m7vxdqs4n

April 18, 2025

0.1 Linear regression by using Deep Neural network: Implement Boston housing price prediction problem by Linear regression using Deep Neural Network. Use Boston House Price prediction Dataset.

```
[1]: import tensorflow as tf
     from tensorflow import keras
     from tensorflow.keras import layers
     import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
     from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
[2]: df = pd.read_csv("HousingData.csv")
     df.head()
[2]:
           CRIM
                   ZN
                       INDUS
                            CHAS
                                      NOX
                                              RM
                                                   AGE
                                                           DIS
                                                                RAD
                                                                     TAX
                                                                          PTRATIO
       0.00632
                18.0
                        2.31
                               0.0
                                    0.538
                                           6.575
                                                  65.2
                                                        4.0900
                                                                  1
                                                                     296
                                                                             15.3
     1 0.02731
                        7.07
                                           6.421
                                                 78.9 4.9671
                                                                     242
                  0.0
                               0.0 0.469
                                                                  2
                                                                             17.8
     2 0.02729
                  0.0
                        7.07
                               0.0 0.469
                                           7.185
                                                  61.1 4.9671
                                                                  2
                                                                     242
                                                                             17.8
     3 0.03237
                  0.0
                        2.18
                               0.0 0.458
                                           6.998
                                                 45.8 6.0622
                                                                  3
                                                                     222
                                                                             18.7
     4 0.06905
                                                                     222
                  0.0
                        2.18
                               0.0 0.458 7.147
                                                  54.2 6.0622
                                                                  3
                                                                             18.7
            B LSTAT
                       MEDV
       396.90
                 4.98
                       24.0
     1 396.90
                9.14
                       21.6
     2 392.83
                4.03
                       34.7
     3 394.63
                2.94
                      33.4
     4 396.90
                  {\tt NaN}
                       36.2
[3]: df.info()
    <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    RangeIndex: 506 entries, 0 to 505
    Data columns (total 14 columns):
         Column Non-Null Count Dtype
```

```
0
          CRIM
                   486 non-null
                                    float64
          ZN
                   486 non-null
                                    float64
      1
      2
          INDUS
                   486 non-null
                                    float64
      3
          CHAS
                   486 non-null
                                    float64
      4
          NOX
                   506 non-null
                                    float64
      5
          RM
                   506 non-null
                                    float64
      6
          AGE
                   486 non-null
                                    float64
      7
          DIS
                   506 non-null
                                    float64
          RAD
                   506 non-null
                                    int64
                   506 non-null
      9
          TAX
                                    int64
                                   float64
      10 PTRATIO 506 non-null
                   506 non-null
                                    float64
      11 B
                   486 non-null
                                    float64
      12 LSTAT
      13 MEDV
                   506 non-null
                                    float64
     dtypes: float64(12), int64(2)
     memory usage: 55.5 KB
 [4]: df.fillna(df.mean(), inplace=True)
 [5]: X = df.drop(columns=['MEDV'])
      y = df['MEDV']
 [6]: scaler = StandardScaler()
      X = scaler.fit transform(X)
 [7]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,_
       →random_state=42)
 [8]: model = keras.Sequential([
          keras.Input(shape=(X.shape[1],)), # Explicit Input Layer
          layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'), # Hidden Layer 1
          layers.Dense(32, activation='relu'), # Hidden Layer 2
          layers.Dense(1, activation='linear') # Output layer (Regression)
      ])
 [9]: model.compile(optimizer=Adam(learning rate=0.01), loss='mse', metrics=['mae'])
[10]: history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=100, validation_data=(X_test,__

y_test), batch_size=16, verbose=1)
     Epoch 1/100
     26/26
                       1s 8ms/step - loss:
     440.8634 - mae: 18.5338 - val_loss: 57.2412 - val_mae: 5.5565
