## Arduino

劉士達 Shih-7a Liu

2009|03|16

http://arduino.googlecode.com/files/arduino-0014-win.zip



#### Dutline

- Arduino 介紹
- Arduino 安裝
- Arduino + Led
- Arduino + 可變電阻
- Arduino + 按鈕
- Arduino + PWM
- Arduino + 水銀開關
- Arduino + 光敏電阻 + Serial.print



### Anduino 介紹

#### • 什麼是Arduino?

- Arduino是一塊基於開放原始碼的Simple i/o介面版,並且具有使用類似java,C語言的開發環境。可以快速使用Arduino語言與Flash或Processing...等軟體,作出互動作品。
- Arduino可以使用開發完成的電子元件例如Switch或sensors或其他控制器、LED、步進馬達或其他輸出裝置。
- Arduino也可以獨立運作成為一個可以跟軟體溝通的介面,例如說: flash processing Max/MSP VVVV 或其他互動軟體...

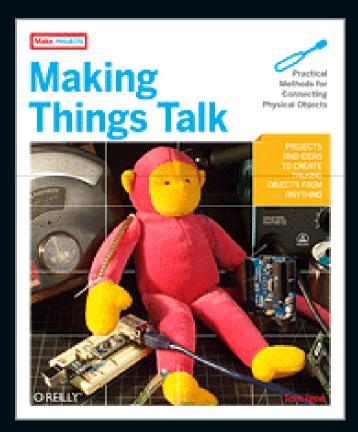


#### Anduino 書籍

Tom Igoe



- NYU, ITP副教授
- 劇院照明技術員
- Physical computing





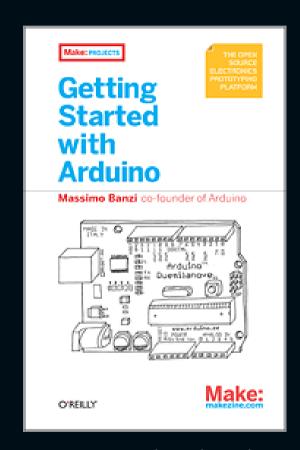


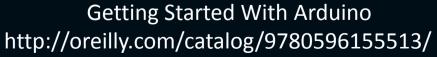
#### Anduino 書籍

Massimo Banzi



- Tinker.it 公司員工
- 數位科技設計







#### Anduino 特色

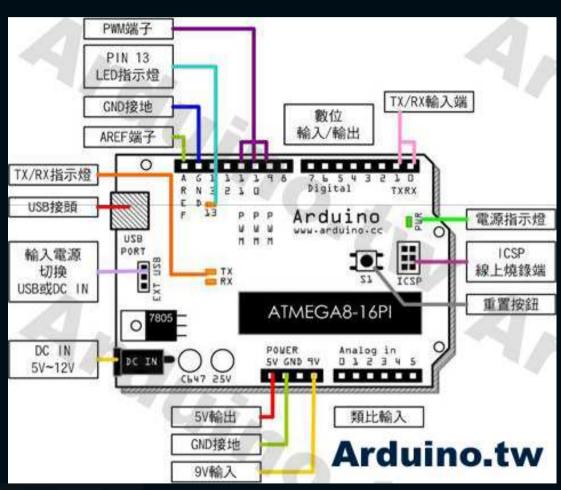
- Open Source電路圖設計 + 程式開發介面
- Arduino 可使用ISCP線上燒入器,自我將新的IC晶片燒入「bootloader」。
- 可依據官方電路圖,簡化Arduino模組,完成獨立運作的微處理控制。
- 可簡單地與感測器,各式各樣的電子元件連接(EX:紅外線,超音波,熱敏電阻,光敏電阻,伺服馬達,...等)
- 支援多樣的互動程式 ex: Flash, Max/Msp, VVVV, PD, C, Processing...等
- 使用低價格的微處理控制器(ATMEGA8/168/328) NT\$120~NT\$150
- USB介面,不需外接電源。另外有提供9VDC輸入
- 應用方面,利用Arduino,突破以往只能使用滑鼠,鍵盤,CCD等輸入的裝置的互動內容,可以更簡單地達成單人或多人遊戲互動。



#### Anduino 經典範例

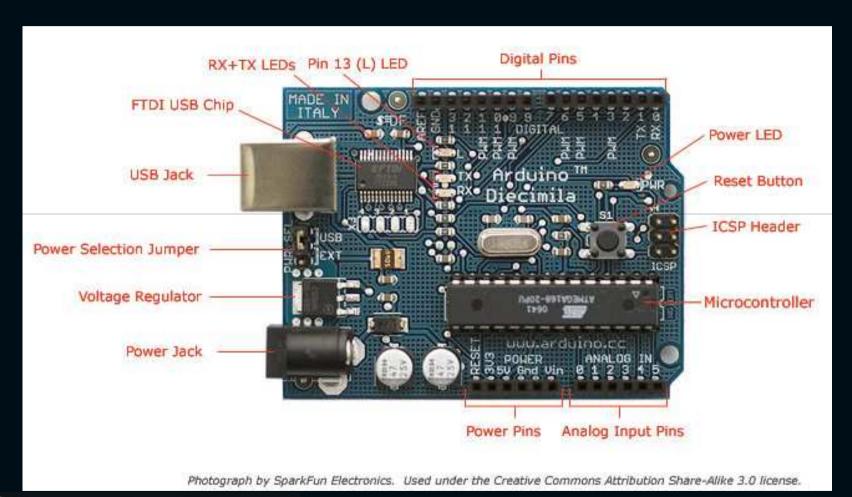
- Techart 1 [DVD]
- Techart 2 [DVD]
- Japan
  - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cLit6DaB6YU
  - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gCofZdpVr1U
  - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2Ki5lWDFnV8
  - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=W\_bliDwkANA
  - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MOJVYZIzUQ0
  - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JK504GMj8Rw







