

Incidence of crimes in San Francisco during evening hours in general and larceny specifically.

This report attempts to visualize some specific crime trends in the San Francisco areas during the summer of 2014. Specifically, this report presents a brief analysis of the total number of crimes, the total number of crimes during the evening hours, and the location of all larceny/theft crimes. Please note that this report is not intended to present publication-ready graphs but, instead, is used to present relevant data in a concise format.

Start with the import of necessary libraries and a summary of the data

```
library(ggplot2)
library(maps)
library(ggmap)
dfSFCrime = read.csv("sanfrancisco_incidents_summer_2014.csv")
```

```
summary(dfSFCrime)
```

```

##      IncidntNum                      Category
## Min.      : 10284385    LARCENY/THEFT :9466
## 1st Qu.:140545607    OTHER OFFENSES:3567
## Median :140632022    NON-CRIMINAL  :3023
## Mean    :142017280    ASSAULT       :2882
## 3rd Qu.:140719664    VEHICLE THEFT :1966
## Max.    :990367398    WARRANTS      :1782
##                               (Other)      :6307
##                               Descript     DayOfWeek      Date
## GRAND THEFT FROM LOCKED AUTO: 3766    Friday      :4451    06/28/2014
## STOLEN AUTOMOBILE              : 1350    Monday      :4005    08/09/2014
## LOST PROPERTY                   : 1202    Saturday    :4319    08/08/2014
## PETTY THEFT OF PROPERTY         : 1125    Sunday      :4218    06/29/2014
## WARRANT ARREST                 : 980     Thursday    :3968    08/29/2014
## PETTY THEFT FROM LOCKED AUTO: 955     Tuesday     :3930    06/04/2014
## (Other)                        :19615    Wednesday   :4102    (Other)
##      Time                PdDistrict                Resolution
## 12:00 : 784    SOUTHERN :5739    NONE                :19139
## 00:01 : 661    MISSION  :3700    ARREST, BOOKED     : 6502
## 18:00 : 649    NORTHERN :3589    ARREST, CITED      : 1419
## 19:00 : 621    CENTRAL   :3513    LOCATED             : 1042
## 17:00 : 594    BAYVIEW   :2725    UNFOUNDED           : 260
## 20:00 : 586    INGLESIDE:2378    JUVENILE BOOKED:    163
## (Other):25098    (Other)  :7349    (Other)             : 468
##      Address                X                Y
## 800 Block of BRYANT ST : 948    Min.      :-122.5    Min.      :37.71
## 800 Block of MARKET ST : 288    1st Qu.: -122.4    1st Qu.:37.76
## 900 Block of POTRERO AV : 230    Median   :-122.4    Median   :37.78
## 1000 Block of POTRERO AV: 199    Mean     :-122.4    Mean     :37.77
## 2000 Block of MISSION ST: 149    3rd Qu.: -122.4    3rd Qu.:37.79
## 16TH ST / MISSION ST   : 116    Max.     :-122.4    Max.     :37.82
## (Other)                :27063
##      Location                PdId
## (37.775420706711, -122.403404791479) : 940    Min.      :1.028e+12
## (37.7571580431915, -122.406604919508): 224    1st Qu.:1.405e+13
## (37.7564864109309, -122.406539115148): 196    Median   :1.406e+13
## (37.7650501214668, -122.419671780296): 152    Mean     :1.420e+13
## (37.7841893501425, -122.407633520742): 150    3rd Qu.:1.407e+13
## (37.7285280627465, -122.475647460786): 102    Max.     :9.904e+13
## (Other)                :27229
##      Hour
## Length:28993
## Class :character
## Mode  :character
##
##

```

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```
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```

It can be seen that the category with the most offenses (excluding “Other”) are those labeled as “LARCENY/THEFT”. Please note that the days of the week are not ordered but it can be seen that the number of crimes labeled “LARCENY/THEFT” is approximately the same for each particular day during the summer of 2014.

```
with(dfSFCrime, table(Category, DayOfWeek))
```

