



Tech Meets Tradition: Baramati's Sugarcane Farming Through the Lens of AI

SATELLITE-DRIVEN PEST AND DISEASE MONITORING IN SUGARCANE WITH FUTURE SCOPE OF SUBSURFACE DRIP IRRIGATION AND FERTIGATION FOR SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTION IN BARAMATI, MAHARASHTRA. AI Meets Tradition: Baramati Sugarcane Farming

Research Summary

AI-powered satellite and IoT integration addresses key agricultural challenges.

Key Results

- 40% Yield Increase
- 45% Water Reduction
- 59% Pesticide Decrease
- 22.7% Profitability Boost

Chapter 1: The Context

Addressing Regional Agricultural Challenges

The Baramati Agricultural Context

The Baramati region in India presents a challenging environment for high-yield sugarcane production, primarily due to intensifying resource constraints and climate variability.

→ Acute Water Scarcity

Traditional irrigation methods are highly inefficient, depleting groundwater reserves and necessitating urgent water conservation strategies.

→ Pest and Disease Pressure

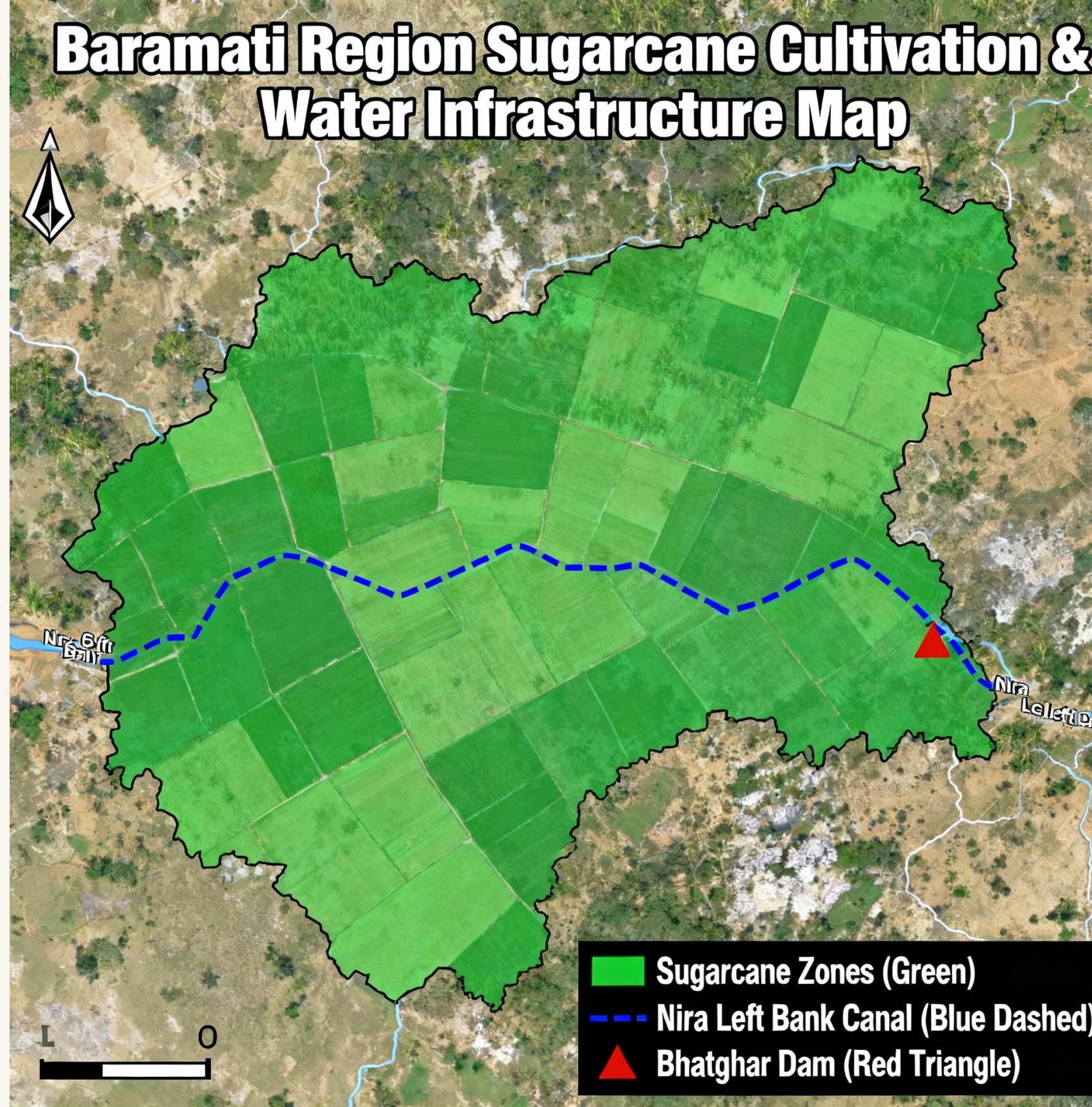
Crop diseases spread rapidly, requiring excessive—and often poorly timed—pesticide application, which impacts soil health and profitability.

