

Inspiring Excellence

Course Code:	CSE111
Course Title:	Programming Language II
Lab No:	10
Topic:	OOP (Inheritance)
Number of tasks:	5 Classwork + 4 Homework

- ** You are not allowed to change any of the code of the tasks
- ** Use Inheritance to solve all problems

Classwork Part

Task - 1

Given the following classes, write the code for the **BBA_Student** class so that the following output is printed:

```
Output:
class Student:
                                                                           Name: default Department: BBA
    def __init__(self, name='Just a student', dept='nothing'):
                                                                           Name: Humpty Dumpty Department: BBA
        self. name = name
                                                                           Name: Little Bo Peep Department: BBA
        self.__department = dept
    def set_department(self, dept):
        self.__department = dept
    def get name(self):
        return self. name
    def set_name(self,name):
        self. name = name
    def detail(self):
        return 'Name: '+self.__name+' Department: '+self.__department
#write your code here
print(BBA_Student().detail())
print(BBA_Student('Humpty Dumpty').detail())
print(BBA_Student('Little Bo Peep').detail())
```

Task – 2

```
class Vehicle:
                                                          OUTPUT:
                                                          Part 1
    def __init__(self):
                                                          _____
        self.x = 0
                                                          (0, 0)
        self.y = 0
                                                          (0, 1)
    def moveUp(self):
                                                          (-1, 1)
        self.y += 1
                                                          (-1, 0)
    def moveDown(self):
                                                          (0, 0)
        self.y -= 1
    def moveRight(self):
                                                          Part 2
        self.x += 1
    def moveLeft(self):
                                                          (0, 0)
        self.x -= 1
                                                          (-1, -1)
    def detail(self):
                                                          False
        return '('+str(self.x)+' , '+str(self.y)+')'
                                                          True
#write your code here
print('Part 1')
print('----')
car = Vehicle()
print(car.detail())
car.moveUp()
print(car.detail())
car.moveLeft()
print(car.detail())
car.moveDown()
print(car.detail())
car.moveRight()
print(car.detail())
print('----')
print('Part 2')
print('----')
car1 = Vehicle2010()
print(car1.detail())
car1.moveLowerLeft()
print(car1.detail())
car2 = Vehicle2010()
car2.moveLeft()
print(car1.equals(car2))
```

```
car2.moveDown()
print(car1.equals(car2))
```

A vehicle assumes that the whole world is a 2-dimensional graph paper. It maintains its x and y coordinates (both are integers). The vehicle gets manufactured (constructed) at (0, 0) coordinate.

Subtasks:

- Design a Vehicle2010 class that inherits movement methods from Vehicle and adds new methods called move UpperRight, UpperLeft, LowerRight, LowerLeft. Each of these diagonal move methods must re-use two inherited and appropriate move methods.
- 2. Write an "equals" method that tests if significant class properties are the same (in this case x and y).

Note: All moves are 1 step. That means a single call to any move method changes value of either x or y or both by 1.

Task - 3

Given the following classes, write the code for the **Cricket_Tournament** and the **Tennis_Tournment** class so that the following output is printed.

```
class Tournament:
                                           OUTPUT:
   def __init__(self,name='Default'):
                                           Cricket Tournament Name: Default
                                           Number of Teams: 0
       self. name = name
   def set_name(self,name):
                                           Type: No type
       self. name = name
   def get name(self):
                                           Cricket Tournament Name: IPL
       return self.__name
                                           Number of Teams: 10
                                           Type: t20
#write your code here
                                           Tennis Tournament Name: Roland Garros
ct1 = Cricket Tournament()
                                           Number of Players: 128
print(ct1.detail())
print("----")
ct2 = Cricket_Tournament("IPL",10,"t20")
print(ct2.detail())
print("-----")
tt = Tennis Tournament("Roland Garros",128)
print(tt.detail())
```

