Lab Assignment 05

Course Code:	CSE111
Course Title:	Programming Language II
Topic:	Instance Variable, and Instance Method
Number of Tasks:	11

[Submit all the Coding Tasks in the Google Form shared on buX before the next lab. Submit the Tracing Tasks handwritten to your Lab Instructors at the beginning of the lab]

[You are not allowed to change the driver codes of any of the tasks]

Task 1

Design the **Course** class to generate the correct output from the driver code provided below:

Course Class:

```
public class Course{
    public String cName;
    public String code;
    public int credit;
    // Write your code here
}
```

Driver Code	Output
| ```java
public class Tester1{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Course c1 = new Course();
        Course c2 = new Course();

        System.out.println("========== 1 ==========");
        c1.createCourse("Programming Language I", "CSE110", 3);
        c1.displayCourse();

        System.out.println("========== 2 ==========");
        c2.createCourse("Data Structures", "CSE220", 3);
        c2.displayCourse();

        System.out.println("========== 3 ==========");
        c1.updateCourse("Programming Language II", "CSE111", 3);
        c1.displayCourse();
    }
}
``` | ```
========== 1 ==========
Course Name:
Programming Language I
Course Code: CSE110
Course Credit: 3
========== 2 ==========
Course Name: Data
Structures
Course Code: CSE220
Course Credit: 3
========== 3 ==========
Course Name:
Programming Language II
Course Code: CSE111
Course Credit: 3
``` |

Task 2

Create a **Dog** class so that the tester code generates the given output:

Driver Code	Expected Output
| ```java
public class Tester2{
  public static void main (String[] args) {
    Dog scooby = new Dog();
    Dog oldie = new Dog();
    Dog goofy = new Dog();

    scooby.changeName("Scooby");
    goofy.changeName("Goofy");

    System.out.println("1. ==============");
    System.out.println(scooby.bark());
    System.out.println("2. ==============");
    System.out.println(oldie.bark());
    System.out.println("3. ==============");
    oldie.changeColor("White");
    System.out.println("4. ==============");
    System.out.println(oldie.bark());
    System.out.println("5. ==============");
    System.out.println(goofy.bark());
    System.out.println("6. ==============");
    scooby.changeColor("Brown");
    System.out.println("7. ==============");
    System.out.println(scooby.bark());
    System.out.println("8. ==============");
    goofy.changeColor("Black");
  }
}
``` | ```
1. ==============
Scooby is barking
2. ==============
A dog is barking
3. ==============
This dog is White
4. ==============
White dog is barking
5. ==============
Goofy is barking
6. ==============
Scooby is Brown
7. ==============
Scooby the Brown dog is
barking
8. ==============
Goofy is Black
``` |

Task 3

Create an **Employee** class to provide the expected output.
- An employee will have a name, salary and designation.
- The name will be assigned inside the newEmployee() method

- Whenever a New Employee joins his/her salary will be **Tk. 30,000** and the designation will be **junior**.
- Employees with salaries greater than **Tk. 50,000** and **Tk. 30,000** need to pay **30%** and **10%** of salary as tax respectively.
- Employees can be promoted to **senior**, **lead** and **manager** positions. Based on their promotion they will get an increment of **Tk. 25,000**, **Tk. 50,000** and **Tk. 75,000** respectively.

Driver Code	Expected Output
| ```java
public class Tester3{
  public static void main(String[] args){
    Employee emp1 = new Employee();
    Employee emp2 = new Employee();
    Employee emp3 = new Employee();