     Epoch 2/100
     26/26
                       Os 2ms/step - loss:
     45.3372 - mae: 5.1544 - val_loss: 21.6366 - val_mae: 3.2939
     Epoch 3/100
     26/26
                       Os 3ms/step - loss:
```

```
20.0994 - mae: 3.3215 - val_loss: 17.6297 - val_mae: 2.8288
Epoch 4/100
26/26
                  Os 4ms/step - loss:
17.6236 - mae: 3.0781 - val_loss: 14.9943 - val_mae: 2.6249
Epoch 5/100
26/26
                 Os 3ms/step - loss:
14.2821 - mae: 2.7823 - val_loss: 14.5623 - val_mae: 2.3381
Epoch 6/100
26/26
                 Os 2ms/step - loss:
13.6029 - mae: 2.6609 - val_loss: 12.9750 - val_mae: 2.4203
Epoch 7/100
26/26
                 Os 3ms/step - loss:
12.8029 - mae: 2.5281 - val_loss: 13.4118 - val_mae: 2.3723
Epoch 8/100
26/26
                 Os 3ms/step - loss:
14.5553 - mae: 2.7077 - val_loss: 13.8585 - val_mae: 2.4914
Epoch 9/100
26/26
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
13.7882 - mae: 2.5705 - val_loss: 15.7087 - val_mae: 2.6962
Epoch 10/100
26/26
                 Os 3ms/step - loss:
10.6948 - mae: 2.4719 - val_loss: 15.3429 - val_mae: 2.6446
Epoch 11/100
26/26
                 Os 3ms/step - loss:
14.5759 - mae: 2.7952 - val_loss: 14.6829 - val_mae: 2.7426
Epoch 12/100
26/26
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
12.2882 - mae: 2.5158 - val_loss: 12.0716 - val_mae: 2.3263
Epoch 13/100
26/26
                 Os 3ms/step - loss:
9.0725 - mae: 2.1205 - val_loss: 14.1640 - val_mae: 2.4194
Epoch 14/100
26/26
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
8.8355 - mae: 2.2726 - val_loss: 14.3075 - val_mae: 2.5564
Epoch 15/100
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
26/26
10.8129 - mae: 2.4245 - val loss: 13.6643 - val mae: 2.4626
Epoch 16/100
                  Os 4ms/step - loss:
26/26
9.6793 - mae: 2.4046 - val_loss: 13.4059 - val_mae: 2.5891
Epoch 17/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
10.1957 - mae: 2.4241 - val_loss: 15.5057 - val_mae: 2.7194
Epoch 18/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
10.0053 - mae: 2.4237 - val_loss: 14.4027 - val_mae: 2.6199
Epoch 19/100
26/26
                 Os 3ms/step - loss:
```

```
8.8556 - mae: 2.3036 - val_loss: 15.0273 - val_mae: 2.5188
Epoch 20/100
26/26
                 Os 2ms/step - loss:
11.1176 - mae: 2.5842 - val_loss: 13.6674 - val_mae: 2.4945
Epoch 21/100
26/26
                 Os 3ms/step - loss:
8.4296 - mae: 2.2924 - val_loss: 12.5635 - val_mae: 2.4181
Epoch 22/100
26/26
                 Os 2ms/step - loss:
8.5037 - mae: 2.1967 - val_loss: 13.1299 - val_mae: 2.3947
Epoch 23/100
26/26
                 Os 2ms/step - loss:
9.4739 - mae: 2.2657 - val_loss: 12.7473 - val_mae: 2.5449
Epoch 24/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
8.6330 - mae: 2.2670 - val_loss: 13.1207 - val_mae: 2.4739
Epoch 25/100
26/26
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
8.5585 - mae: 2.2271 - val_loss: 11.9104 - val_mae: 2.2847
Epoch 26/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
8.1119 - mae: 2.1407 - val_loss: 13.2038 - val_mae: 2.5670
Epoch 27/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
8.2387 - mae: 2.2445 - val_loss: 12.3271 - val_mae: 2.4717
Epoch 28/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
10.2736 - mae: 2.4373 - val_loss: 13.2581 - val_mae: 2.4999
Epoch 29/100
26/26
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
9.6498 - mae: 2.2557 - val_loss: 13.1113 - val_mae: 2.5810
Epoch 30/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
8.0430 - mae: 2.0943 - val_loss: 16.5543 - val_mae: 2.6920
Epoch 31/100
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
26/26
9.1912 - mae: 2.3014 - val_loss: 13.0773 - val_mae: 2.4636
Epoch 32/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
6.8917 - mae: 2.0088 - val_loss: 13.4819 - val_mae: 2.4822
Epoch 33/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
8.8703 - mae: 2.3257 - val_loss: 13.6802 - val_mae: 2.7276
Epoch 34/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
9.3434 - mae: 2.3046 - val_loss: 11.9395 - val_mae: 2.2687
Epoch 35/100
26/26
                 Os 3ms/step - loss:
```

```
6.3509 - mae: 1.9543 - val_loss: 13.7159 - val_mae: 2.5541
Epoch 36/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
8.4139 - mae: 2.1992 - val_loss: 14.7841 - val_mae: 2.5076
Epoch 37/100
26/26
                 Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.0453 - mae: 1.6810 - val_loss: 11.9874 - val_mae: 2.4051
Epoch 38/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
7.4600 - mae: 2.0501 - val_loss: 13.0326 - val_mae: 2.4529
Epoch 39/100
26/26
                 Os 2ms/step - loss:
9.1731 - mae: 2.3376 - val_loss: 12.4445 - val_mae: 2.4682
Epoch 40/100
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
26/26
9.4816 - mae: 2.3027 - val_loss: 11.6693 - val_mae: 2.4574
Epoch 41/100
26/26
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
7.4163 - mae: 2.0914 - val_loss: 11.5701 - val_mae: 2.3401
Epoch 42/100
26/26
                  Os 1ms/step - loss:
6.8931 - mae: 2.0371 - val_loss: 13.6548 - val_mae: 2.4897
Epoch 43/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
7.0245 - mae: 2.0263 - val_loss: 12.0620 - val_mae: 2.4173
Epoch 44/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
6.6387 - mae: 1.9324 - val_loss: 12.6175 - val_mae: 2.3677
Epoch 45/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
4.9877 - mae: 1.6471 - val_loss: 11.8034 - val_mae: 2.3359
Epoch 46/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
6.4296 - mae: 1.8254 - val_loss: 14.0951 - val_mae: 2.4861
Epoch 47/100
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
26/26
6.7578 - mae: 1.8863 - val_loss: 12.3211 - val_mae: 2.4534
Epoch 48/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
7.8392 - mae: 2.1540 - val_loss: 19.0252 - val_mae: 2.9707
Epoch 49/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
7.9342 - mae: 2.1704 - val_loss: 11.3792 - val_mae: 2.3989
Epoch 50/100
26/26
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
8.6149 - mae: 2.0973 - val_loss: 12.0656 - val_mae: 2.4236
Epoch 51/100
26/26
                 Os 2ms/step - loss:
```