Given the following classes, write the code for the **Book** and the **CD** class so that the following output is printed.

```
class Product:
                                                              OUTPUT:
   def __init__(self,id, title, price):
                                                              ID: 1 Title: The Alchemist Price: 500
                                                              ISBN: 97806 Publisher: HarperCollins
       self.\_id = id
       self.__title = title
       self. price = price
                                                              ID: 2 Title: Shotto Price: 300
   def get_id_title_price(self):
                                                              Band: Warfaze Duration: 50 minutes
                                                              Genre: Hard Rock
       return "ID: "+str(self.__id)+" Title:"+self.__title+
"Price: "+str(self.__price)
#write your code here
book = Book(1,"The Alchemist",500,"97806","HarperCollins")
print(book.printDetail())
print("----")
cd = CD(2, "Shotto", 300, "Warfaze", 50, "Hard Rock")
print(cd.printDetail())
```

<u>Task - 5</u>

Given the following classes, write the code for the **Dog** and the **Cat** class so that the following output is printed.

```
class Animal:
                                                  OUTPUT:
    def __init__(self,sound):
                                                  Animal does not make sound
                                                  meow
        self.__sound = sound
                                                  bark
    def makeSound(self):
        return self.__sound
class Printer:
    def printSound(self, a):
        print(a.makeSound())
#write your code here
d1 = Dog('bark')
c1 = Cat('meow')
a1 = Animal('Animal does not make sound')
pr = Printer()
pr.printSound(a1)
pr.printSound(c1)
pr.printSound(d1)
```

Homework Part

<u>Task - 1</u>

Given the following classes, write the code for the **Triangle** and the **Trapezoid** class so that the following output is printed.

```
class Shape:
                                                                OUTPUT:
                                                                Shape name: Default
                                                                Height: 0, Base: 0
  def __init__(self, name='Default', height=0, base=0):
                                                                Area: 0.0
   self.area = 0
    self.name = name
                                                                Shape name: Triangle
   self.height = height
                                                                Height: 10, Base: 5
   self.base = base
                                                                Area: 25.0
  def get height base(self):
                                                                Shape name: Trapezoid
   return "Height: "+str(self.height)+", Base: "+str(self.base)
                                                                Height: 10, Base: 6, Side_A: 4
                                                                Area: 50.0
#write your code here
tri_default = triangle()
tri default.calcArea()
print(tri_default.printDetail())
print('----')
tri = triangle('Triangle', 10, 5)
tri.calcArea()
print(tri.printDetail())
print('----')
trap = trapezoid('Trapezoid', 10, 6, 4)
trap.calcArea()
print(trap.printDetail())
```

Given the following classes, write the code for the **Player** and the **Manager** class so that the following output is printed. To calculate the match earnings use the following formula:

- 1. Player: (total_goal * 1000) + (total_match * 10)
- 2. Manager: match_win * 1000

```
class SportsPerson:
                                                              OUTPUT:
                                                              Name: Ronaldo, Team Name: Al-Nassr
                                                              Team Role: Striker
  def __init__(self, team_name, name, role):
                                                              Total Goal: 25, Total Played: 32
    self.__team = team_name
                                                              Goal Ratio: 0.78125
    self.__name = name
                                                             Match Earning: 25320K
    self.role = role
    self.earning per match = 0
                                                              Name: Zidane, Team Name: Real Madrid
                                                              Team Role: Manager
  def get name team(self):
                                                              Total Win: 25
    return 'Name: '+self.__name+', Team Name: ' +self.__team
                                                              Match Earning: 25000K
#write your code here
player_one = Player('Al-Nassr', 'Ronaldo', 'Striker', 25, 32)
player one.calculate ratio()
player_one.print_details()
print('-----')
manager_one = Manager('Real Madrid', 'Zidane', 'Manager', 25)
manager one.print details()
```

The tea company **Kazi and Kazi (KK)** has decided to produce a new line of flavored teas. Design the **KK_tea (parent) and KK_flavoured_tea (child)** classes so that the following output is produced. The KK_flavoured_tea class should inherit KK_tea. Note that:

- An object of either class represents a single box of teabags.
- Each tea bag weighs 2 grams.
- The **status** of an object refers to whether it is sold or not

