# Fire-Fighting Robot

Group-9

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### **Problem Statement**

Firefighters face serious risks from heat, toxic smoke, and dangerous environments, leading to potential burns, long-term health issues, and physical injuries.



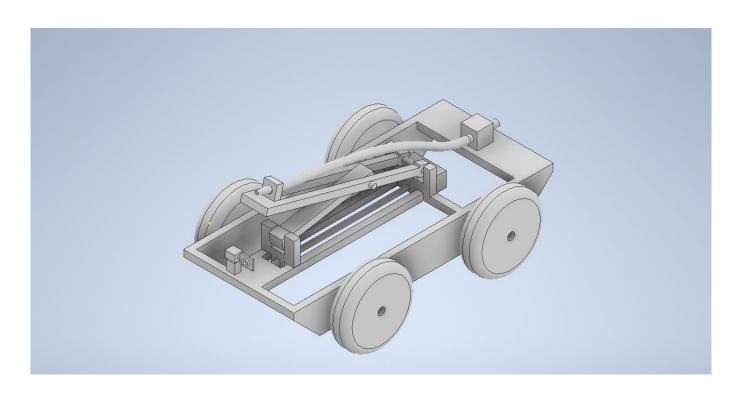
- Heat
- Smoke and Gases
- Dangerous Locations

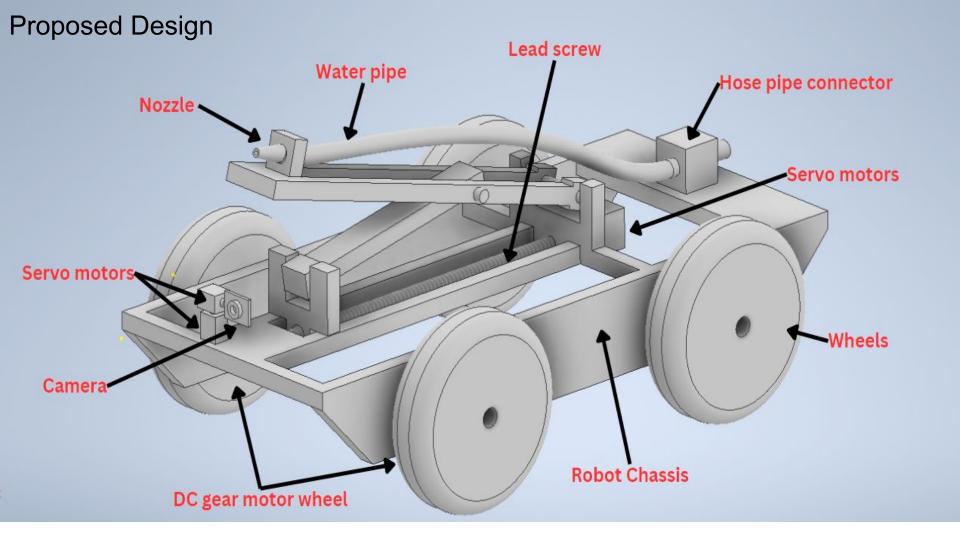


"why a problem".

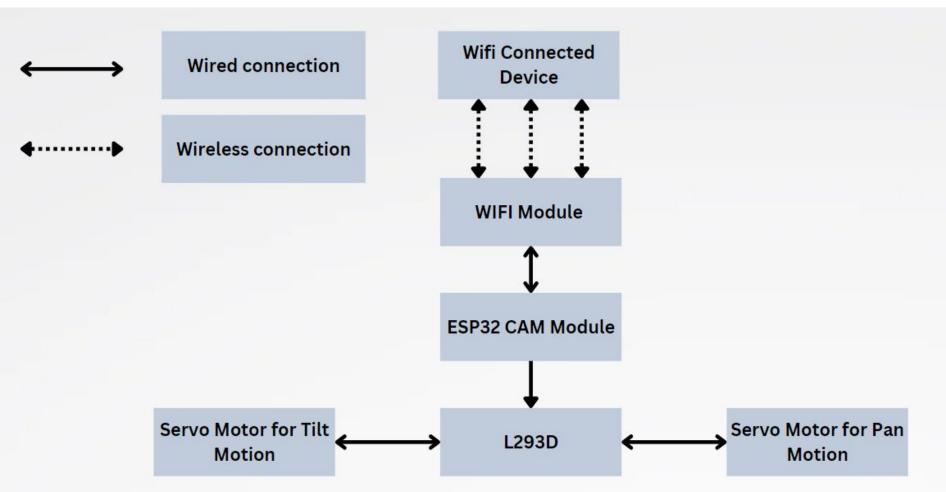
## **Proposed Solution**

Developing the fire fighting robots to enhance the safety of the firefighters.

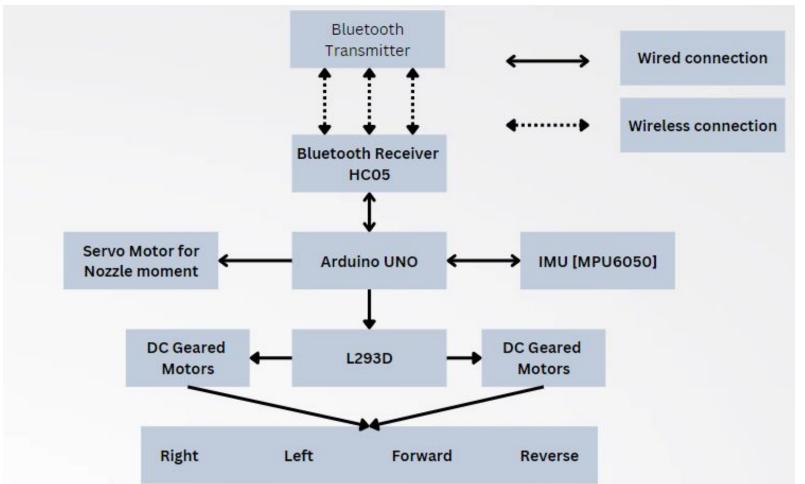




#### Mechatronic Architecture for Vision



#### Mechatronic Architecture for Direction Control



#### Calculations for motor selection

M = 15kg, Slope Inc( $\theta$ ) = 16°, Vel = 0.5m/s, Acc = 0.01m/s², Us = 0.8 Uk = 0.7 (Friction coeff)

Diameter of wheels = 11mm X 4, No of Motors = 2

Case: 1. Robot climbing the slope.

Torque required by single motor assuming 50% efficiency w.r.t to ratings = 7.7 kg cm [10 kg cm].

Case: 2. Robot stationary on the slope and spray water.

Torque required by single motor assuming 50% efficiency w.r.t to ratings = 8.5 kg cm [10 kg cm].

#### Range of water spray

On horizontal surface: **5m**, On Slope( $\theta$ ) = 16°: **3.9m** 

## **Fire-Detection Algorithm**

```
Known width = ___
Focal Length = ___
Distance = (known_width * focal_length) / perceived_width
Upper_Bound & Lower_Bound = ___
Start Video Capture:
    Convert into HSV color space
    Binary Masking & Plot Contours
    Draw Bounding-box
    Estimate distance
```

Work	Assigned to	Status (Before)	Status (Now)
Designing and CAD modelling	Nitya	Done	Done
Bill of Materials & Materials Ordering	Both	Remaining	Done for Chassis
Construction of Robot Chassis	Both	Remaining	Done (80%)
Connection of electrical hardware	Both	Remaining	Started Purchasing
Codes	Mayur	Remaining	Looking for Sources