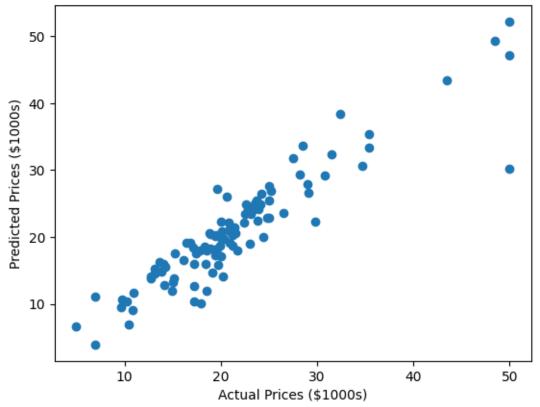
```
6.7459 - mae: 1.9316 - val_loss: 12.6347 - val_mae: 2.4684
Epoch 52/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
8.0481 - mae: 2.1807 - val_loss: 12.8758 - val_mae: 2.3664
Epoch 53/100
26/26
                 Os 1ms/step - loss:
6.2552 - mae: 1.8587 - val_loss: 12.6247 - val_mae: 2.7060
Epoch 54/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
6.8880 - mae: 2.0309 - val_loss: 11.8173 - val_mae: 2.3182
Epoch 55/100
26/26
                 Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.4851 - mae: 1.8217 - val_loss: 11.3842 - val_mae: 2.2862
Epoch 56/100
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
26/26
5.5749 - mae: 1.8342 - val_loss: 13.7648 - val_mae: 2.4022
Epoch 57/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
7.1245 - mae: 1.9695 - val_loss: 15.4390 - val_mae: 2.6652
Epoch 58/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
6.0535 - mae: 1.8371 - val_loss: 12.1460 - val_mae: 2.4247
Epoch 59/100
26/26
                  Os 6ms/step - loss:
5.2226 - mae: 1.6742 - val_loss: 14.3516 - val_mae: 2.4435
Epoch 60/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.8027 - mae: 1.7942 - val_loss: 11.3104 - val_mae: 2.3171
Epoch 61/100
26/26
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
5.5879 - mae: 1.7765 - val_loss: 13.8340 - val_mae: 2.4806
Epoch 62/100
26/26
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
5.5349 - mae: 1.7566 - val_loss: 13.4828 - val_mae: 2.4362
Epoch 63/100
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
26/26
6.2231 - mae: 1.8632 - val_loss: 16.7503 - val_mae: 2.9819
Epoch 64/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
7.2343 - mae: 2.0410 - val_loss: 12.8258 - val_mae: 2.7086
Epoch 65/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
6.7012 - mae: 1.9879 - val_loss: 12.6499 - val_mae: 2.4648
Epoch 66/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
6.2187 - mae: 1.9058 - val_loss: 16.2132 - val_mae: 2.6801
Epoch 67/100
26/26
                 Os 2ms/step - loss:
```

```
7.3492 - mae: 2.1787 - val_loss: 12.5516 - val_mae: 2.3207
Epoch 68/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
8.4214 - mae: 2.2212 - val_loss: 13.8353 - val_mae: 2.8145
Epoch 69/100
26/26
                 Os 3ms/step - loss:
7.3707 - mae: 2.1419 - val_loss: 15.5721 - val_mae: 2.8678
Epoch 70/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
6.5717 - mae: 2.0063 - val_loss: 13.7526 - val_mae: 2.4975
Epoch 71/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
7.7291 - mae: 2.0831 - val_loss: 12.3777 - val_mae: 2.3361
Epoch 72/100
26/26
                  Os 5ms/step - loss:
5.2945 - mae: 1.7679 - val_loss: 13.3363 - val_mae: 2.7306
Epoch 73/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.7156 - mae: 1.8765 - val_loss: 12.8553 - val_mae: 2.5685
Epoch 74/100
26/26
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
5.7010 - mae: 1.8624 - val_loss: 14.7535 - val_mae: 2.3943
Epoch 75/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.3147 - mae: 1.7076 - val_loss: 13.4687 - val_mae: 2.3820
Epoch 76/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
4.5659 - mae: 1.5840 - val_loss: 13.4049 - val_mae: 2.4064
Epoch 77/100
26/26
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
6.5707 - mae: 1.9099 - val_loss: 11.9541 - val_mae: 2.2850
Epoch 78/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.2888 - mae: 1.7650 - val_loss: 14.1747 - val_mae: 2.6666