Hint: you should use class methods/variables

```
t1 = KK tea(250)
                                  OUTPUT:
                                  -----1------
print("-----")
                                  Name: KK Regular Tea, Weight: 100
t1.product detail()
print("-----")
                                  Tea Bags: 50, Price: 250
                                  Status: False
KK_tea.total_sales()
                                  -----2------
print("-----")
                                  Total sales: {'KK Regular Tea': 0}
t2 = KK tea(470, 100)
                                  -----3------
t3 = KK_tea(360, 75)
                                  -----4-----
KK_tea.update_sold_status_regular(t1, t2, t3)
                                  Name: KK Regular Tea, Weight: 150
print("-----")
                                  Tea Bags: 75, Price: 360
t3.product detail()
                                  Status: True
                                    -----
print("-----")
                                  Total sales: {'KK Regular Tea': 3}
KK_tea.total_sales()
                                  -----6-----6-----
print("-----")
                                  -----
t4 = KK_flavoured_tea("Jasmine", 260, 50)
                                  Name: KK Jasmine Tea, Weight: 100
t5 = KK_flavoured_tea("Honey Lemon", 270, 45)
                                  Tea Bags: 50, Price: 260
t6 = KK_flavoured_tea("Honey Lemon", 270, 45)
                                  Status: False
print("-----")
                                  -----8------
t4.product_detail()
                                  Name: KK Honey Lemon Tea, Weight: 90
print("-----")
                                  Tea Bags: 45, Price: 270
t6.product_detail()
                                  Status: False
                                  -----
print("-----")
                                  -----10------
KK_flavoured_tea.update_sold_status_flavoured(t4,
                                  Total sales: {'KK Regular Tea': 3, 'KK
t5, t6)
                                  Jasmine Tea': 1, 'KK Honey Lemon Tea': 2}
print("-----")
KK_tea.total_sales()
```

Given a **TwoDVector** class, design the **ThreeDVector** class that inherits 2D vector. You need to implement the following features:

- Similar to X and Y of 2D vector, there will be Z of 3D vector.
- Write a method add3DVectors() that adds 3D vectors. It must reuse the
 add2DVectors() function and be written with the same parameters. The only difference
 is that, in 3D vectors, the Z components are added as well.
- Write a multiplyScalar() method that takes an integer as parameter and multiplies it with all 3 components separately (scalar multiplication). Keep in mind that the X and Y variables are private.
- Write a **calculateLength()** that returns the length of the 3D vector using the following formula:

$$\circ \quad \sqrt{X^2 + Y^2 + Z^2}$$

- Write a **print3DVector()** similar to the **print2DVector()** method.
- 2D vector: Xi + Yj
 3D vector: Xi + Yj + Zk

```
class TwoDVector:
                                                OUTPUT:
   def __init__(self, x, y):
                                                _____
                                                9i + 21i
       self.x = x
                                                =========
       self.y = y
                                                ==========
   def add2DVectors(self, *vectors):
                                                14i + 17i - 2k
       for i in vectors:
                                                =========
           self.x += i.x
                                                42i + 51j - 6k
           self.y += i.y
                                                ==========
   def print2DVector(self):
                                                66.34003316248794
       if self.y >= 0:
           y = "+ "+str(self.y)
       else:
           y = str(self.y)
       print(f"{self.x}i {y}j")
TwoDV1 = TwoDVector(5, 6)
TwoDV2 = TwoDVector(3, 7)
TwoDV3 = TwoDVector(1, 8)
print("=======")
TwoDV1.add2DVectors(TwoDV2, TwoDV3)
TwoDV1.print2DVector()
```

```
print("======="")
ThreeDV1 = ThreeDVector(5, 6, 1)
ThreeDV2 = ThreeDVector(1, 9, -7)
ThreeDV3 = ThreeDVector(8, 2, 4)
print("========"")
ThreeDV1.add3DVectors(ThreeDV2,ThreeDV3)
ThreeDV1.print3DVector()
print("========"")
ThreeDV1.multiplyScalar(3)
ThreeDV1.print3DVector()
print("========"")
print(ThreeDV1.calculateLength())
```