### Anduino 硬體-新款





#### Anduino規格

- I Digital I/O 數位式輸入/輸出端共 1~13。
- I Analog I/O 類比式輸入/輸出端共 0~5。
- I 支援USB接頭傳輸資料及供電(不需額外電源)。
- I 支援ICSP線上燒錄功能。
- I 支援TX/RX端子。
- I 支援AREF端子。
- I 支援3~6組PWM端子。
- | 輸入電壓:
- 接上USB時無須供電。
- 5V~12V DC輸入。
- | 輸出電壓:5V DC輸出
- I 採用Atmel Atmega8/168/328 單晶片。
- I Arduino大小尺寸: 寬70mm X 高54mm。



#### Arduino Core(AVR ATMEGAx)

- ATMEGA168
  - RISC 架構
  - 16KBytes Flash
  - 0.5kBytes EEPROM
  - 1KBytes SRAM
  - I/O \*23Pins
  - VCC 1.8~5.5V
  - 10-bit ADC \*6

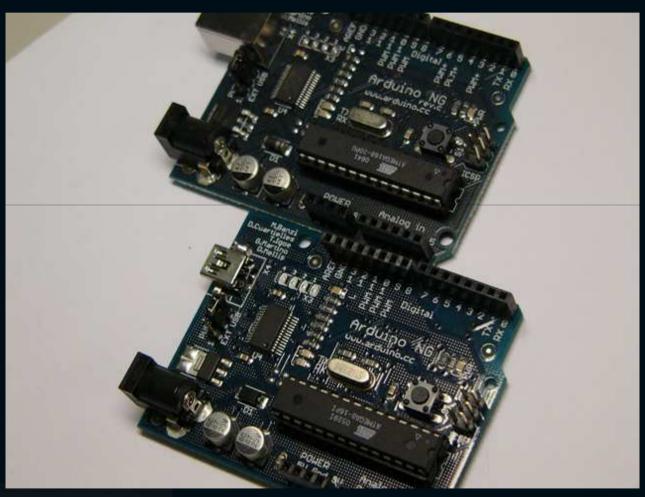
🧀 Ardu

- 16-bit Timers \*1

- F.max 20Mhz(20MIPS)
- Interrupts \*26
- PWM Channels \*6
- RTC YES
- Self ProgramMemory YES
- SPI + USART
- Watchdog YES
- UART \*1

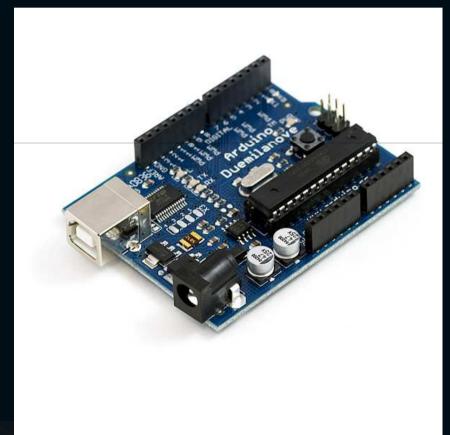
http://www.atmel.com/dyn/products/Product\_card.asp?part\_id=3303&ListAllAttributes=1