Epoch 79/100
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
26/26
5.9275 - mae: 1.8753 - val_loss: 12.7242 - val_mae: 2.4817
Epoch 80/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
4.5076 - mae: 1.6957 - val_loss: 11.2360 - val_mae: 2.3203
Epoch 81/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.9954 - mae: 1.8458 - val_loss: 14.4281 - val_mae: 2.4375
Epoch 82/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.1949 - mae: 1.7030 - val_loss: 11.7536 - val_mae: 2.2650
Epoch 83/100
26/26
                 Os 1ms/step - loss:
```

```
5.1825 - mae: 1.7165 - val_loss: 12.7035 - val_mae: 2.3677
Epoch 84/100
26/26
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
5.5240 - mae: 1.7834 - val_loss: 12.4507 - val_mae: 2.4028
Epoch 85/100
26/26
                 Os 3ms/step - loss:
5.3263 - mae: 1.6635 - val_loss: 11.4906 - val_mae: 2.4123
Epoch 86/100
26/26
                 Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.4103 - mae: 1.7492 - val_loss: 11.7925 - val_mae: 2.2501
Epoch 87/100
26/26
                 Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.1477 - mae: 1.6802 - val_loss: 12.8947 - val_mae: 2.3426
Epoch 88/100
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
26/26
4.7069 - mae: 1.6337 - val_loss: 12.2875 - val_mae: 2.2313
Epoch 89/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
6.4071 - mae: 1.8286 - val_loss: 11.5631 - val_mae: 2.5627
Epoch 90/100
26/26
                 Os 3ms/step - loss:
5.6254 - mae: 1.8210 - val_loss: 12.5988 - val_mae: 2.2553
Epoch 91/100
26/26
                  Os 1ms/step - loss:
4.3570 - mae: 1.5867 - val_loss: 13.4870 - val_mae: 2.4412
Epoch 92/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
3.7779 - mae: 1.4996 - val_loss: 13.0153 - val_mae: 2.3395
Epoch 93/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.1520 - mae: 1.7093 - val_loss: 13.6739 - val_mae: 2.5711
Epoch 94/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.6690 - mae: 1.7843 - val_loss: 12.1259 - val_mae: 2.3143
Epoch 95/100
                  Os 3ms/step - loss:
26/26
5.1884 - mae: 1.7702 - val_loss: 12.9545 - val_mae: 2.4932
Epoch 96/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
4.8350 - mae: 1.6868 - val_loss: 11.5383 - val_mae: 2.2410
Epoch 97/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
4.8329 - mae: 1.6504 - val_loss: 14.1497 - val_mae: 2.6293
Epoch 98/100
26/26
                  Os 2ms/step - loss:
5.1155 - mae: 1.7440 - val_loss: 11.5848 - val_mae: 2.3331
Epoch 99/100
26/26
                 Os 2ms/step - loss:
```

```
5.3956 - mae: 1.7245 - val_loss: 11.9814 - val_mae: 2.3072
     Epoch 100/100
     26/26
                       Os 2ms/step - loss:
     3.7539 - mae: 1.5173 - val_loss: 11.3920 - val_mae: 2.2617
[11]: loss, mae = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test)
      print(f"Test Loss (MSE): {loss}")
      print(f"Test Mean Absolute Error (MAE): {mae}")
     4/4
                     Os Os/step - loss:
     8.9360 - mae: 2.1187
     Test Loss (MSE): 11.391955375671387
     Test Mean Absolute Error (MAE): 2.261707305908203
[12]: predictions = model.predict(X_test)
     4/4
                     Os 6ms/step
[13]: plt.scatter(y_test, predictions)
      plt.xlabel("Actual Prices ($1000s)")
      plt.ylabel("Predicted Prices ($1000s)")
      plt.title("Actual vs Predicted House Prices")
      plt.show()
```