→ Need for Modernization

There is a critical need to transition local farming practices from conventional methods to data-driven, precision agriculture using modern technological tools.



Baramati Region Sugarcane Cultivation & Water Infrastructure Map



Chapter 2: Research Framework

Defining the Scope and Objectives

AI-Enhanced Monitoring

Develop and test models for real-time, high-accuracy detection and classification of pests and diseases using aerial imagery.

Core Research Questions

Can integrated AI/IoT systems outperform traditional farming in resource management and yield metrics?



Automated Fertigation

Implement smart IoT systems to optimize water and nutrient delivery based on hyper-local, plot-specific needs.

Socioeconomic Impact

Quantify the effects of technology adoption on farm profitability, labor efficiency, and farmer income.

Policy Recommendations

Provide evidence-based recommendations for policy makers to facilitate broader technology adoption.

Chapter 2: Research Framework

Contextualizing the Research: Literature Overview

Sugarcane Production Challenges

The industry globally faces declining land availability and high input costs. Sustainable intensification is essential for meeting growing demand.

AI in Remote Sensing

Recent advances show satellite and drone-based imaging, combined with AI, significantly improves crop health monitoring and early stress detection.

Precision Irrigation & Nutrient Management

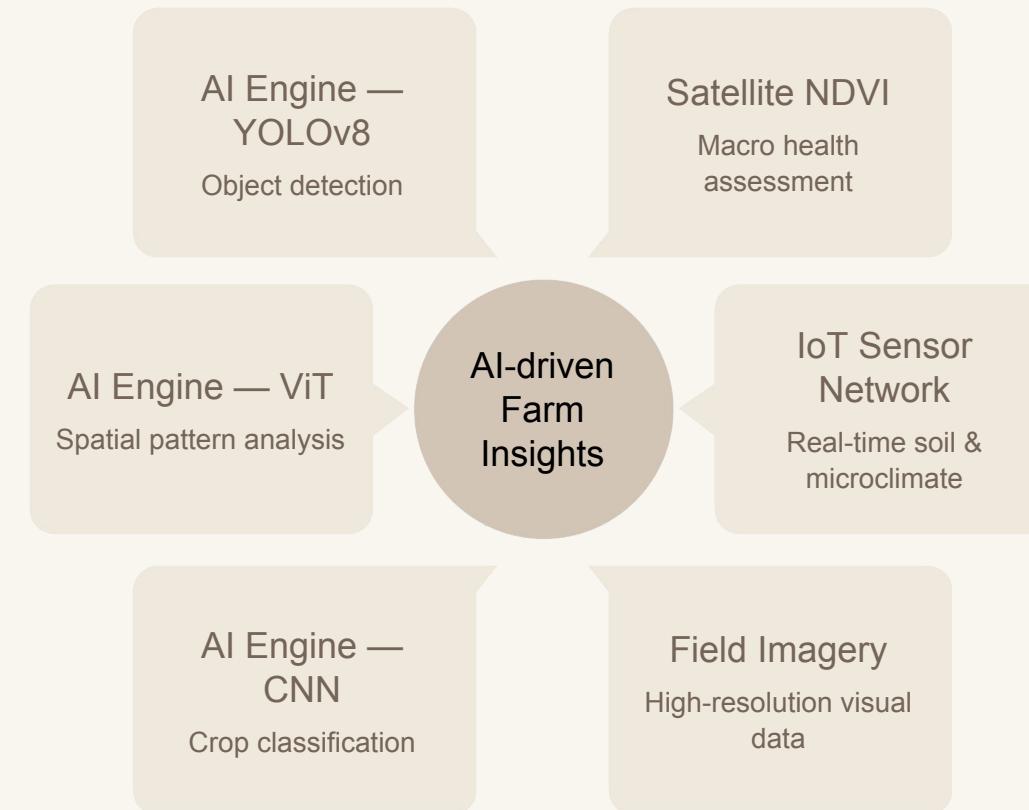
Studies confirm that sensor-driven Variable Rate Irrigation (VRI) reduces water use by 30-50% compared to fixed-schedule irrigation.