### Anduino NG



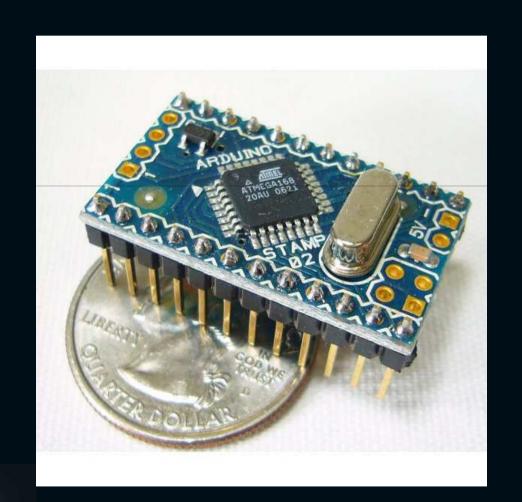


Duemilanove



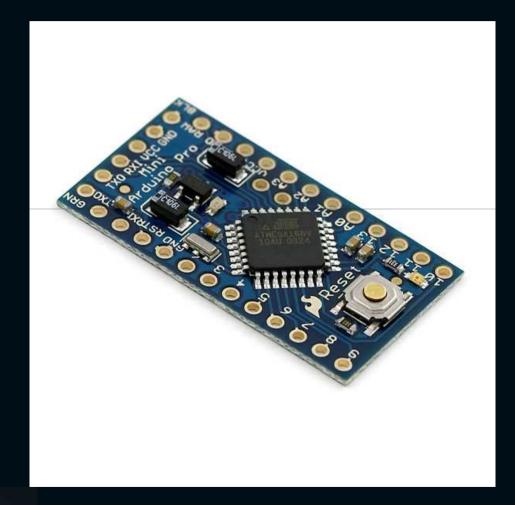


Stamp





• Pro Mini



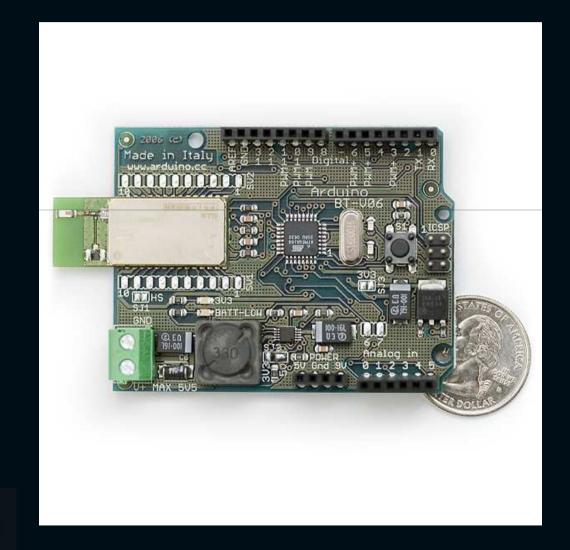


PRO





Bluetooth



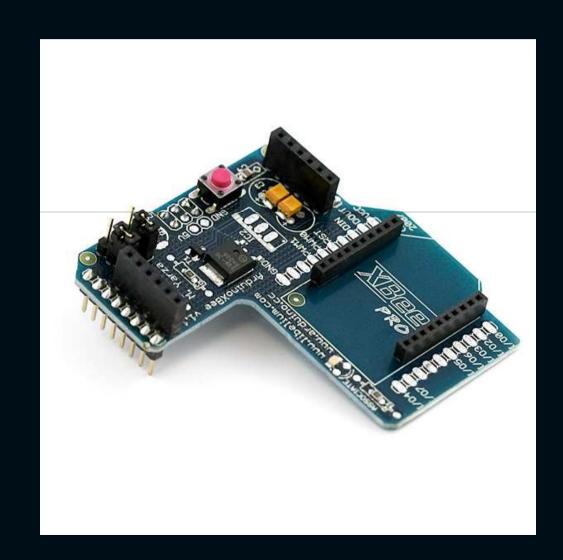


• Ethernet Shield



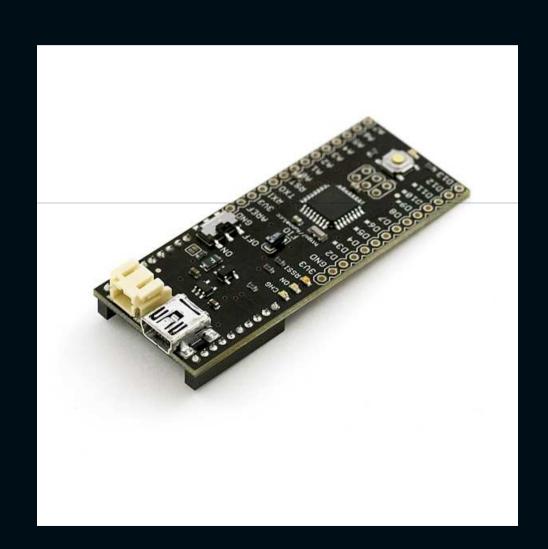


• XBee Shield



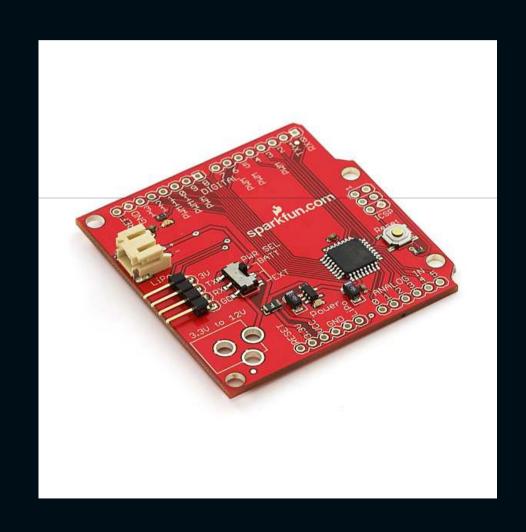


• Funnel IO



