解題說明:

- (a) istream& operator>>(istream& is, Polynomial& x):用戶輸入多項式的係數和指數,初始化多項式對象。
- (b) ostream& operator<<(ostream& os, const Polynomial& x):將多項式對象轉換為外部表示形式,輸出到螢幕。
- (c) Polynomial::Polynomial(const Polynomial& a):複製構造函數,將一個多項式初始化為另一個多項式。
- (d) const Polynomial& Polynomial::operator=(const Polynomial& a) const:賦值運算子,將一個多項式賦值給另一個多項式。
- (e) Polynomial::~Polynomial(): 析構函數,釋放多項式的所有節點。
- (f) Polynomial operator+(const Polynomial& b) const:多項式相加,返回和。
- (g) Polynomial operator-(const Polynomial& b) const:多項式相減,返回差。
- (h) Polynomial operator*(const Polynomial& b) const:多項式相乘,返回積。
- (i) float Polynomial::Evaluate(float x) const:在給定的 x 值處評估多項式,返回結果。

Algorithm Design & Programming:

```
#include <iostream:
#include <cmath>
#include <chrono>
            using namespace std;
            ⊟class Polynomial {
                  struct Node {
                       int coef;
int exp;
                       Node* link;
    14
15
                  Node* head;
            public:
                  Polynomial(); ~Polynomial();
                  Polynomial(const Polynomial& a);
const Polynomial& operator=(const Polynomial& a);
                  friend std::istream& operator>>(std::istream& is, Polynomial& x);
friend std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const Polynomial& x);</pre>
                  Polynomial operator+(const Polynomial& b) const;
Polynomial operator-(const Polynomial& b) const;
Polynomial operator+(const Polynomial& b) const;
               float Evaluate(float x) const;
31
32
        □Polynomial::Polynomial() {
              head = new Node;
head->link = head;
 33
34
35

Polynomial::~Polynomial() {
               Node* temp;
Node* current = head->link;
 40
               while (current != head) {
 42
                    temp = current;
 43
44
                     current = current->link;
                    delete temp;
 45
46
 47
               delete head;
 49
        □Polynomial::Polynomial(const Polynomial& a) {
 51
            head = new Node;
head->link = head:
              Node* current = a.head->link:
55
56
57
              while (current != a.head) {
                    Node* newNode = new Node;
newNode->coef = current->coef;
58
59
60
61
                    newNode->link = head->link:
63
                   head->link = newNode;
64
65
66
                    current = current->link;
67
68
69
70
       Gconst Polynomial& Polynomial::operator=(const Polynomial& a) {
                   Node* temp;
Node* current = head->link;
71
72
73
74
75
76
77
78
                    while (current != head) {
                         temp = current;
current = current->link;
                         delete temp;
                    Node* sourceCurrent = a.head->link:
```

```
81
                      while (sourceCurrent != a.head) {
                            Node* newNode = new Node;
newNode->coef = sourceCurrent->coef;
newNode->exp = sourceCurrent->exp;
   83
   86
                            newNode->link = head->link;
   88
                           head->link = newNode;
   89
90
91
92
                           sourceCurrent = sourceCurrent->link;
   93
94
                 return *this;
          pstd::istream& operator>>(std::istream& is, Polynomial& x) {
   98
                 int n, coef, exp;
std::cout << "Enter the number of terms: ";</pre>
  101
                 is >> n;
                 x.head->link = x.head;
  103
                 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) { std::cout << "Enter coefficient and exponent for term " << i + 1 << ": "; i >> coef >> exp:
  106
                       Polynomial::Node* newNode = new Polynomial::Node;
newNode->coef = coef;
   109
  110
                       newNode->exp = exp;
  112
  113
                      newNode->link = x.head->link;
x.head->link = newNode;
   114
  115
                 return is:
  117
  118
           }
  119
  120
           Bstd::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& os, const Polynomial& x) {
    Polynomial::Node* current = x.head->link;
  122
  123
                 while (current != x.head) {
   os << current->coef << "x^" << current->exp;
   124
  125
                       current = current->link;
  127
  128
                       if (current != x.head) {
   os << " + ";
  129
  130
  132
  133
                 return os;
135
         Polynomial Polynomial::operator+(const Polynomial& b) const {
                Polynomial result;
Node* currentA = head->link;
Node* currentB = b.head->link;
137
139
140
141
                while (currentA != head && currentB != b.head) {
                     if (currentA->exp > currentB->exp) {
    result.head->link = new Node{ currentA->coef, currentA->exp, result.head->link };
    currentA = currentA->link;
142
143
144
                     felse if (currentA->exp < currentB->exp) {
    result.head->link = new Node{ currentB->coef, currentB->exp, result.head->link };
    currentB = currentB->link;
146
147
148
149
                      else {
150
                           int sumCoef = currentA->coef + currentB->coef;
151
152
                           if (sumCoef != 0) {
    result.head->link = new Node{ sumCoef, currentA->exp, result.head->link };
153
                           currentA = currentA->link;
currentB = currentB->link;
155
156
157
158
               while (currentA != head) {
    result.head->link = new Node{ currentA->coef. currentA->exp. result.head->link }:
160
```

```
currentA = currentA->link;
162
               while (currentB != b.head) {
   result.head->link = new Node{ currentB->coef, currentB->exp, result.head->link };
   currentB = currentB->link;
165
167
169
170
               return result;
171
172