    emp1.newEmployee("Harry Potter");
    emp2.newEmployee("Hermione Granger");
    emp3.newEmployee("Ron Weasley");
    System.out.println("1 =========");
    emp1.displayInfo();
    System.out.println("2 =========");
    emp2.displayInfo();
    System.out.println("3 =========");
    emp3.displayInfo();
    System.out.println("4 =========");
    emp1.calculateTax();
    System.out.println("5 =========");
    emp1.promoteEmployee("lead");
    System.out.println("6 =========");
    emp1.calculateTax();
    System.out.println("7 =========");
    emp1.displayInfo();
    System.out.println("8 =========");
    emp3.promoteEmployee("manager");
    System.out.println("9 =========");
    emp3.calculateTax();
    System.out.println("10 =========");
    emp3.displayInfo();
  }
}
``` | ```
1 ==========
Employee Name: Harry Potter
Employee Salary: 30000.0 Tk
Employee Designation: junior
2 ==========
Employee Name: Hermione Granger
Employee Salary: 30000.0 Tk
Employee Designation: junior
3 ==========
Employee Name: Ron Weasley
Employee Salary: 30000.0 Tk
Employee Designation: junior
4 ==========
No need to pay tax
5 ==========
Harry Potter has been promoted to
lead
New Salary: 80000.00 Tk
6 ==========
Harry Potter Tax Amount: 24000.00
Tk
7 ==========
Employee Name: Harry Potter
Employee Salary: 80000.0 Tk
Employee Designation: lead
8 ==========
Ron Weasley has been promoted to
manager
New Salary: 105000.00 Tk
9 ==========
Ron Weasley Tax Amount: 31500.00
Tk
10 ==========
Employee Name: Ron Weasley
Employee Salary: 105000.0 Tk
Employee Designation: manager
``` |

Task 4

You are building a tracker system that will keep track of a person's income and expenses.

- When the **createTracker()** method is invoked it sets the balance to 1.0 taka.
- The **info()** method **returns** a String with the trackers information.
- If the total balance becomes 0 after the **expense()** method is called it prints "You're broke!" . Again if the available balance is less than the expense it prints "Not enough balance.". Otherwise the method prints "Balance updated" after updating the balance.
- The last expense and income history can be seen by using the **history()** method.

Driver Code	Output
| ```java
public class Tester4{
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    MoneyTracker tr1 = new MoneyTracker();
    System.out.println(tr1.info());
    tr1.createTracker("John");
    System.out.println("1 =========");
    System.out.println(tr1.info());
    System.out.println("2 =========");
    tr1.income(1000);
    System.out.println(tr1.info());
    System.out.println("3 =========");
    tr1.expense(800);
    tr1.expense(100);
    System.out.println(tr1.info());
    System.out.println("4 =========");
    tr1.showHistory();
    System.out.println("5 =========");
    tr1.expense(101);
    System.out.println("6 =========");
    tr1.expense(200);
    System.out.println("7 =========");
    tr1.income(200);
    tr1.showHistory();
    System.out.println("8 =========");
  }
}
``` | ```
Name: null
Current Balance: 0.0
1 ==========
Name: John
Current Balance: 1.0
2 ==========
Balance Updated!
Name: John
Current Balance: 1001.0
3 ==========
Balance Updated.
Balance Updated.
Name: John
Current Balance: 101.0
4 ==========
Last added: 1000.0
Last spent: 100.0
5 ==========
You're broke!
6 ==========
Not enough balance.
7 ==========
Balance Updated!
Last added: 200.0
Last spent: 100.0
8 ==========
``` |

Task 5

Create a **MagicItem** class to provide the expected output. A character will have a name, energy level, and three individual magic items (item1, item2, and item3).

- The name will be assigned inside the **newCharacter()** method. Whenever a new character is created, they will start with 0 energy and no magic items.
- Characters can find and use magic items, each with a specific energy boost. Magic items include "Potion" (+50), "Elixir" (+100), and "Amulet" (+200).
- Characters can use a magic item if they have it, which increases their energy level.

Driver Code	Output
| ```java
public class StrangerMagic {
  public static void main(String[] args){
    MagicItem char1 = new MagicItem();
    MagicItem char2 = new MagicItem();


    char1.newCharacter("Eleven");
    char2.newCharacter("Mike Wheeler");