Deep Learning for Disease Detection

Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) demonstrate superior accuracy (>95%) over human experts in identifying specific crop diseases from leaf imagery.



The Technological Framework: Data Inputs and AI Models



Satellite NDVI Data

Normalized Difference Vegetation Index provides macro-level health assessment and field zoning for VRI deployment.



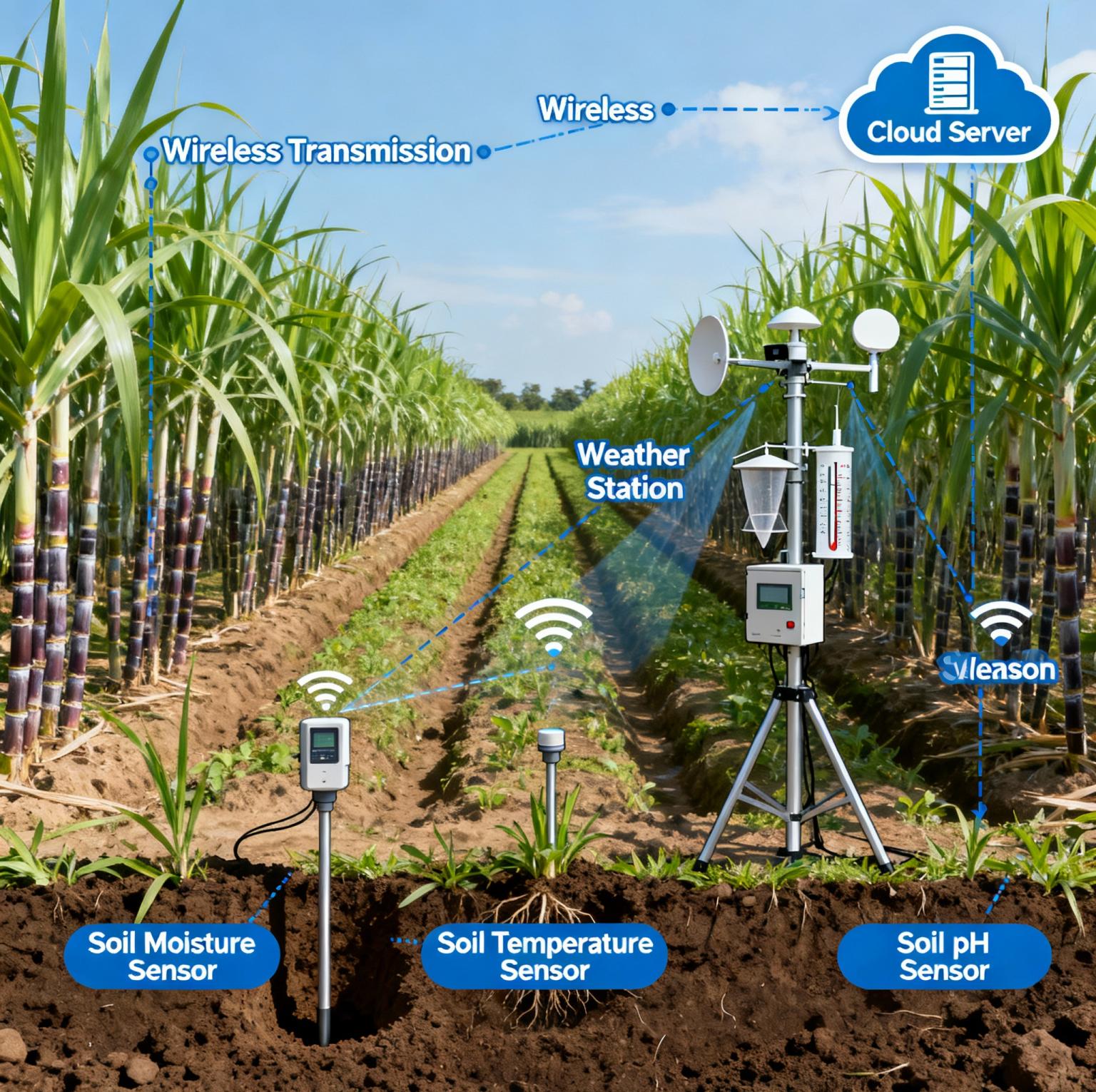
IoT Sensor Network

Real-time ground truth data on soil moisture, pH, temperature, and nutrient levels for hyper-local prescription maps.

