DISEASE PREVALANCE & DEMOGRAPHIC PATTERNS

I worked on a dataset with 43778 rows & 7 columns, below is a sample (first 10 rows).

Animal A	٩ge	Temperature	Symptom 1	Symptom 2	Symptom 3	Disease
Cow 3	3	103.1	Depression	Painless lumps	Loss of appetite	Pneumonia
Buffalo 1	L3	104.5	Painless lumps	Loss of appetite	Depression	Lumpy virus
Sheep 1	L	100.5	Depression	Painless lumps	Loss of appetite	Lumpy virus
Cow 1	L4	100.3	Loss of appetite	Swelling in limb	Crackling sound	Blackleg
Sheep 2	2	103.6	Painless lumps	Loss of appetite	Depression	Pneumonia
Goat 1	LO	101.2	Loss of appetite	Blisters on gums	Difficulty walking	Foot and mouth
Sheep 6	5	103.3	Loss of appetite	Depression	Painless lumps	Lumpy virus
Goat 6	5	101.7	Difficulty walking	Blisters on tongue	Loss of appetite	Foot and mouth
Buffalo 9)	102.5	Depression	Painless lumps	Loss of appetite	Lumpy virus
Goat 3	3	102.7	Lameness	Blisters on mouth	Loss of appetite	Foot and mouth

Four distinct Animal types

Total number of cows: 11254

Total number of buffalo: 11238

Total number of sheep: 10658

Total number of goat: 10628

Cows Dataset Information:

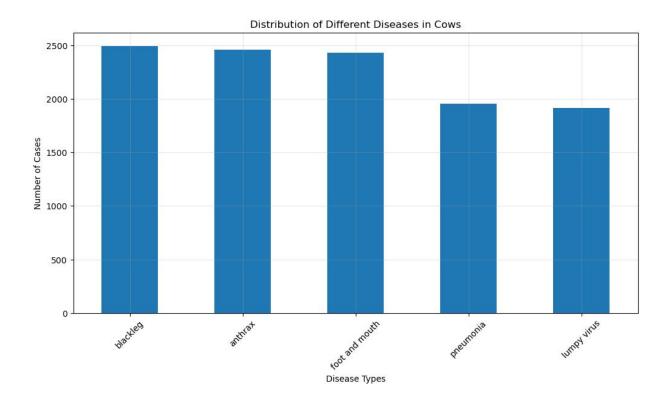
Total number of cow entries: 11254

Types of Diseases in the Dataset:

- 1. Pneumonia
- 2. blackleg
- 3. lumpy virus
- 4. anthrax

5. foot and mouth Disease

Disease Distribution: blackleg 2494, anthrax 2458, foot and mouth 2433, pneumonia 1955, lumpy virus 1914.

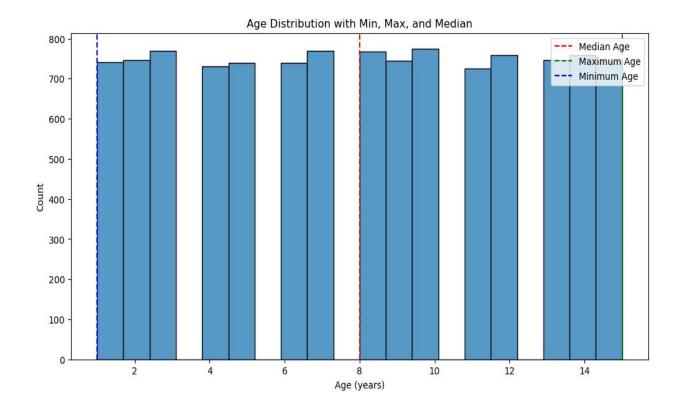


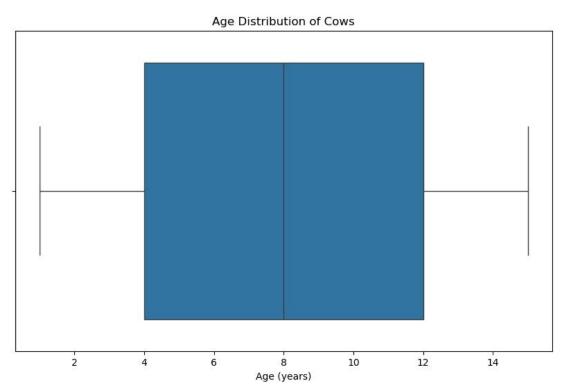
Age Statistics for Cows:

Maximum Age: 15.0 years

Minimum Age: 1.0 years

Median Age: 8.0 years





Distribution of Age Classes:

3-15 years 9766

1-2 years 1488

Maturity Status

Adults 9766 Calves 1488

Total number of calves: 1488

Percentage of calves in the population: 13.22%

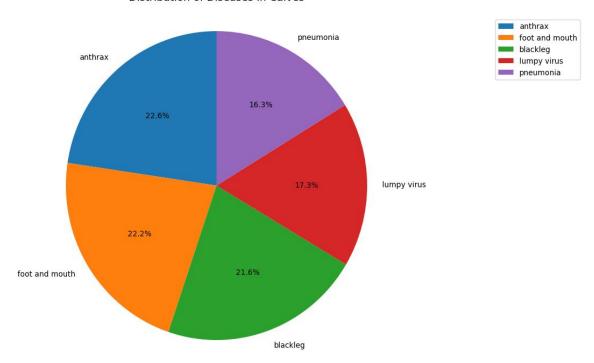
Diseases in Calves: anthrax: 337 cases, foot and mouth: 330 cases, blackleg: 322

cases,, lumpy virus: 257 cases, pneumonia: 242 cases.