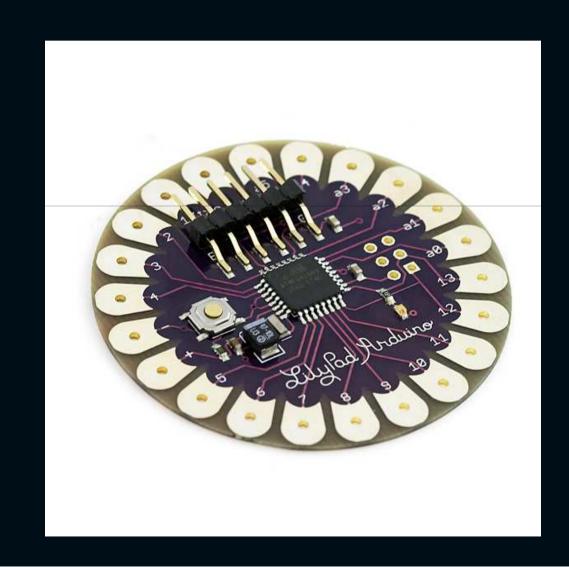


Skyinny



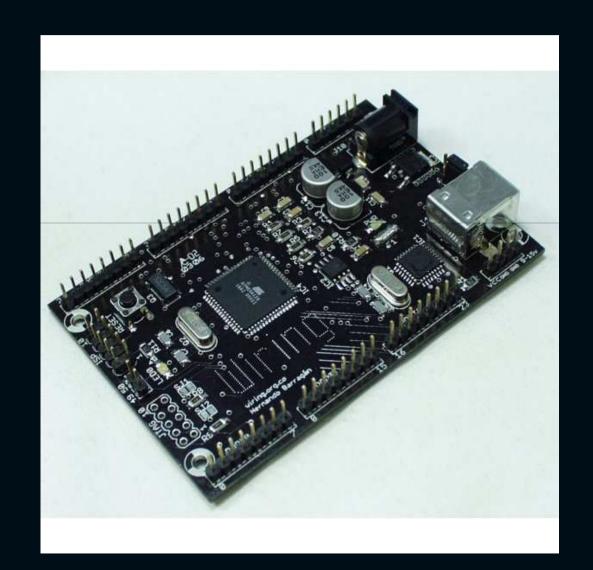


LilyPad



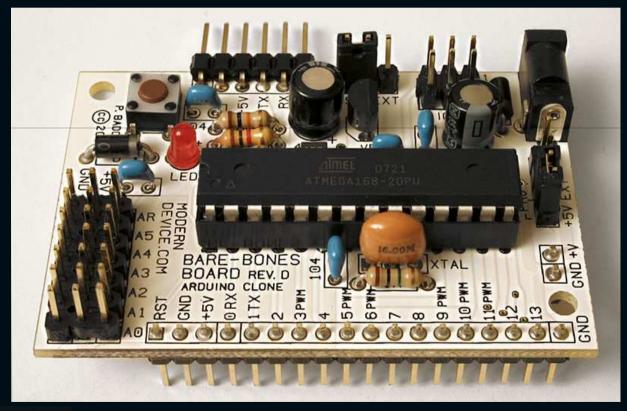


Wiring





Bare Bones Board



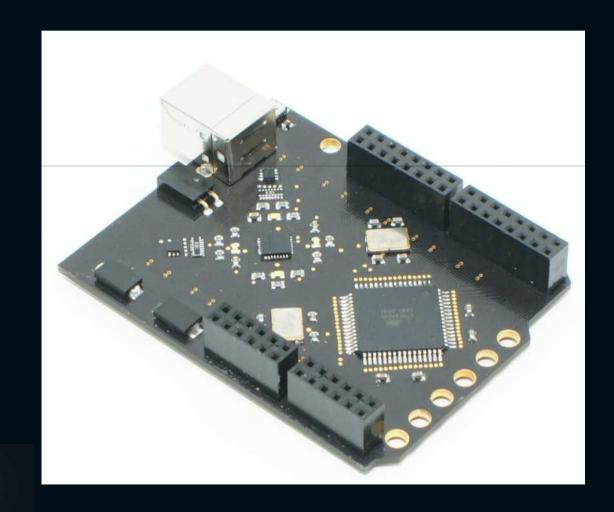


Seeeduino





• Illuminato



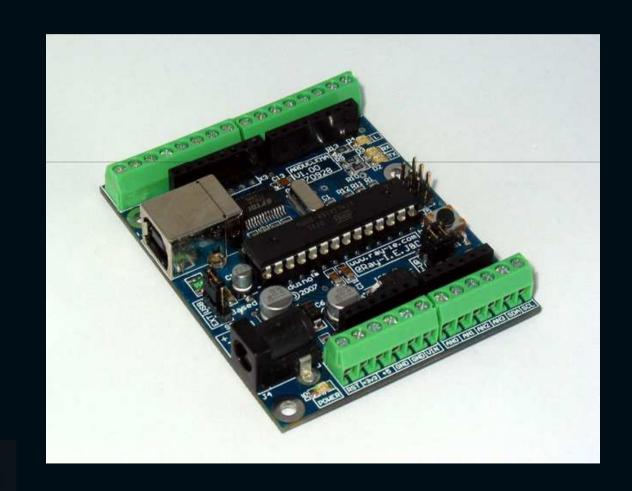


• Freeduino



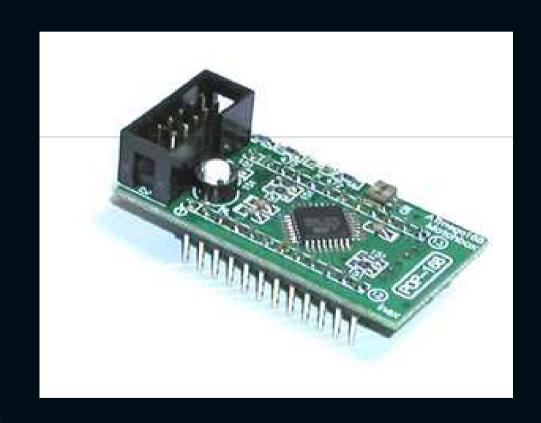


Arduclema





• POP168(泰國)