Actual vs Predicted House Prices



wxs98airg

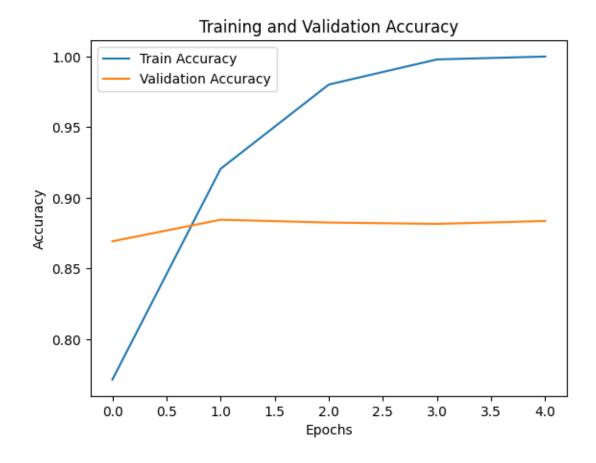
April 18, 2025

0.1 Binary classification using Deep Neural Networks Example: Classify movie reviews into positive" reviews and "negative" reviews, just based on the text content of the reviews. Use IMDB dataset.

```
[1]: import tensorflow as tf
     from tensorflow import keras
     from tensorflow.keras import layers
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[2]: vocab_size = 10000
     max_length = 200
     (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = keras.datasets.imdb.
      →load_data(num_words=vocab_size)
[3]: | x_train = keras.preprocessing.sequence.pad_sequences(x_train,_
      →maxlen=max_length, padding='post')
     x_test = keras.preprocessing.sequence.pad_sequences(x_test, maxlen=max_length,_
      →padding='post')
[4]: model = keras.Sequential([
         layers.Embedding(input_dim=vocab_size, output_dim=64), # Removed_
      ⇔input_length
         layers.Conv1D(32, 5, activation='relu'), # 1D Convolution for feature
      \rightarrow extraction
         layers.GlobalMaxPooling1D(), # Reduce dimensions
         layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'), # Fully connected layer
         layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid') # Output layer (Binary_
      \hookrightarrow classification)
     ])
[5]: model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', __
      →metrics=['accuracy'])
[6]: history = model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=5, validation_data=(x_test,__

y_test), batch_size=64, verbose=1)
```

```
accuracy: 0.6687 - loss: 0.5754 - val_accuracy: 0.8692 - val_loss: 0.3026
    Epoch 2/5
    391/391
                        7s 18ms/step -
    accuracy: 0.9185 - loss: 0.2122 - val_accuracy: 0.8845 - val_loss: 0.2767
    Epoch 3/5
    391/391
                        7s 18ms/step -
    accuracy: 0.9827 - loss: 0.0740 - val_accuracy: 0.8825 - val_loss: 0.3220
    Epoch 4/5
    391/391
                        7s 18ms/step -
    accuracy: 0.9979 - loss: 0.0180 - val_accuracy: 0.8816 - val_loss: 0.3672
    Epoch 5/5
    391/391
                        7s 17ms/step -
    accuracy: 1.0000 - loss: 0.0031 - val_accuracy: 0.8836 - val_loss: 0.4037
[7]: loss, accuracy = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
     print(f"Test Accuracy: {accuracy:.4f}")
     print(f"Test Loss: {loss:.4f}")
    782/782
                        3s 4ms/step -
    accuracy: 0.8828 - loss: 0.4049
    Test Accuracy: 0.8836
    Test Loss: 0.4037
[8]: plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
    plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
     plt.xlabel('Epochs')
     plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
     plt.legend()
     plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
     plt.show()
```