Disease Distribution in Calves (%): anthrax: 22.65% foot and mouth: 22.18% blackleg:

21.64% lumpy virus: 17.27% pneumonia: 16.26%

Distribution of Diseases in Calves

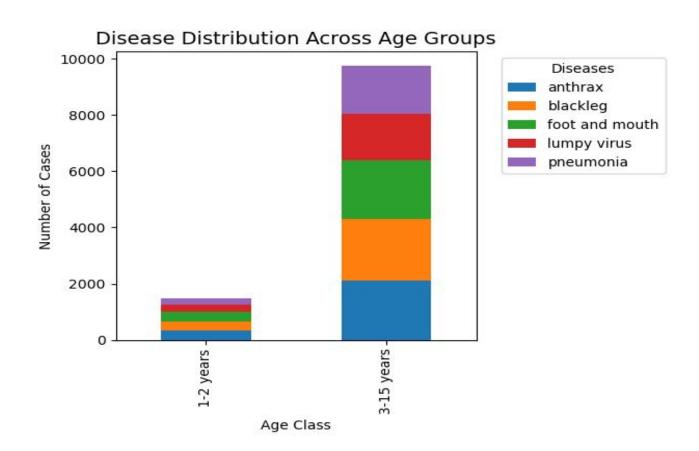


Total number of adult cows: 9766

Diseases in Adult Cows: blackleg: 2172 cases, anthrax: 2121 cases, foot and mouth: 2103 cases, pneumonia: 1713 cases, lumpy virus: 1657 cases.

Disease Distribution in Adult Cows (%): blackleg: 22.24%, anthrax: 21.72%, foot and mouth: 21.53%, pneumonia: 17.54%, lumpy virus: 16.97%.

Total number of diseases found in adults: 5 Most common disease: blackleg (2172 cases)

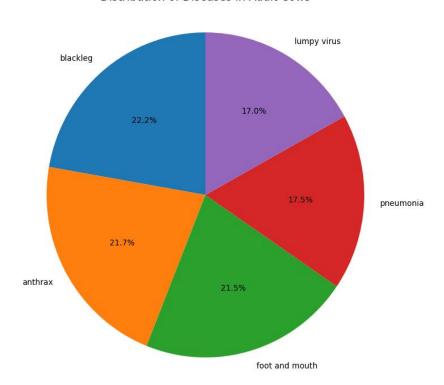


Distribution of Diseases in Adult Cows

blackleg

anthrax foot and mouth

pneumonia lumpy virus



Disease Distribution by Age Class: Absolute Numbers	Anthrax	Blackleg	Foot and Mouth	Lumpy Virus	Pneumonia
1-2 years	337	322	330	257	242
3-15 years	2121	2172	2103	1657	1713

Percentage Distribution Anthrax Blackleg Foot and Mouth Lumpy Virus Pneumonia

1-2 years	22.65	21.64	22.18	17.27	16.26
3-15 years	21.72	22.24	21.53	16.97	17.54

Overall Most Prevalent Diseases:

blackleg: 2494 cases (22.16%)

anthrax: 2458 cases (21.84%)

foot and mouth: 2433 cases (21.62%)

pneumonia: 1955 cases (17.37%)

lumpy virus: 1914 cases (17.01%)

Disease Distribution Within Each Age Group (%):

Disease Distribution Within Each Age Group (%)	Anthrax	Blackleg		Lumpy Virus	Pneumonia
1-2 years	22.65	21.64	22.18	17.27	16.26
3-15 years	21.72	22.24	21.53	16.97	17.54

Overall Disease Distribution:

The diseases are fairly evenly distributed in the population

Foot and mouth follows closely at 21.62%

Pneumonia and lumpy virus have slightly lower prevalence at around 17% each

Age Group Patterns:

The distribution is remarkably consistent across both age groups

Young cows (1-2 years) show slightly higher rates of:

Anthrax (22.65%)

Foot and mouth (22.18%)

Lumpy virus (17.27%)

Adult cows (3-15 years) show marginally higher rates of:

Blackleg (22.24%)

Pneumonia (17.54%)

Key Insights:

No disease shows strong age-specific preference (all ratios are close to 1.0)

The balanced distribution suggests these diseases affect both age groups similarly The slight variations in prevalence between age groups are not clinically significant This even distribution pattern indicates that age might not be a primary factor in disease susceptibility for these particular conditions.