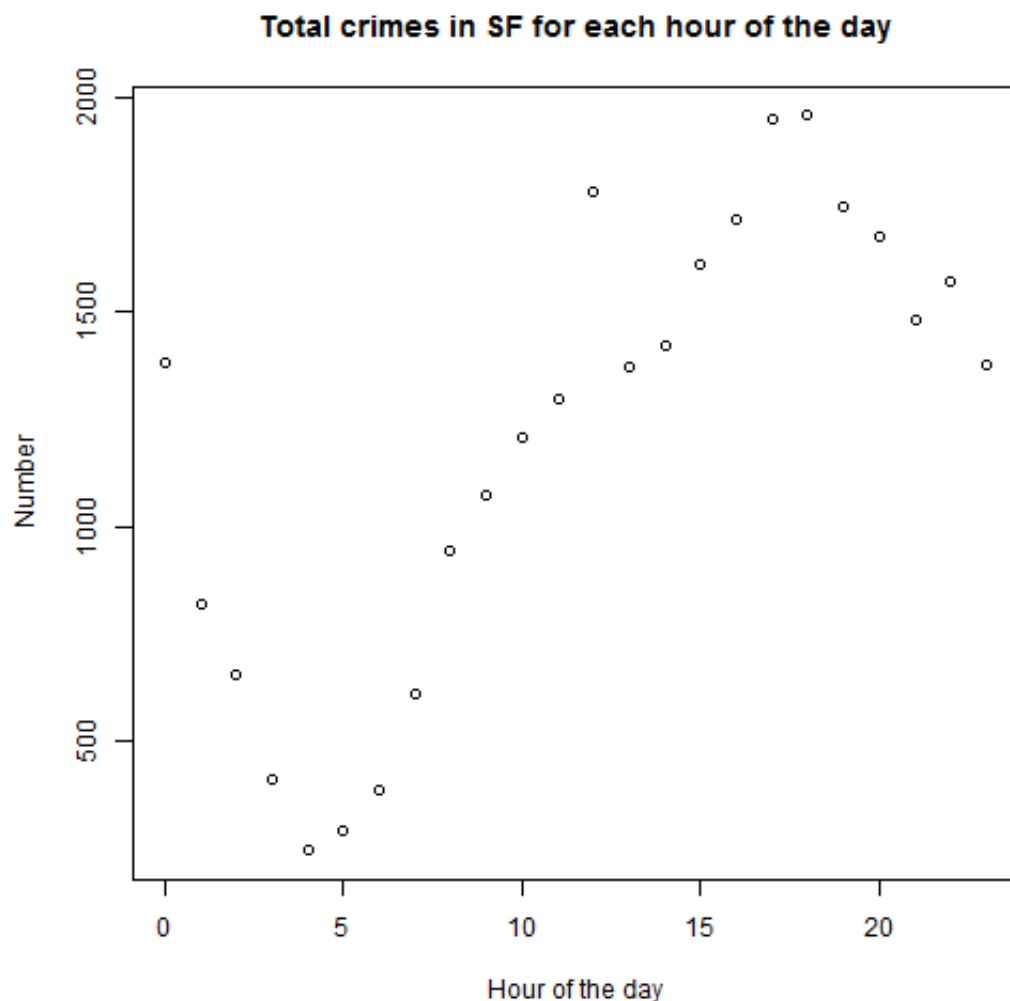
##	DayOfWeek				
## Category	Friday	Monday	Saturday	Sunday	Thursday
## ARSON	5	7	10	12	
## ASSAULT	440	406	452	462	
## BRIBERY	0	0	0	0	
## BURGLARY	0	0	0	1	
## DISORDERLY CONDUCT	6	5	1	8	
## DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE	18	7	23	19	
## DRUG/NARCOTIC	208	193	145	156	
## DRUNKENNESS	27	14	26	24	
## EMBEZZLEMENT	2	3	1	2	
## EXTORTION	2	1	2	0	
## FAMILY OFFENSES	2	1	0	0	
## FORGERY/COUNTERFEITING	2	1	3	1	
## FRAUD	30	29	41	27	
## GAMBLING	0	0	0	0	
## KIDNAPPING	14	20	21	15	
## LARCENY/THEFT	1445	1233	1583	1505	1
## LIQUOR LAWS	13	4	7	7	
## LOITERING	0	1	0	0	
## MISSING PERSON	219	206	158	182	
## NON-CRIMINAL	468	440	455	445	
## OTHER OFFENSES	547	496	507	433	
## PORNOGRAPHY/OBSCENE MAT	0	0	0	0	
## PROSTITUTION	59	8	8	7	
## ROBBERY	44	54	38	50	
## RUNAWAY	7	15	10	13	
## SECONDARY CODES	62	61	70	57	
## STOLEN PROPERTY	1	2	0	2	
## SUICIDE	1	5	4	1	
## SUSPICIOUS OCC	188	181	155	170	
## TRESPASS	48	32	33	41	
## VANDALISM	0	5	2	2	
## VEHICLE THEFT	297	288	281	314	
## WARRANTS	255	241	238	212	
## WEAPON LAWS	41	46	45	50	
##	DayOfWeek				
## Category	Tuesday	Wednesday			
## ARSON	8	13			
## ASSAULT	356	379			
## BRIBERY	1	0			
## BURGLARY	1	3			
## DISORDERLY CONDUCT	4	3			
## DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE	10	12			
## DRUG/NARCOTIC	209	216			
## DRUNKENNESS	16	24			