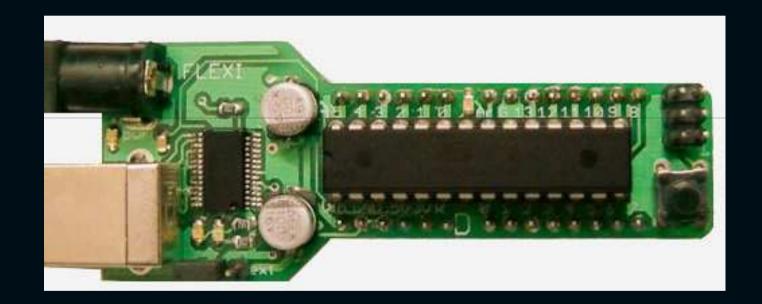


Prototyping Board



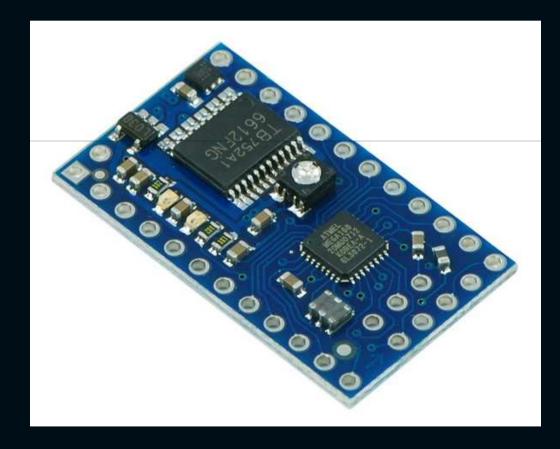


• Flexi





Baby Orangutan B-48



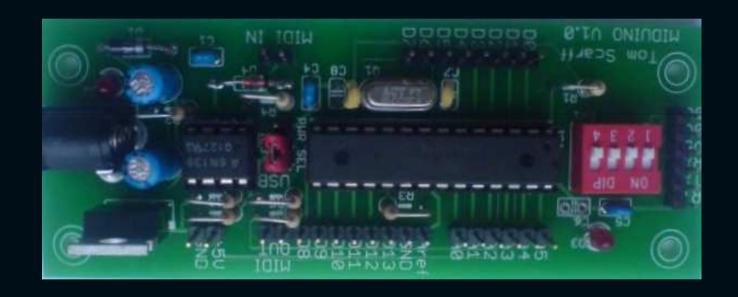


LEDuino



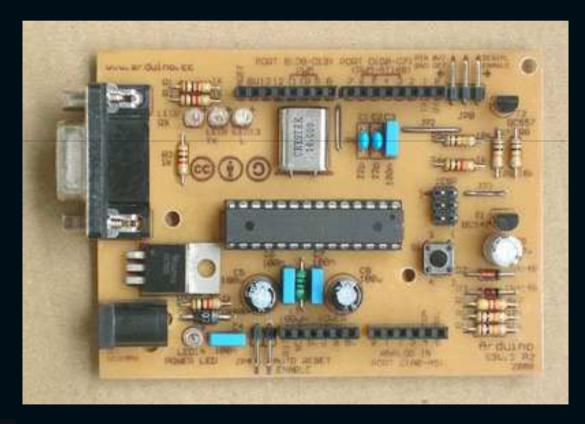


#### MIDUINO



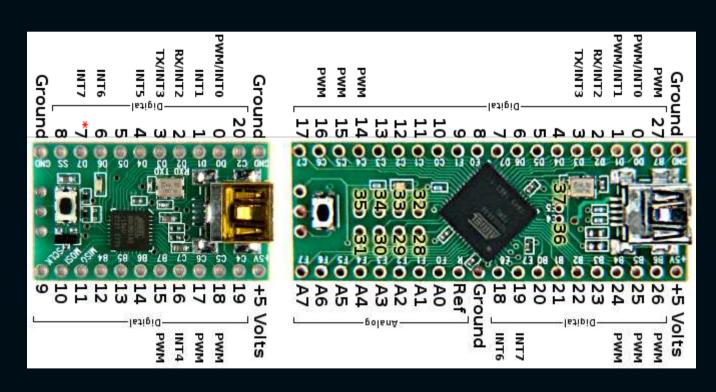


Single-Sided Serial Board

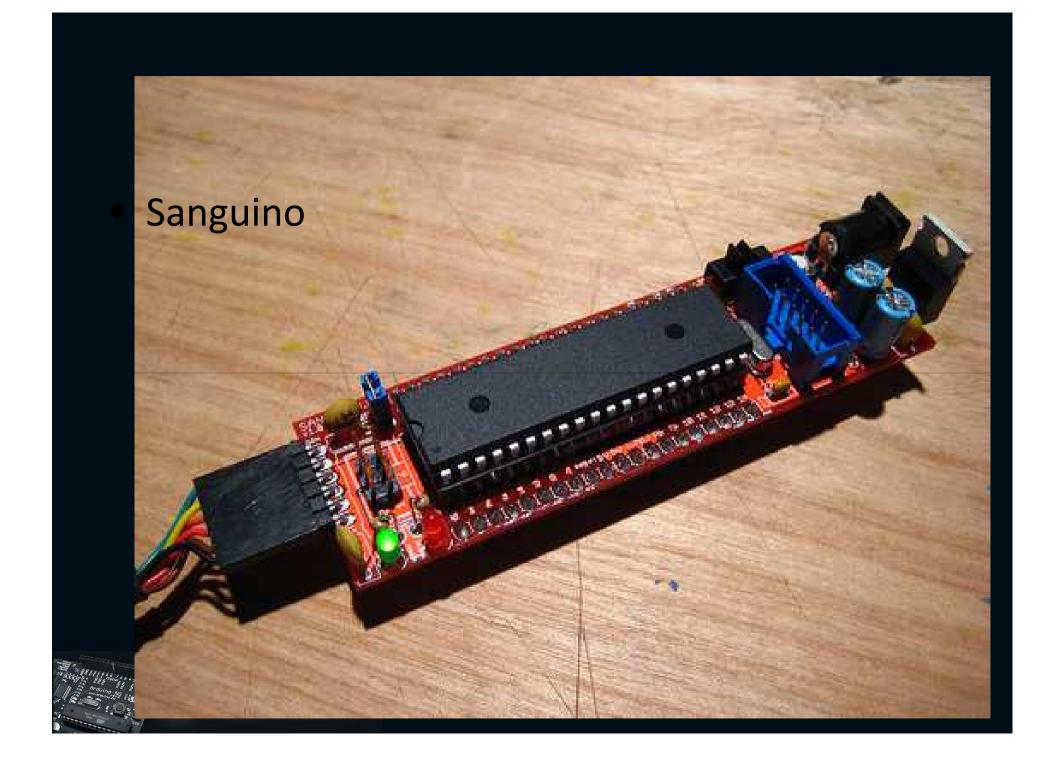




Teensyduino

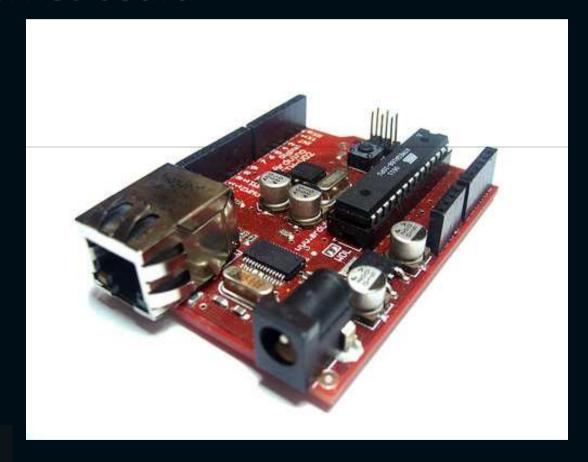






## Anduino 硬體類型

Arduino Ethernet board





#### Anduino 軟體

- Windows
  - XP, Vista32/64
- MAC
  - PPC, Intel
- Linux
  - -32/64

http://arduino.cc/en/Main/Software

```
Arduino - 0007 Alpha
File Edit Sketch Tools Help
                ① <sup>잔</sup> 라 <sup>온</sup>
                                                                      ₽
  led_blink
int ledPin = 13;
                                // LED connected to digital pin 13
void setup()
 pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
                           // sets the digital pin as output
void loop()
 digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
 delay(1000);
                               // waits for a second
  digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
                               // sets the LED off
                               // waits for a second
  delay(1000);
```