    System.out.println("1 =========");
    char1.displayInfo();
    System.out.println("2 =========");
    char2.displayInfo();
    System.out.println("3 =========");
    char1.findItem("Potion");
    char1.findItem("Elixir");
    char1.findItem("Elixir");
    char2.findItem("Potion");
    System.out.println("4 =========");
    char1.findItem("Amulet");
    System.out.println("5 =========");
    char1.displayInfo();
    System.out.println("6 =========");
    char1.useItem("Potion");
    char1.useItem("Elixir");
    System.out.println("7 =========");
    char1.displayInfo();
    System.out.println("8 =========");
    char1.findItem("Amulet");
    System.out.println("9 =========");
``` | ```
1 ==========
Character Name: Eleven
Energy Level: 0
Item 1: null
Item 2: null
Item 3: null
2 ==========
Character Name: Mike Wheeler
Energy Level: 0
Item 1: null
Item 2: null
Item 3: null
3 ==========
Eleven found a Potion
Eleven found a Elixir
Eleven found a Elixir
Mike Wheeler found a Potion
4 ==========
All item slots occupied.
5 ==========
Character Name: Eleven
Energy Level: 0
Item 1: Potion
Item 2: Elixir
Item 3: Elixir
6 ==========
Eleven used a Potion
Energy Level after using item: 50
Eleven used a Elixir
Energy Level after using item:
150
7 ==========
Character Name: Eleven
Energy Level: 150
Item 1: null
Item 2: null
``` |

```
    char1.displayInfo();
    System.out.println("10 =========");
    char2.useItem("Amulet");
    System.out.println("11 =========");
    char2.displayInfo();
  }
}
```

```
Item 3: Elixir
8 ==========
Eleven found a Amulet
9 ==========
Character Name: Eleven
Energy Level: 150
Item 1: Amulet
Item 2: null
Item 3: Elixir
10 ==========
Item not in inventory.
11 ==========
Character Name: Mike Wheeler
Energy Level: 0
Item 1: Potion
Item 2: null
Item 3: null
```

Task 6

Complete the following **Cart** class to generate the given output from the tester code:

- A cart will have a cart number which will be assigned in *create_cart()* method.
- Each cart can hold up to 3 items (at max).
- Each cart must have two arrays to store items and their respective prices.
- The items inside a cart will be added in *addItem()* method only if the cart items do not exceed 3.
- The *giveDiscount()* method saves the discount given to that cart object and updates the price accordingly.

Driver Code	Expected Output

public class Tester6{
  public static void main(String [] args){
    Cart c1 = new Cart ();
    Cart c2 = new Cart ();
    Cart c3 = new Cart ();
 	
    c1.create_cart(1);
    c2.create_cart(2);
	====1====
	Table added to cart 1.
	You have 1 item(s) in your cart now.
	Chair added to cart 1.
	You have 2 item(s) in your cart now.
	Television added to cart 1.
	You have 3 item(s) in your cart now.
	You already have 3 items on your cart
	====2====
	Stove added to cart 2.

```java
        c3.create_cart(3);
        System.out.println("====1====");
        c1.addItem("Table", 3900.5);
        c1.addItem("Chair", 1400.76);
        c1.addItem("Television", 5400.87);
        c1.addItem("Refrigerator", 5000);

        System.out.println("====2====");
        c2.addItem("Stove",439.90);

        System.out.println(""====3===="");
        c3.addItem("Chair",1400.5);
        c3.addItem("Chair",3400);

        System.out.println(""====4===="");
        c1.cartDetails();

        System.out.println(""====5===="");
        c2.cartDetails();

        System.out.println(""====6===="");
        c3.cartDetails();
        c1.giveDiscount(10);

        System.out.println(""====7===="");
        c1.cartDetails();
    }
}
```

```
You have 1 item(s) in your cart now.
====3====
Chair added to cart 3.
You have 1 item(s) in your cart now.
Chair added to cart 3.
You have 2 item(s) in your cart now.
====4====
Your cart(c1) :
Table - 3900.5
Chair - 1400.76
Television - 5400.87
Discount Applied: 0.0%
Total price: 10702.130000000001
====5====
Your cart(c2) :
Stove - 439.9
Discount Applied: 0.0%
Total price: 439.9
====6====
Your cart(c3) :
Chair - 1400.5
Chair - 3400.0
Discount Applied: 0.0%
Total price: 4800.5
====7====
Your cart(c1) :
Table - 3900.5
Chair - 1400.76
Television - 5400.87
Discount Applied: 10.0%
Total price: 9631.917000000001
```

Task 7

Design the **Reader** class in such a way so that the following code provides the expected output.