##	EMBEZZLEMENT	0	1
##	EXTORTION	0	1
##	FAMILY OFFENSES	3	1
##	FORGERY/COUNTERFEITING	5	3
##	FRAUD	38	35
##	GAMBLING	1	0
##	KIDNAPPING	13	18
##	LARCENY/THEFT	1237	1228
##	LIQUOR LAWS	3	5
##	LOITERING	1	0
##	MISSING PERSON	150	203
##	NON-CRIMINAL	404	418
##	OTHER OFFENSES	536	522
##	PORNOGRAPHY/OBSCENE MAT	0	1
##	PROSTITUTION	8	9
##	ROBBERY	35	46
##	RUNAWAY	5	4
##	SECONDARY CODES	75	56
##	STOLEN PROPERTY	1	0
##	SUICIDE	2	0
##	SUSPICIOUS OCC	194	212
##	TRESPASS	44	35
##	VANDALISM	3	3
##	VEHICLE THEFT	225	291
##	WARRANTS	286	293
##	WEAPON LAWS	56	67

Next, the data is prepared in order to plot the total number of crimes for each hour.

```
dfSFCrime$Hour = substr(dfSFCrime$Time, 1, 2)
dfSFCrimeHourCat = aggregate(IncidentNum ~ Hour + Category, data = dfSFCrime,
  FUN = length)
dfSFCrimeHourCatSum = aggregate(IncidentNum ~ Hour, data = dfSFCrimeHourCat,
  FUN = sum)
dfSFCrimeHourCatSum$IncidentNum = as.numeric(dfSFCrimeHourCatSum$IncidentNum)
```

```
plot(dfSFCrimeHourCatSum$Hour, dfSFCrimeHourCatSum$IncidentNum, main = "Total Number of Crimes by Hour")
```