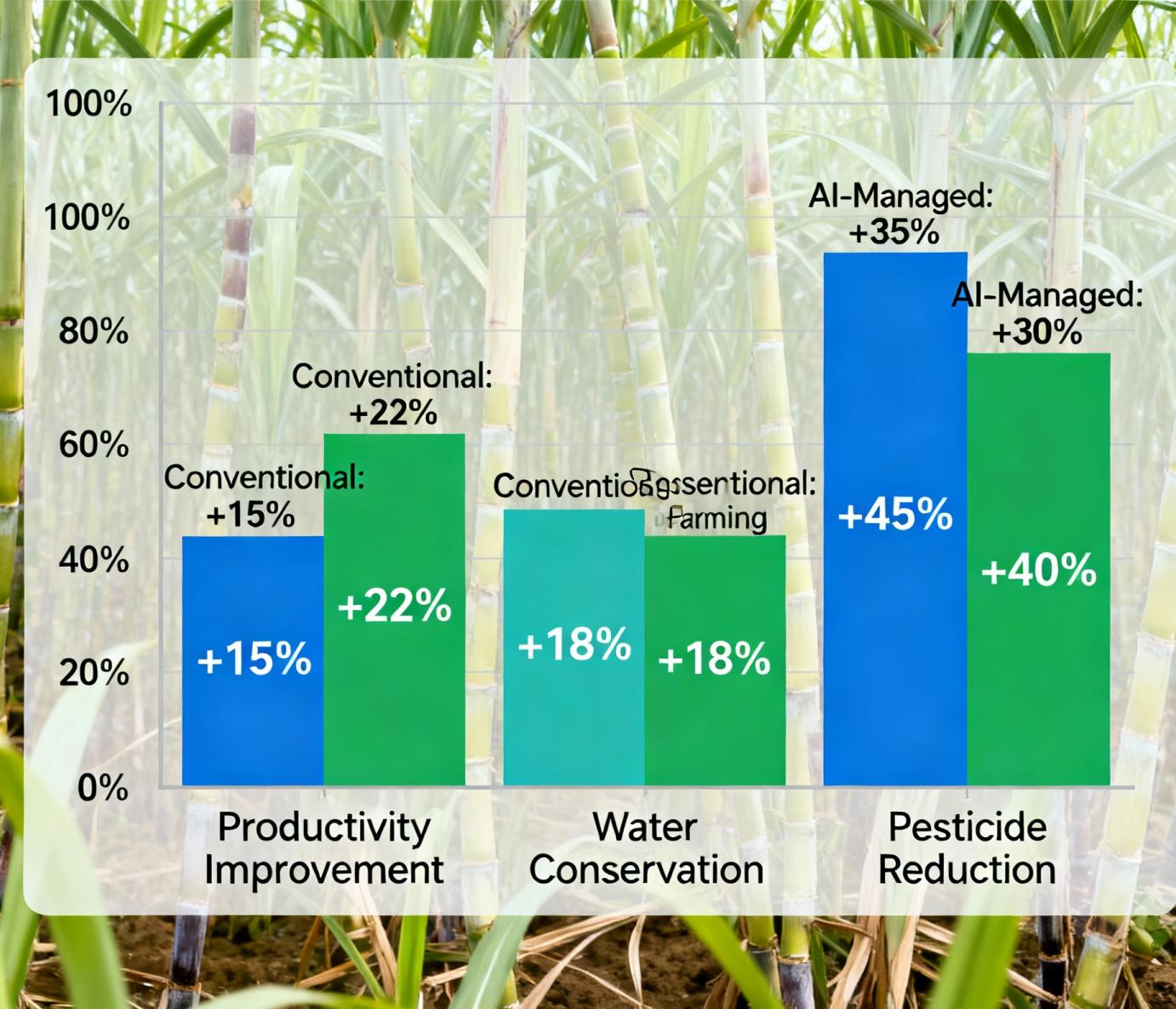


Deep Learning Models

Customized CNN, Vision Transformer, and YOLOv8 models process imagery for rapid and accurate detection of localized pest outbreaks.