rbezg8v4z

April 18, 2025

0.1 Convolutional neural network (CNN) (Any One from the following)

Use any dataset of plant disease and design a plant disease detection system using CNN. #### Use MNIST Fashion Dataset and create a classifier to classify fashion clothing into categories.

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import tensorflow as tf
     from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
[2]: train_df = pd.read_csv('fashion-mnist_train.csv')
     test_df = pd.read_csv('fashion-mnist_test.csv')
[3]: train_df.head(2)
                       pixel2 pixel3 pixel4 pixel5 pixel6
[3]:
               pixel1
                                                                 pixel7
     0
            2
                    0
                             0
                                     0
                                             0
                                                      0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
                    0
                             0
                                     0
                                                      0
                                                                      0
     1
            9
                                             0
                                                              0
                                                                               0
                                        pixel777
                ... pixel775 pixel776
                                                  pixel778 pixel779
     0
             0
                           0
                                     0
                                               0
                                                          0
                                                                    0
             0
                           0
                                     0
                                               0
                                                          0
                                                                    0
                                                                               0
     1
        pixel781 pixel782 pixel783 pixel784
     0
               0
                          0
                                    0
               0
                          0
                                    0
                                              0
     [2 rows x 785 columns]
[4]: test_df.head(2)
[4]:
        label pixel1
                       pixel2 pixel3 pixel4 pixel5
                                                        pixel6
                                                                 pixel7 pixel8 \
            0
                    0
                             0
                                             0
                                                              0
                                     0
                                                      0
     1
            1
                    0
                             0
                                     0
                                             0
                                                      0
                                                              0
                                                                      0
                                                                               0
               ... pixel775 pixel776
                                        pixel777
                                                  pixel778 pixel779
        pixel9
                                                                      pixel780
     0
             8
                         103
                                    87
                                              56
                                                          0
                                                                    0
                                                                               0
```

```
pixel781 pixel782 pixel783 pixel784
      0
                          0
                0
      1
                0
                          0
                                    0
                                               0
      [2 rows x 785 columns]
 [5]: # Split features and labels
      x_train = train_df.iloc[:, 1:].values
      y_train = train_df.iloc[:, 0].values
 [6]: x_test = test_df.iloc[:, 1:].values
      y_test = test_df.iloc[:, 0].values
 [7]: # Normalize pixel values
      x train = x train / 255.0
      x_{test} = x_{test} / 255.0
 [8]: # Reshape for CNN: (samples, height, width, channels)
      x_{train} = x_{train.reshape}(-1, 28, 28, 1)
      x_{test} = x_{test.reshape}(-1, 28, 28, 1)
 [9]: # Build CNN model
      model = models.Sequential([
          layers.Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(28, 28, 1)),
          layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
          layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
          layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
          layers.Flatten(),
          layers.Dense(64, activation='relu'),
          layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax')
      ])
     C:\Python312\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\layers\convolutional\base_conv.py:107:
     UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When
     using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first
     layer in the model instead.
       super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
[10]: # Compile model
      model.compile(optimizer='adam',
                    loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
                    metrics=['accuracy'])
```

1

0 ...

34

0

0

0 0

0