- A reader will have a name, capacity to read and an array of books they are reading.
- The initial capacity of a reader will be 0. The initial name will be "New user".
- A new array is created every time a reader's capacity is increased, which replaces the initial array.

Driver Code	Expected Output
| ```java
public class Reader_tester {
  public static void main(String[] args){
    Reader r1 = new Reader();
    Reader r2 = new Reader();

    r1.createReader("Messi", 2);
    r2.createReader("Ronaldo", 5);

    System.out.println("1 =========");
    r1.readerInfo();

    System.out.println("2 =========");
    r2.addBook("Java");
    r2.addBook("Python");
    r2.addBook("C++");
    r2.readerInfo();

    System.out.println("3 =========");
    r1.addBook("C#");
    r1.addBook("Rust");
    r1.addBook("GoLang");

    System.out.println("4 =========");
    r1.increaseCapacity(5);
    r1.addBook("Python");

    System.out.println("5 =========");
    r1.readerInfo();
  }
}
``` | ```
1 ==========
Name: Messi
Capacity: 2
Books:
No books added yet
2 ==========
Name: Ronaldo
Capacity: 5
Books:
Book 1: Java
Book 2: Python
Book 3: C++
3 ==========
No more space for new book
4 ==========
Messi's capacity increased to
5
5 ==========
Name: Messi
Capacity: 5
Books:
Book 1: C#
Book 2: Rust
Book 3: Python
``` |

Task 8

You are building a ride booking app called UberApp. Using this app, a customer can book 3 rides.

- **BookRide(Location, Distance)** method books rides for a user and prints the fare for that ride based on the distance. After booking the ride, fare will be calculated as below:

    Fare = 30 * distance

- A person can change the location of their last booked ride using **changeLocation(Location, Distance)** method. The new fare is calculated as;

    Fare = 30 * distance + 20% of new Fare. i.g. If, new Fare = 210, then the total fare after changing location will be 210 + 210 * 0.2 = 252

- The UberApp keeps track of all the locations visited by the user in an array of String.

- The **resetMonth()** method resets the location visited in a month as well as the number of remaining rides of that month.

Design the **UberApp class** that will produce the following output.

Driver Code	Output
```public class AppTester { public static void main(String args[]){ UberApp account1 = new UberApp(); UberApp account2 = new UberApp(); account1.createProfile("Jonas Kahnwald", 24, "017111111111"); account2.createProfile("Martha Nielsen", 28, "018111111111"); account1.showProfile(); System.out.println("===== 1 ===="); System.out.println("You have "+ account1.remainingRides() +" ride(s) remaining."); System.out.println("==== 2 ===="); account2.showProfile(); System.out.println("You have "+ account2.remainingRides() +" ride(s) remaining.");```	```Hello! This is your Profile: Full Name: Jonas Kahnwald Age: 24 Phone Number: 017111111111 ===== 1 ==== You have 3 ride(s) remaining. ==== 2 ==== Hello! This is your Profile: Full Name: Martha Nielsen Age: 28 Phone Number: 018111111111 You have 3 ride(s) remaining. ==== 3 ==== Jonas Kahnwald has booked a ride! Destination: Merul Badda Fare: 360.0 Taka ==== 4 ==== Jonas Kahnwald has booked a ride! Destination: Dhanmondi 27 Fare: 129.0 Taka Jonas Kahnwald has changed the destination of his current ride to Wari New fare after adding 20% change fees: 201.6 Taka.```

```java
        System.out.println("==== 3 ====");
        account1.bookRide("Merul Badda", 12.0);

        System.out.println("==== 4 ====");
        account1.bookRide("Dhanmondi 27", 4.3);
        account1.changeLocation("Wari", 5.6);

        System.out.println("==== 5 ====");
        account1.ridingHistory();

        System.out.println("==== 6 ====");
        account2.ridingHistory();