### Anduino 繁體中文

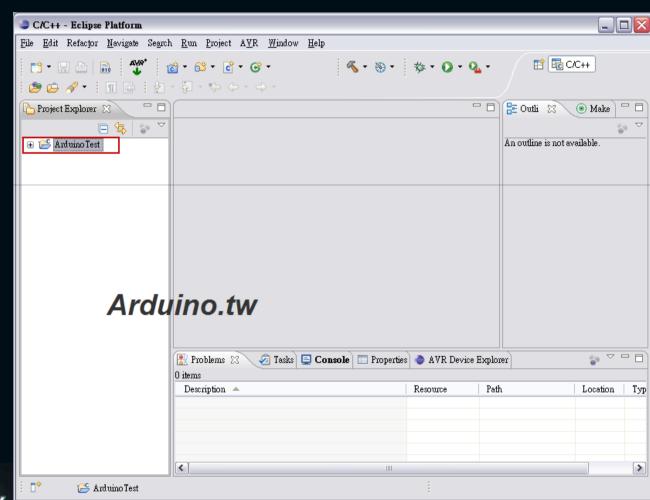
- Windows
  - -XP,
  - Vista32/64

M Arduino - 0013 Alpha-繁體中交版(by Shih-Ta Liu 2008) 檔案 編輯 程式碼 工具 幫助 如何開始?(連至Arduino樂園) (⊳)(□) 軟體使用說明 故帳排除 ₽ Blinke 語法參考 從語法參考中尋找 Ctrl+Shift+F \* Blink 常見問題集 瀏覽Ardvino.tw Ctrl+5 \* The basic Arduino exam )13 Alpha-繁體中文版(by Shih-Ta Liu 2008) \* then off for one second 關於Arduino繁體中交版 \* depending on your Arduino board, it has either a built Arduino \* or a built-in resistor so that you need only an LED. alpha \* http://www.arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/Blink // LED connected to digit int ledPin = 13; Written, Debugged, Supported by Massimo Banzi, David Cuartielles Tom Igoe, Gianluca Martino, David Mellis, Nicholas Zambetti // run once, when the ske void setup() 繁體中文化: 劉士達 Shih-Ta Liu 2008 pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT); // sets the digital pin a Based on processing by C. Reas and B. Fry Contains code written by Pascal Stang and Hernando Barragan > Arduino.tw 編譯完成! 編譯後的檔案大小: 1124 位元組 (最大為 14336 位元組)