Conventional vs AI-Managed Sugarcane Farming: Productivity, Water Conservation, and Pesticide Reduction Comparison



Rigorous Field Trials and Data Analysis Methodology

Mixed-Methods Research Design

Our study employed a parallel mixed-methods approach over two growing seasons, combining quantitative field trials with qualitative economic analysis.



Quantitative Field Trials

Comparison between AI-managed plots (experimental) and farmer-managed plots (control) across 50 acres.

Data Sources and ML Training

30TB of imagery and sensor data were used to train and validate models. Ground-truthing was performed weekly by agronomists.



Economic Analysis

Detailed records of all operational inputs, labor costs, and market prices were collected for profitability modeling.

Chapter 5: Outcomes

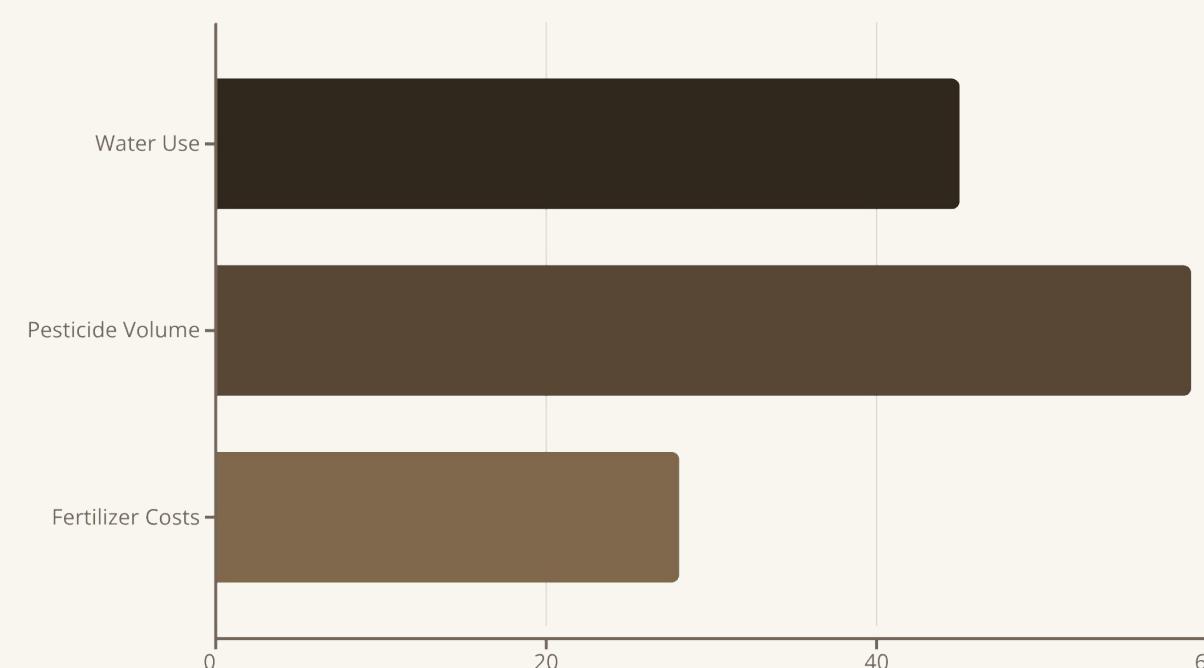
AI Performance and Farm Impact Data

Operational Metrics: Model Accuracy

| | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------|
| Pest/Disease Classification | CNN (ResNet-50) | 97.2% |
| Canopy Stress Mapping | Vision Transformer | 95.5% |
| Weed/Object Detection | YOLOv8 | 94.8% |

The integrated AI system demonstrated extremely high accuracy across all monitoring tasks, enabling precise and localized interventions.

Farm Resource Reduction



The optimized use of inputs led to substantial resource savings while increasing overall sugarcane yield by 40% in AI-managed plots.