        System.out.println("==== 7 ====");
        account1.bookRide("Banani 11", 6.8);
        account1.bookRide("Gulshan 1", 2.1);

        System.out.println("==== 8 ====");
        account1.resetMonth();
        account1.bookRide("Gulshan 1", 2.1);
        account1.ridingHistory();
        System.out.println("You have "+
account1.remainingRides() +" ride(s) remaining.");
    }
}
```

```
==== 5 ====
Jonas Kahnwald, you have visited
Merul Badda, Wari this month.
==== 6 ====
Martha Nielsen, you haven't visited
anywhere this month.
==== 7 ====
Jonas Kahnwald has booked a ride!
Destination: Banani 11
Fare: 204.0 Taka
Jonas Kahnwald, please update your
plan to premium or wait till next
month!
==== 8 ====
Jonas Kahnwald has booked a ride!
Destination: Gulshan 1
Fare: 63.0 Taka
Jonas Kahnwald, you have visited
Gulshan 1 this month.
You have 2 ride(s) remaining.
```

Task 9

1	`public class Task09 {`
2	`    public int p = 3, y = 2, sum;`
3	`    public void methodA(){`
4	`        int x = 0, y = 0;`
5	`        y = y + this.y;`
6	`        x = sum + 2 + p;`
7	`        sum = x + y + methodB(p, y);`
8	`        System.out.println(x + " " + y+ " " + sum);`
9	`    }`
10	`    public int methodB(int p, int n){`
11	`        int x = 0;`
12	`        y = y + (++p);`
13	`        x = x + 2 + n;`
14	`        sum = sum + x + y;`
15	`        System.out.println(x + " " + y+ " " + sum);`
16	`        return sum;`
17	`    }`
18	`}`

Driver code:

```
public class Tester09 {
    public static void main(String [] args){
        Task09 t1 = new Task09 ();
        t1.methodA();
        t1.methodA();
    }
}
```

Outputs		
X	**y**	**Sum**

Task 10

```java
1    public class test1 {
2        public int x = 3;
3        public int y = 0;
4        public int z = -1;
5        public void case1(int x){
6            int y = 12;
7            this.x = y + 4 + x;
8            y += this.y +1;
9            case2(this.y, z);
10           System.out.println(x + " "+ y + " "+ z);
11           this.y = this.x + z;
12           System.out.println(this.x + " "+ this.y + " "+ this.z);
13       }
14       public void case2(int temp, int z){
15           this.x = z + temp + this.z;
16           this.z = y + z;
17           System.out.println(x + " "+ y + " "+ z);
18           y  = x + y + z;
19           temp = x;
20           x = this.z;
21           this.z = temp;
22           System.out.println(this.x + " "+ this.y + " "+ this.z);
23       }
24   }
```

Driver code:

``
public class test1Driver {
    public static void main(String [] args){
        test1 t1 = new test1();
        t1.case1(4);
        t1.case2(5, 6);
    }
}
``
	Outputs		

Task 11

1	```public class Task11 {```
2	``` public int temp = 4;```
3	``` public int sum;```
4	``` public int y;```
5	``` public int x;```
6	``` public void methodA(int m){```
7	``` int [] n = {2,5};```
8	``` int x = 0;```
9	``` y = y + m + this.methodB(x,m)+(temp++)+y;```
10	``` x = this.x + 2 + (++n[0]);```
11	``` sum = sum + x + y;```
12	``` n[0] = sum + 2;```
13	``` System.out.println(n[0] + x + " " + y+ " " + sum);```

14	`        }`
15	`    public int methodB(int m, int n){`
16	`        int [] y = {1};`
17	`        this.y = y[0] + this.y + m;`
18	`        x = this.y + 2 + temp - n;`
19	`        sum = x + y[0] + this.sum;`
20	`        System.out.println(y[0]+ x + " " + y[0] + " " +sum);`
21	`        return y[0];`
22	`    }`
23	`}`

	Outputs
```public class Tester11 { public static void main(String [] args){ Task11 t1 = new Task11(); t1.methodA(5); t1.methodA(3); }}```	<table><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>