

## Pre-lab Part 1

1.

```
def bf_insert(self, key):
    index1 = hash(salt1, key) % self.size
    bv_set_bit(self, index1)
    index2 = hash(salt2, key) % self.size
    bv_set_bit(self, index1)
    index3 = hash(salt3, key) % self.size
    bv_set_bit(self, index1)
    return

def bf_delete(self):
    bv_delete(self)
    return
```

2.

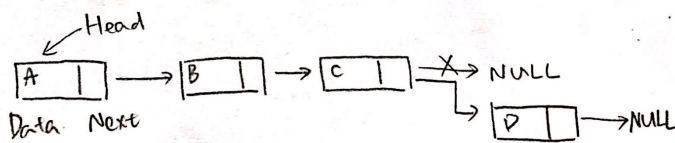
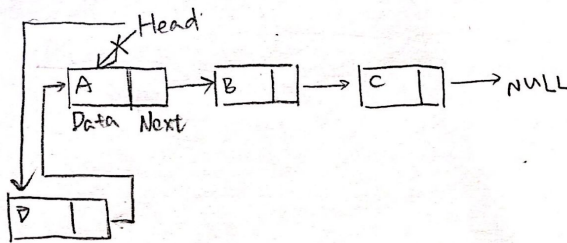
insertion and search:  $O(k)$

space of the actual data structure:  $O(m)$

## Pre-lab Part2

1.

linked list



CS Scanned with CamScanner

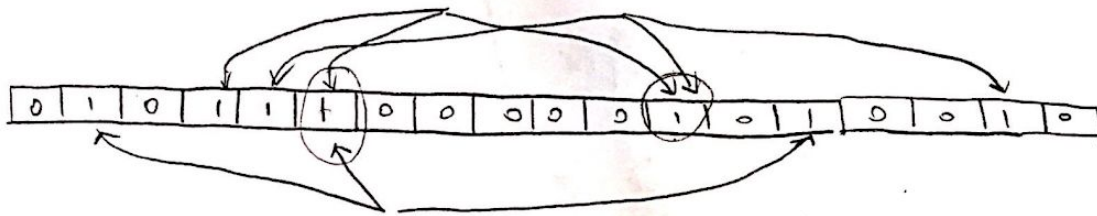
2.

```
def ll_insert(self, newData):
    if move_to_front:
        newNode = ll_create(newData)
        newNode.next = self.head
        self.head = newNode
    else
```

```
newNode = ll_create(newData)
temp = self.tail
temp.next = newNode
self.tail = newNode
newNode.next = NULL
```

bloom filter. ( $m$  bits and  $k$  hash functions)  
 operation: add  
 search/query.  
 time/space complexity  
 insertion and search:  $O(k)$   
 space of actual data structure  
 $O(m)$

$k = 3$  hash functions:  $h_1, h_2, h_3$



pass  $\{x, y, z\}$  through 3 hash functions and set the corresponding bits in the bloom filter.

hash functions

hashes keys to generate indices for each value.

a salt

take in two inputs: a key, a salt

Struct HatterSpeak.

HatterSpeak. \*gs  $\rightarrow$  oldSpeak.  
 $\rightarrow$  hatterspeak.