Chapter 6: Value Proposition

Sustainability and Economic Benefits

4.5X

ROI on Investment

Initial investment costs in hardware and software were recouped within 2-3 growing seasons.



Environmental Stewardship

Minimized runoff, reduced chemical exposure, and significant water conservation practices.

22.7%

Profitability Boost

Increased yield and reduced input costs resulted in significant net income gains for participating farmers.



Cost Savings

Lower expenditure on pesticides, fertilizers, and labor for irrigation monitoring.

1.5 Years

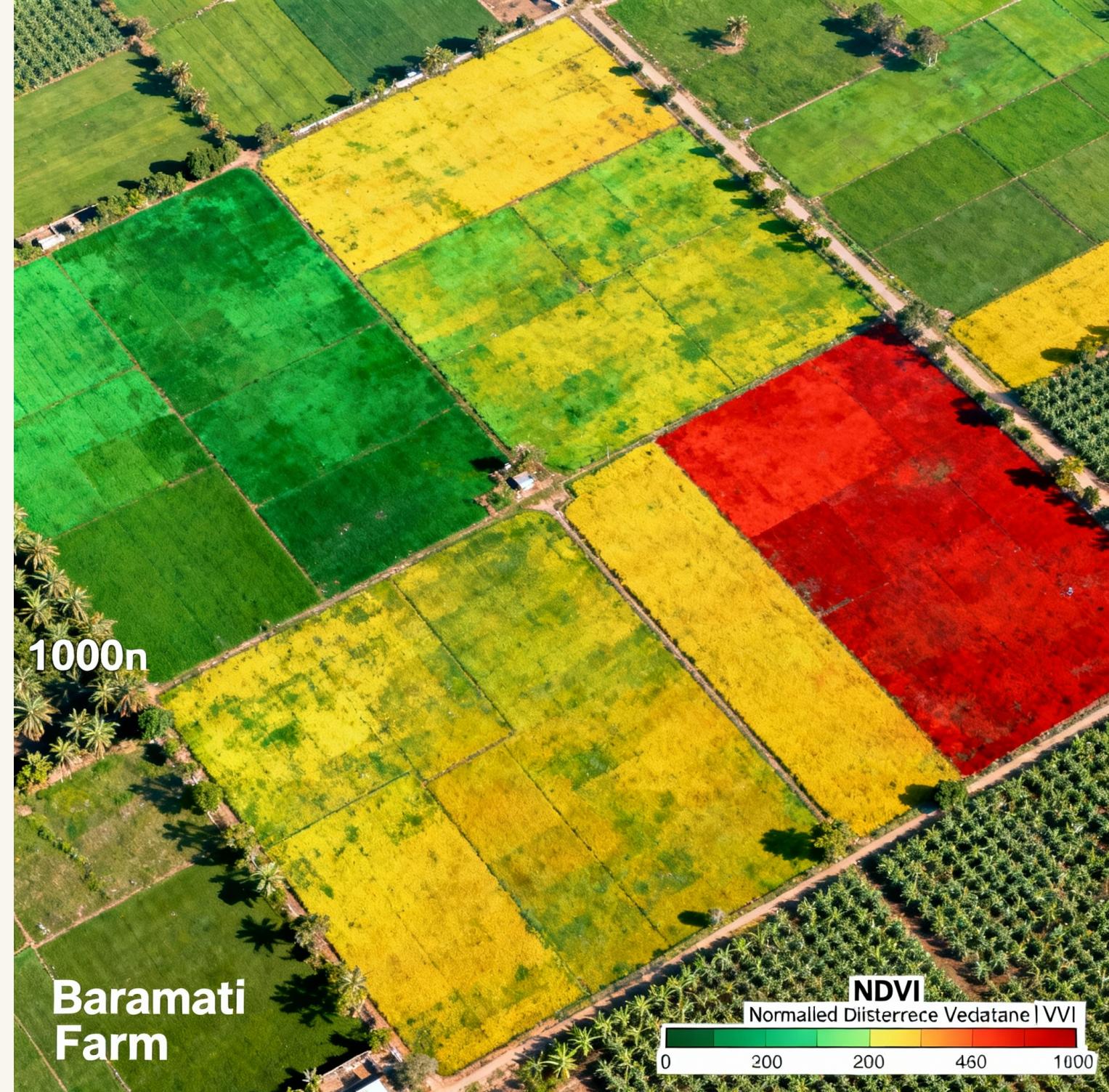
Break-even Point

The average time to achieve financial breakeven on technology implementation was faster than projected.