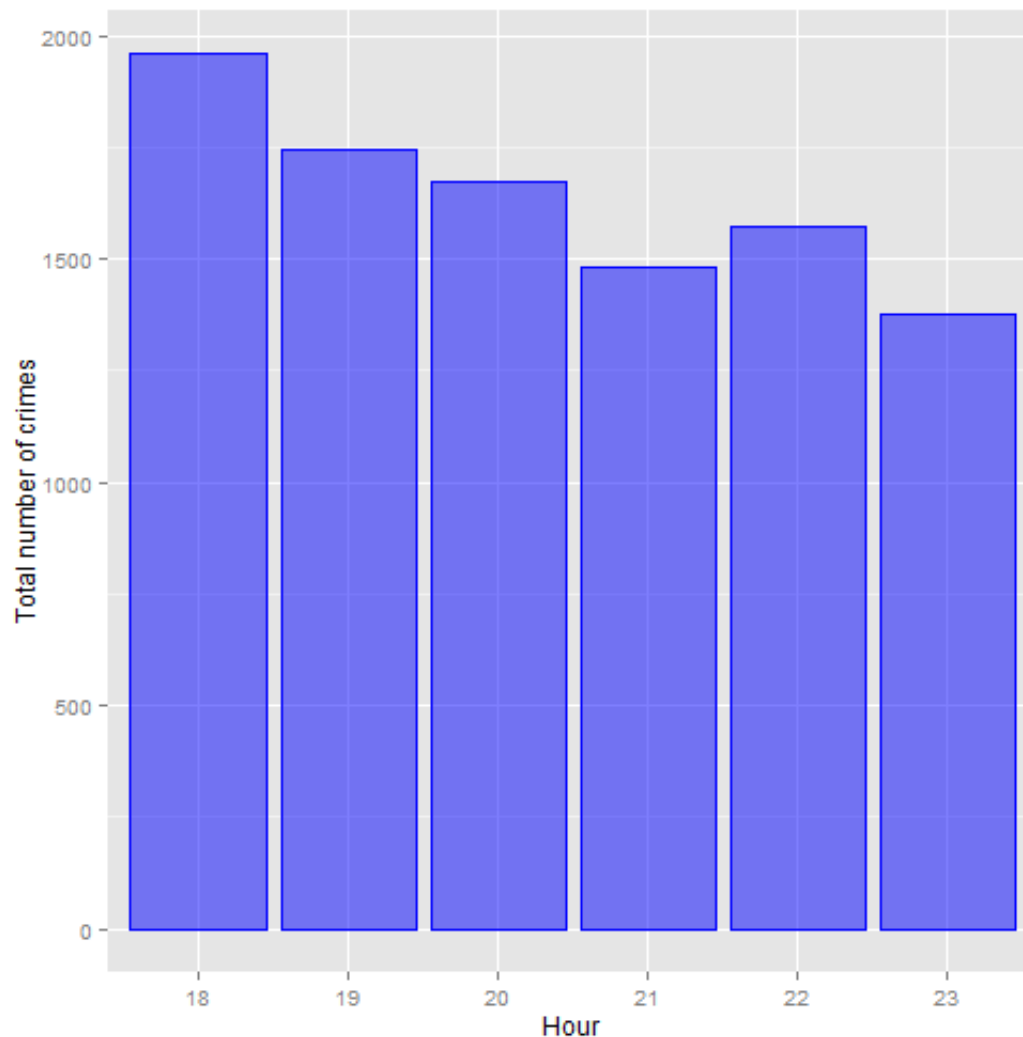


It can be seen that the incidence of crime is at its lowest around 4 AM after which it increases steadily until about 6 PM. During the evening hours there seems to be decrease in the number of crimes.

In order to visualize the number of crimes for the evening hours only, the following steps were taken after which ggplot was used to visualize the overall crime trend during the evening hours:

```
dfSFCrimeHourCat$Hour = as.numeric(dfSFCrimeHourCat$Hour)
eveningCrime = subset(dfSFCrimeHourCat, Hour >= 18)
eveningCrimeHourSum = aggregate(IncidentNum ~ Category, data = eveningCrime, FUN = sum)
```

```
ggplot(subset(dfSFCrimeHourCatSum, Hour >= 18), aes(x=Hour, y=IncidentNum)) +
  geom_bar(alpha=.5, stat="identity", colour = "blue", fill = "blue") +
  ylab("Total number of crimes")
```



It would appear that during the evening hours there is a decrease in criminal offenses from 6 PM to 12 AM.