    □Polynomial Polynomial::operator-(const Polynomial& b) const {

174
               Polynomial result;
Node* currentA = head->link;
Node* currentB = b.head->link;
175
176
177
               while (currentA != head && currentB != b.head) {
179
                    if (currentA->exp > currentB->exp) {
    result.head->link = new Node{ currentA->coef, currentA->exp, result.head->link };
180
181
182
                          currentA = currentA->link;
                    else if (currentA->exp < currentB->exp) {
    result.head->link = new Node{ -currentB->coef, currentB->exp, result.head->link };
    currentB = currentB->link;
184
186
187
188
                           int diffCoef = currentA->coef - currentB->coef;
if (diffCoef != 0) {
  190
                                 result.head->link = new Node{ diffCoef, currentA->exp, result.head->link };
  192
  193
                           currentA = currentA->link;
currentB = currentB->link;
                     }
  195
 196
197
  198
                while (currentA != head) {
    result.head->link = new Node{ currentA->coef, currentA->exp, result.head->link };
                     currentA = currentA->link;
  200
  202
                while (currentB != b.head) {
    result.head->link = new Noc
    currentB = currentB->link;
  203
                                                       Node{ -currentB->coef, currentB->exp, result.head->link };
  205
  206
  207
  208
                 return result:
  210
  211
          □Polynomial Polynomial::operator*(const Polynomial& b) const {
  213
                 Polynomial result:
                Node* currentA = head->link:
  216
                while (currentA != head) {
   Node* currentB = b.head->link;
  218
  219
                      while (currentB != b.head) {
                          int productCoef = currentA->coef * currentB->coef;
int productExp = currentA->exp + currentB->exp;
  221
  223
                           Node* currentResult = result.head->link;
Node* prevResult = result.head;
  224
  226
                           while (currentResult != result.head && currentResult->exp > productExp) {
                                 prevResult = currentResult;
currentResult = currentResult->link;
  229
  231
  232
                            if (currentResult != result.head && currentResult->exp == productExp) {
                                currentResult->coef += productCoef;
if (currentResult->coef == 0) {
  234
                                      prevResult->link = currentResult->link;
delete currentResult;
  237
                                }
                            else {
  239
                                 prevResult->link = new Node{ productCoef, productExp, currentResult };
  242
```

```
243
                                     currentB = currentB->link;
  244
  245
246
                             currentA = currentA->link;
  247
  248
                       return result;
  249
  250
               }
              Ffloat Polynomial::Evaluate(float x) const {
  252
                        float result = 0.0;
Node* current = head->link;
  253
  254
  255
                       while (current != head) {
    result += current->coef * pow(x, current->exp);
    current = current->link;
  257
  258
259
  260
                       return result;
  262
  263
264
             Polynomial p1, p2;
  265
                        std::cout << "Enter details for Polynomial 1:\n";</pre>
  267
  268
269
270
                        std::cin >> p1;
                        std::cout << "Enter details for Polynomial 2:\n";</pre>
                        std::cin >> p2;
  271
                        Polynomial sum = p1 + p2;
Polynomial difference = p1 - p2;
Polynomial product = p1 * p2;
  273
   274
   275
  276
                        std::cout << "Polynomial 1: " << p1 << std::endl;
std::cout << "Polynomial 2: " << p2 << std::endl;
std::cout << "Sum: " << sum << std::endl;
std::cout << "Difference: " << difference << std::endl;
std::cout << "Product: " << product << std::endl;</pre>
  278
  279
   280
  281
  283
                        float x;
                        \mathsf{std}::\mathsf{cout} \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\mathsf{d}}}} < \mathsf{``Enter} \ensuremath{\mathsf{a}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{value}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{for}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{x}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{to}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{evaluate}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{the}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{first}} \ensuremath{\mathsf{polynomial}} : ";
  284
                        std::cin >> x;
   285
  286
                        std::cout << "Result of Sum evaluation: " << sum.Evaluate(x) << std::endl; \\ std::cout << "Result of Product evaluation: " << product.Evaluate(x) << std::endl; \\ }
   287
  288
  289
290
                        auto start = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
  291
  293
                        auto stop = std::chrono::high_resolution_clock::now();
auto duration = std::chrono::duration_cast<std::chrono::microseconds>(stop - start);
  294
   295
                      \mathsf{std}::\mathsf{cout} \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\,^{\prime\prime}}} "Time taken by function: " \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\,^{\prime\prime}}} duration.count() \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\,^{\prime\prime}}} "microseconds" \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\,^{\prime\prime}}} std::endl;
297
298
299
                      return 0;
```