```
[11]: # Train
      model.fit(x_train, y_train, epochs=5, validation_split=0.1)
     Epoch 1/5
     1688/1688
                           13s 7ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.7610 - loss: 0.6718 - val_accuracy: 0.8638 - val_loss: 0.3871
     Epoch 2/5
     1688/1688
                           12s 7ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.8786 - loss: 0.3398 - val_accuracy: 0.8882 - val_loss: 0.3101
     Epoch 3/5
                           13s 7ms/step -
     1688/1688
     accuracy: 0.8976 - loss: 0.2819 - val_accuracy: 0.8890 - val_loss: 0.3041
     Epoch 4/5
     1688/1688
                           13s 8ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.9079 - loss: 0.2526 - val accuracy: 0.8978 - val loss: 0.2800
     Epoch 5/5
     1688/1688
                           12s 7ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.9167 - loss: 0.2238 - val_accuracy: 0.8975 - val_loss: 0.2802
[11]: <keras.src.callbacks.history.History at 0x25f324b7050>
[12]: # Evaluate
      loss, acc = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test)
      print(f"\nTest Accuracy: {acc}")
     313/313
                         1s 4ms/step -
     accuracy: 0.9019 - loss: 0.2680
     Test Accuracy: 0.9064000248908997
[13]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      class_names=['T-shirt/
       ⇔top','Trouser','Pullover','Dress','Coat','Sandal','Shirt','Sneaker','Bag','Ankle□
       ⇔boot']
      plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
      for i in range(25):
          plt.subplot(5,5,i+1)
          plt.xticks([])
          plt.yticks([])
          plt.grid(False)
          plt.imshow(x_train[i],cmap=plt.cm.binary)
          plt.xlabel(class_names[y_train[i]])
      plt.show()
```



[]:

```
//Design and implement Parallel Breadth First Search and Depth First Search
based on existing algorithms using OpenMP. Use a Tree or an undirected graph for
BFS and DFS .
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
#include <stack>
#include <omp.h>
using namespace std;
const int N = 6; // Number of nodes
vector<int> graph[N];
bool visited_bfs[N], visited_dfs[N];
// Add edge to undirected graph
void addEdge(int u, int v) {
    graph[u].push_back(v);
    graph[v].push_back(u);
}
// Parallel BFS using OpenMP
void parallelBFS(int start) {
    queue<int> q;
    q.push(start);
    visited_bfs[start] = true;
    while (!q.empty()) {
        int size = q.size();
        #pragma omp parallel for
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
            int node;
            #pragma omp critical
                node = q.front(); q.pop();
                cout << "BFS visited: " << node << endl;</pre>
            }
            for (int neighbor : graph[node]) {
                #pragma omp critical
                    if (!visited_bfs[neighbor]) {
                        visited bfs[neighbor] = true;
                        q.push(neighbor);
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
// Parallel DFS using OpenMP
void parallelDFS(int start) {
```