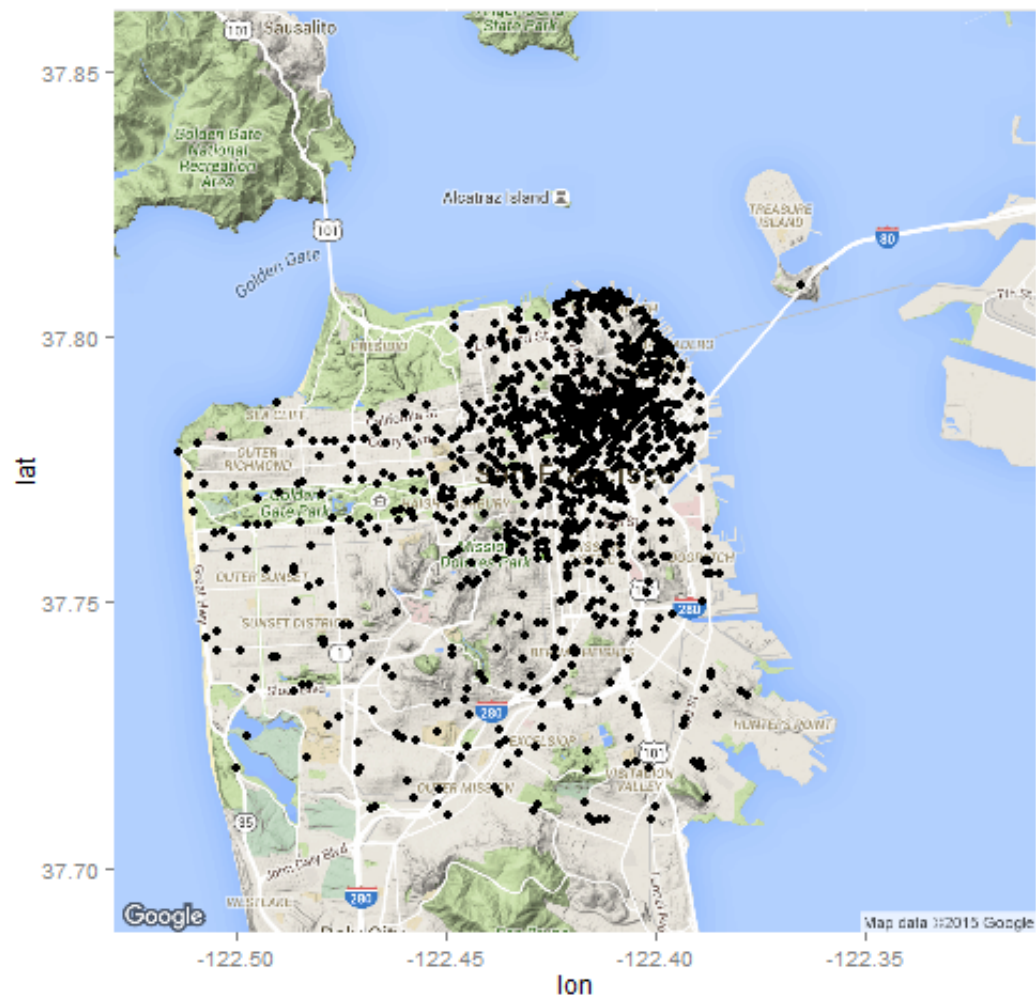
Finally, in order to visualize the locations at which a selected crime, namely “LARCENY/THEFT” took place during the summer of 2014 on Sundays, the following steps were taken:

```
sf = get_map(location = "sanfrancisco", zoom = 12)
```

```
## Map from URL : http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/staticmap?cent
```

```
larceny = subset(dfSFCrime, Category=="LARCENY/THEFT")
larcenySun = subset(larceny, DayOfWeek == "Sunday")
```

```
ggmap(sf) + geom_point(data=larcenySun, aes(x=X, y=Y), main="Larceny")
```



Each point in the graph is a single occurrence. From the graph, it would appear that there was a significant number of crimes labeled “LARCENY/THEFT” in the North Beach area (area in the NW portion of the graph) as well as in the Tenderloin area (south of North Beach).

END