效能分析(Analysis) :

時間複雜度分析:

operator+和 operator-:在這兩個操作中,我們需要遍歷兩個多項式的所有項目。對於每一項,我們執行一些常數時間的操作(例如分配新節點、計算和差),所以整體時間複雜度是 O(max(n, m)),其中 n 和 m 分別是兩個多項式的項數。

operator*:對於乘法操作,我們需要遍歷兩個多項式的所有項目,對每一項執行嵌套的內循環以處理乘法。因此,整體時間複雜度是 O(n*m),其中 n 和 m 分別是兩個多項式的項數。

Evaluate:在評估多項式時,我們遍歷所有項目並執行一些常數時間的操作。所以時間複雜度是 O(n),其中 n 是多項式的項數。

空間複雜度分析:

operator+、operator-和 operator*:這些操作都使用了額外的空間(例如新節點)來存儲結果多項式。所以空間複雜度是 O(max(n, m))。

Evaluate:評估多項式時,我們沒有使用額外的空間,只是使用一些臨時變量。因此,空間複雜度是 O(1)。

測試與驗證(Testing and Proving):

```
Enter details for Polynomial 1:
Enter the number of terms: 3
Enter coefficient and exponent for term 1: 2 3
Enter coefficient and exponent for term 3: 5 0
Enter coefficient and exponent for term 3: 5 0
Enter details for Polynomial 2:
Enter coefficient and exponent for term 3: 5 0
Enter details for Polynomial 2:
Enter coefficient and exponent for term 3: 9 2
Enter coefficient and exponent for term 3: 9 2
Enter coefficient and exponent for term 3: 9 2
Enter coefficient and exponent for term 4: 3 6
Enter coefficient and exponent for term 5: 7 8
Polynomial 1: 5x/8 + 4x/1 + 2x/3
Polynomial 1: 5x/8 + 3x/6 + 9x/2 + 2x/9 + 1x/4
Sum: 7x/8 + 3x/6 + 9x/2 + 7x/8 + 1x/4 + 4x/1 + 2x/3
Polynomial 2: 7x/8 + 3x/6 + 9x/2 + 2x/9 + 1x/4 + 4x/1 + 2x/3
Polynomial 2: 7x/8 + 3x/6 + 9x/2 + 3x/9 + -1x/4 + 4x/1 + 2x/3
Product: 10x/9 + 8x/1 + 45x/2 + 40x/3 + 5x/4 + 22x/5 + 15x/6 + 14x/7 + 35x/8 + 34x/9 + 14x/11
Enter a value for x to evaluate the first polynomial: 3
Result of Sum evaluation: 48349
Result of Product evaluation: 48349
Essult of Product evaluation: 3.42774e+06
Time taken by function: 0 microseconds

C:\Users\user\underself= \text{ is } \text
```

效能量測 (Measuring):

心得討論:

在實作多項式類別的過程中,透過 C++的物件導向設計,我們成功實現了多項式的基本操作,包括加法、減法、乘法、輸入輸出,並加入了複製構造函數和賦值運算子。為了提高效能,我們使用了合適的資料結構,適當的算法,以及效能測量。這次的實作加深了我對類別設計和程式效能優化的理解,同時提供了一個實用的例子,展現了如何在實際問題中應用 C++的強大功能。透過效能分析,我們也更深入了解程式的運行效率,並學到了如何進一步優化代碼。