Community Resilience

The technology enables more stable yields, contributing to local food security and economic stability.



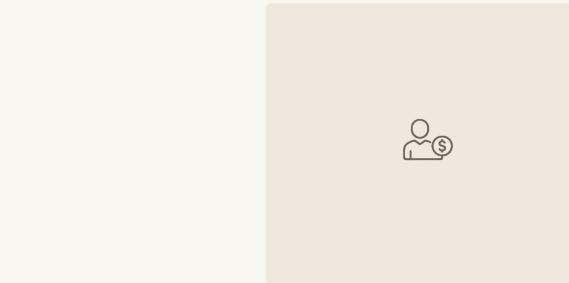
Conclusions and Recommendations for Scale

Key Conclusion: The AI Advantage

Integrating AI-driven remote sensing and IoT is a highly effective pathway to transform resource-intensive sugarcane farming into a precision-based, sustainable, and highly profitable enterprise.



Policy and Implementation Roadmap



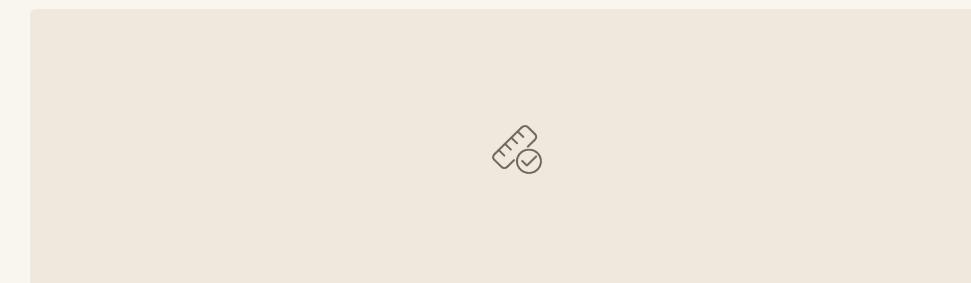
Subsidize Technology Access

Government funding and low-interest loans are crucial for initial hardware investment.



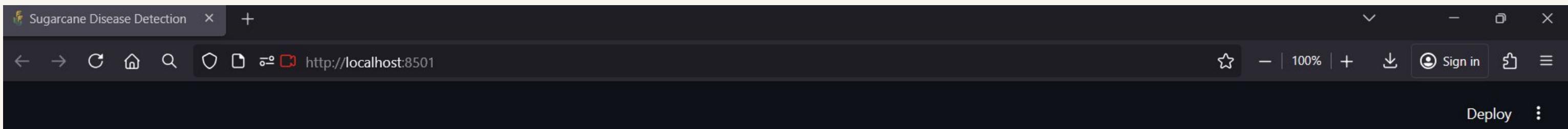
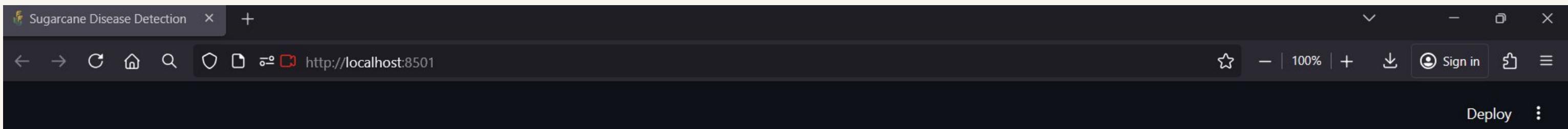
Enhance Extension Training

Develop specialized programs for extension officers to guide farmers on system operation and data interpretation.



Establish Data Standards

Create standardized data collection protocols to ensure compatibility across various sensor and AI platforms.



Deploy



Upload a clear image or capture from camera to detect leaf diseases.

Upload image (JPG, JPEG, PNG)

Drag and drop file here

Limit 200MB per file • JPG, JPEG, PNG

Browse files



healthy (1).jpeg

63.2KB

Capture from camera



Take Photo



Selected Image

Predict Disease



Thank You

Questions & Discussion

We welcome the opportunity to discuss the implications of this research for future policy and investment strategies in precision agriculture.