maintenance : =
 - -shutdown : = Shutdown or restart the system.
 - -reboot : = Reboot the system.
 - -cron : = Schedule tasks to run periodically.