```
stack<int> s;
    s.push(start);
    visited_dfs[start] = true;
    while (!s.empty()) {
        int node;
        #pragma omp critical
            node = s.top(); s.pop();
            cout << "DFS visited: " << node << endl;</pre>
        }
        #pragma omp parallel for
        for (int i = 0; i < graph[node].size(); i++) {
            int neighbor = graph[node][i];
            #pragma omp critical
            {
                 if (!visited_dfs[neighbor]) {
                     visited_dfs[neighbor] = true;
                     s.push(neighbor);
                 }
            }
        }
    }
}
int main() {
    addEdge(0, 1);
    addEdge(0, 2);
    addEdge(1, 3);
    addEdge(1, 4);
    addEdge(2, 5);
    cout << "Parallel BFS:\n";</pre>
    parallelBFS(0);
    cout << "\nParallel DFS:\n";</pre>
    parallelDFS(0);
    return 0;
}
//run= g++ -fopenmp HPC_Practical_1.cpp -o HPC_Practical_1
//Windows:- HPC_Practical_1.exe
//Linux:- ./HPC Practical 1
```

//Write a program to implement Parallel Bubble Sort and Merge sort using OpenMP. Use existing algorithms and measure the performance of sequential and parallel algorithms.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <omp.h>
using namespace std;
// Sequential Bubble Sort
void bubbleSortSeq(vector<int>& arr) {
    int n = arr.size();
    for (int i = 0; i < n-1; i++)
        for (int j = 0; j < n-i-1; j++)
            if (arr[j] > arr[j+1])
                swap(arr[j], arr[j+1]);
}
// Parallel Bubble Sort
void bubbleSortPar(vector<int>& arr) {
    int n = arr.size();
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        #pragma omp parallel for
        for (int j = i \% 2; j < n - 1; j += 2)
            if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1])
                swap(arr[j], arr[j + 1]);
    }
}
// Merge function
void merge(vector<int>& arr, int 1, int m, int r) {
    vector<int> left(arr.begin() + 1, arr.begin() + m + 1);
    vector<int> right(arr.begin() + m + 1, arr.begin() + r + 1);
    int i = 0, j = 0, k = 1;
    while (i < left.size() && j < right.size())</pre>
        arr[k++] = (left[i] < right[j]) ? left[i++] : right[j++];
    while (i < left.size()) arr[k++] = left[i++];</pre>
    while (j < right.size()) arr[k++] = right[j++];</pre>
}
// Sequential Merge Sort
void mergeSortSeq(vector<int>& arr, int 1, int r) {
    if (1 < r) {
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
        mergeSortSeq(arr, 1, m);
        mergeSortSeq(arr, m + 1, r);
        merge(arr, 1, m, r);
    }
}
// Parallel Merge Sort
void mergeSortPar(vector<int>& arr, int 1, int r) {
    if (1 < r) {
        int m = (1 + r) / 2;
```

```
#pragma omp parallel sections
            #pragma omp section
            mergeSortPar(arr, 1, m);
            #pragma omp section
            mergeSortPar(arr, m + 1, r);
        merge(arr, 1, m, r);
    }
}
int main() {
    vector<int> data = {8, 5, 2, 9, 1, 4};
    vector<int> arr1 = data, arr2 = data;
    vector<int> arr3 = data, arr4 = data;
    bubbleSortSeq(arr1);
    bubbleSortPar(arr2);
    mergeSortSeq(arr3, 0, arr3.size() - 1);
    mergeSortPar(arr4, 0, arr4.size() - 1);
    cout << "Sorted (Seq Bubble): ";</pre>
    for (int x : arr1) cout << x << " ";
    cout << "\nSorted (Par Bubble): ";</pre>
    for (int x : arr2) cout << x << " ";
    cout << "\nSorted (Seq Merge): ";</pre>
    for (int x : arr3) cout << x << " ";
    cout << "\nSorted (Par Merge): ";</pre>
    for (int x : arr4) cout << x << " ";</pre>
}
//Complie Windows:- g++ -fopenmp HPC_Practical_2.cpp -o HPC_Practical_2
//Run:- HPC_Practical_2.exe
//Complie linux:- sudo apt update
//sudo apt install g++ libomp-dev
//g++ -fopenmp HPC Practical 2.cpp -o HPC Practical 2
//./HPC_Practical_2
```

bqcofxpye

April 18, 2025

0.1 Implement Min, Max, Sum and Average oprations using Parallel Reduction.

```
[1]: import multiprocessing
     import random
     def parallel_reduction(operation, arr):
         with multiprocessing.Pool() as pool:
             if operation == "min":
                 return min(pool.map(min, arr))
             elif operation == "max":
                 return max(pool.map(max, arr))
             elif operation == "sum":
                 return sum(pool.map(sum, arr))
             elif operation == "avg":
                 return sum(pool.map(sum, arr)) / len(arr)
     if __name__ == "__main__":
         arr = [random.randint(0, 10000) for _ in range(10000)]
         chunked_arr = [arr[i::multiprocessing.cpu_count()] for i in_
      →range(multiprocessing.cpu_count())]
         print(f"Min: {parallel_reduction('min', chunked_arr)}")
         print(f"Max: {parallel_reduction('max', chunked_arr)}")
         print(f"Sum: {parallel_reduction('sum', chunked_arr)}")
         print(f"Average: {parallel_reduction('avg', chunked_arr)}")
```

Min: 0 Max: 10000 Sum: 49891056 Average: 6236382.0

5gj205fai

April 18, 2025

0.1 Write a cuda program for

- 1. Addition of two large vectors
- 2. Matrics Multiplication using CUDA C

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import time

n = 10**6
A = np.ones(n, dtype=np.float32)
B = np.full(n, 2.0, dtype=np.float32)

start = time.time()
C = A + B
end = time.time()

print(f"CPU vector add in {end - start:.6f} sec | C[0]: {C[0]}, C[-1]: {C[-1]}")
```

CPU vector add in 0.000999 sec | C[0]: 3.0, C[-1]: 3.0

```
[2]: import numpy as np
import time

# Matrix size
N = 1024

# Generate two random matrices
A = np.random.rand(N, N).astype(np.float32)
B = np.random.rand(N, N).astype(np.float32)

start = time.time()
C = np.matmul(A, B)
end = time.time()

print(f"CPU Matrix Multiplication Time: {end - start:.4f} seconds")
print(f"Result shape: {C.shape}")
```

CPU Matrix Multiplication Time: 0.0090 seconds

Result shape: (1024, 1024)