OANSWER SHEET ALL SECTION

Q1.

A. /5Marks

Boolean Expression	Choose true or False
YES&&NO	FALSE
!(!NO YES)	FALSE
!(NO&&(YES !NO))	TRUE
(NO !!(YES&&!NO))	TRUE
!(NO&&(YES !NO))	TRUE

B. Determine the value of each of the following logical expressions if a=5, b=10 and c=-6. /5Marks

- a. a>b&&a<c 5>10&&5<6 F&&T answer is FALSE
- b. a<b&&a>c 5<10&&5>6 T&&T answer is TRUE
- d. b>15&&c<0||c<0 10>15&&6<0 F&&F answer is FALSE
- e. (a/2==0&&b/2==0)||c<0| (5/2==0&&10/2==0) (FALSE && FALSE) Answer is TRUE

Q2. Convert the following numbers in binary (Base 2) /5Marks

- a. $(448)_{10}$ = **111000000**₂
- b. $(DA65B)_{16}$ =
- c. $(555)_{10} = 1000101011_2$
- d. (29)₁₀=**11101**₂
- e. $(12)_{10}=1100_2$

Q3. Convert the following numbers to decimal numbers (Base 10) /6Marks

- a. $(0.0110)_2 = 0.375_{10}$
- b. (1011.101)₂=**11.625**₁₀
- c. $(101.101)_2 = (2^2 + 2^1 + 2^0) \cdot (2^{-1} + 2^{-2} + 2^{-3}) = 5.625_{10}$

Q4. Convert the following binary number to hexadecimal number /6Marks

- a. (1110011000.111)₂=**398.E**₁₆
- b. (111101000010000)₂=**7A10**₁₆
- c. $(10101110)_2 = AE_{16}$

Q6. Convert the following binary number to octal number /6Marks

- a. $(110100)_2 = 648$
- b. (111001100.001010)₂=**714.12**₈

c. $(001101110)_2 = 1568$

Q7. Convert the following octal number to binary number /4Marks

- a. $(64)_8=X_2$
- b. $(156)_8=X_2$

Q8. Answer the following question by TRUE or FALSE /5Marks

- i. In AND gate the output is **true** when both inputs are false(**FALSE**)
- ii. In OR gate the output is **true** if at least one of the input is true(**TRUE**)
- iii. NAND gate the output is **false** if both of the inputs are true(**TRUE**)
- iv. NOR gate the output is true if both inputs are true(FALSE).
- v. XNOR gate the output is **true** if the input are the same and false if the inputs are different(**TRUE**)

Q9. Define the following terms: /10Marks

- A. Flowchart:
- B. Expression:
- C. Debugging:
- D. Algorithm:
- E. Variable:

Q10. Give short notes on 5 variable Data types /10Marks

Here are some data types used in algorithm

Name	Description	Size
Integer	Integer accepts number with no decimals	4 bytes
Float	Floating point number accepts decimal numbers	4 bytes
Double	Double precision floating point number accept decimal numbers	8 bytes
Boolean	Boolean value. Can take one of two numbers: True or False	1 byte
Character	Character accept only one character	1 byte
String	Accepts sequence of characters	

Q11. Give short notes on 4 types of operators used in algorithm /8Marks

- A. Arithmetic operators
- **B.** Comparison operators(> Greater than,< Less than,>= Greater than or equal to,<= Less than or equal to,= Equal to,!= Not equal to): Are used on comparisons operations.
- C. Logical operators:
- **D.** Assignment operator(←): This is used to assign a vale to a variable

Q12. Distinguish Read function from Write function in algorithm /4Marks

A read function is a function which is used for inputs. It helps to receive the value entered by a user and assign it to a variable.

Write function: Write function is used for outputs; it displays the content of a variable or the displays messages.

Q13. Write algorithm and flowchart of entered 2 numbers and display the largest number among them. $/15~{ m Marks}$

```
Start

Var a,b,small ,big as float;

Write("enter two numbers:");

Read(a,b);

If (a>b) then

Big 		— a;

small 	— b;

write (big);

write(small);

Else

Big 	— b

small 	— a

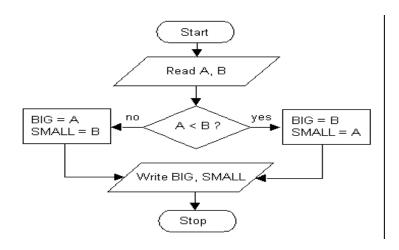
write (big);
```

write(small);

end if

end

a) Flowchart



Q14. Write an algorithm and flowchart that displays if entered number is even or odd. /10 Marks

```
algorithm:
start

var x as integer;
write("enter a number");
read(x);
if(x mod 2==0)then
write("the number you entered is even");
else
write("the number you entered is odd");
end if
end
```

