

Validating Email Addresses With a Filter



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You are given an integer N followed by N email addresses. Your task is to print a list containing only valid email addresses in lexicographical order.

Valid email addresses must follow these rules:

- It must have the username@websiteName.extension format type.
- The username can only contain letters, digits, dashes and underscores $[a-z]$, $[A-Z]$, $[0-9]$, $[-]$.
- The website name can only have letters and digits $[a-z]$, $[A-Z]$, $[0-9]$.
- The extension can only contain letters $[a-z]$, $[A-Z]$.
- The maximum length of the extension is 3.

Concept

A filter takes a function returning True or False and applies it to a sequence, returning a list of only those members of the sequence where the function returned True. A Lambda function can be used with filters.

Let's say you have to make a list of the squares of integers from 0 to 9 (both included).

```
>> l = list(range(10))
>> l = list(map(lambda x:x*x, l))
```

Now, you only require those elements that are greater than 10 but less than 80.

```
>> l = list(filter(lambda x: x > 10 and x < 80, l))
```

Easy, isn't it?

Example

Complete the function fun in the editor below.

fun has the following parameters:

- string s: the string to test

Returns

- boolean: whether the string is a valid email or not

Input Format

The first line of input is the integer N , the number of email addresses.

N lines follow, each containing a string.

Constraints

Each line is a non-empty string.



Sample Input

```
3
lara@hackerrank.com
brian-23@hackerrank.com
britts_54@hackerrank.com
```

Sample Output

```
['brian-23@hackerrank.com', 'britts_54@hackerrank.com', 'lara@hackerrank.com']
```

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Language

Python 3



```
1  import re
2  def fun(s):
3      # return True if s is a valid email, else return False
4      patten = "[a-zA-Z0-9\\-\\_]+@[A-Za-z0-9]+[\\.][a-zA-Z]{1,3}$"
5      return re.search(patten,s)!=None
6
7  def filter_mail(emails):
8      return list(filter(fun, emails))
9
10 if __name__ == '__main__':
11     n = int(input())
12     emails = []
13     for _ in range(n):
14         emails.append(input())
15
16 filtered_emails = filter_mail(emails)
17 filtered_emails.sort()
18 print(filtered_emails)
```



Congratulations!

You have passed the sample test cases. Click the submit button to run your code against all the test cases.

✓ Sample Test case 0

Input (stdin)

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✓ Sample Test case 1

```
1 3
2 lara@hackerrank.com
3 brian-23@hackerrank.com
4 britts_54@hackerrank.com
```

Your Output (stdout)

```
1 ['brian-23@hackerrank.com', 'britts_54@hackerrank.com',
  'lara@hackerrank.com']
```

Expected Output

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```
1 ['brian-23@hackerrank.com', 'britts_54@hackerrank.com',
  'lara@hackerrank.com']
```