http://arduino.tw/?p=97



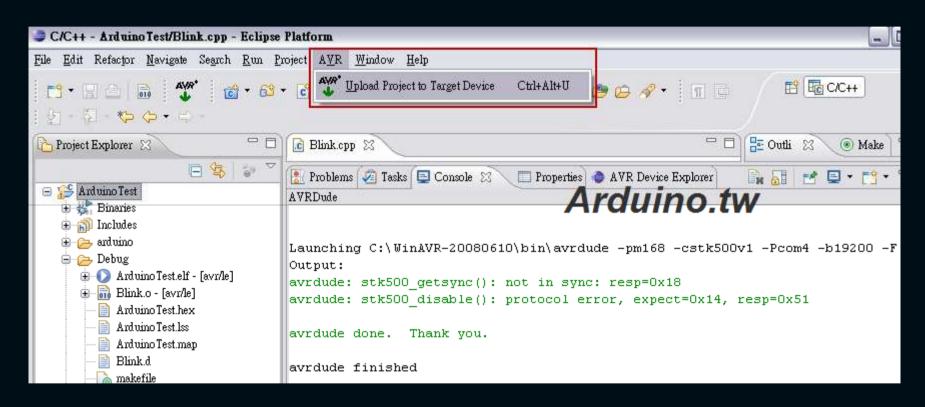
## 用Eclipse 寫 Anduino



http://arduino.tw/?p=95



### 用 Eclipse 燒入 Hex



http://arduino.tw/?p=98



## Anduino 第一步

• 準備arduino





## Anduino 第一步

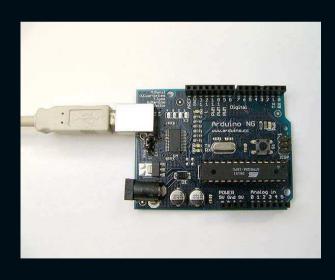
材料

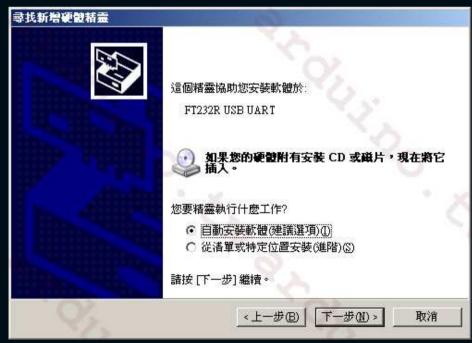




#### Anduino 安裝

- 1.將Arduino接上方頭的USB線,另外一端連接電腦
- 2.接上之後會出現FTDI的驅動程式安裝畫面

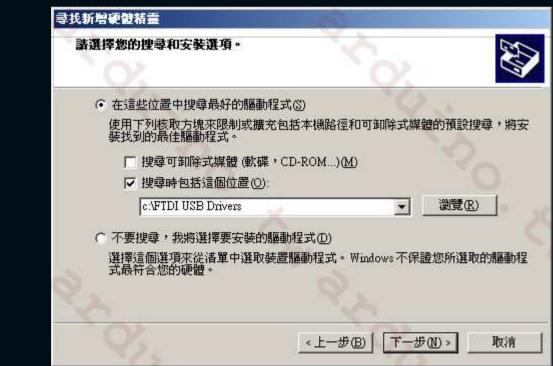






#### Anduino 安裝

 指定驅動程式安裝目錄,一般抓下來的 arduino資料夾裡面就會包含(EX:C:\arduino-0014\drivers\FTDI USB Drivers)。



### Anduino 安裝





#### 確認COMPORS

• 連接好硬體之後,可以先檢查一下你的Arduino是在哪個COM port。你可以打開(我的電腦->控制台->系統->切換到"硬體"標籤->點選"裝置管理員"->展開連接埠(Com和LPT)->查看USB Serial Port(COM4),括號裡面的數字就是你連接的Arduino Port)。





### 啓動Anduino



### 開始來寫程式吧!!



#### Verify

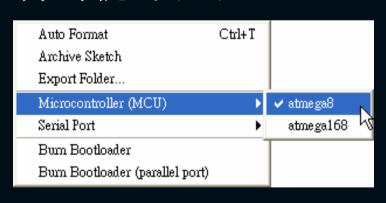
而將寫好的程式碼撰寫在你的Arduino介面裡面之後,接下來要先按下Verify這個按鈕,程式會先幫忙你檢查語法是否錯誤,如果沒有錯誤,會出現(Done Compiling)。

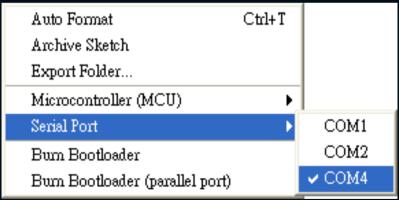




#### MCU & Serial Port

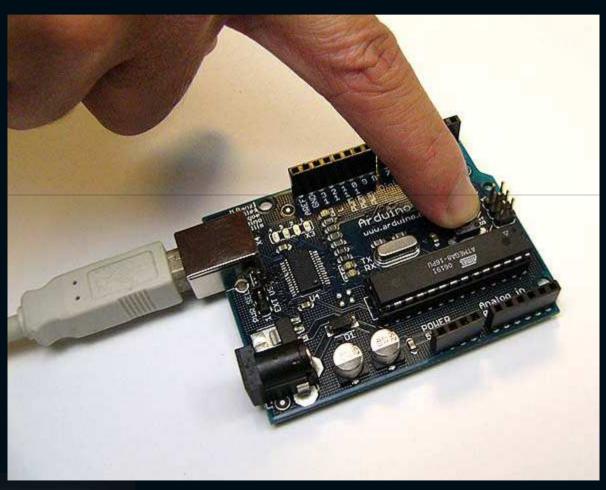
再來選擇你目前的COM設定,如果這一步沒有確認設定好的話,會是出現錯誤訊息的。在軟體工具上面找到Tools->Serial Port->COM4(這裡的COMPort依照你所裝上去的USB Serial Port),確認之後打勾就可以了。







# Reset (新版発)





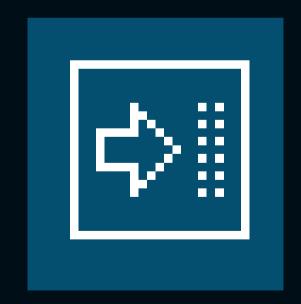
#### **Upload**

再按下軟體上面的Upload to I/O Board,等 待幾秒鍾,板子上面的RX/TX燈號會連續閃 爍,等閃爍之後,軟體上面的下面會出現:

Atmel AVR ATmega168 is found.

Uploading: flash

Firmware Version: 1.18 Firmware Version: 1.18





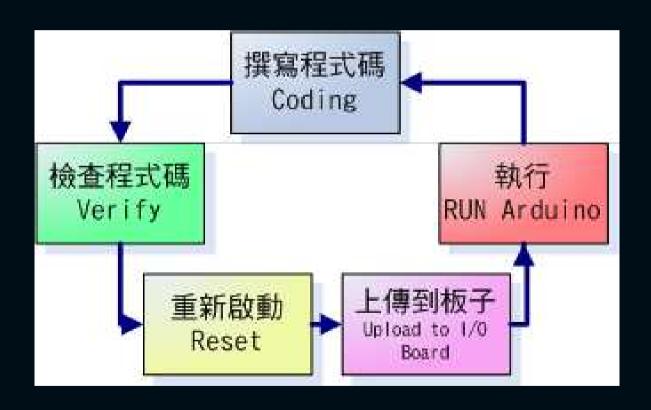
#### Check

• 這些訊息表示有找到晶片,並且已經上傳上去 Arduino,你可以看看LED13燈號是否會每隔一秒 鍾閃滅閃滅,如果是的話,就完成你的第一次使用Arduino了。





## 流程







```
int ledPin = 13;
void setup()
{

void loop()
{
```

宣告一個ledPin的變數 = 13



```
int ledPin = 13;
void setup()
{
    pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
}
也有INPUT模式
void loop()
{
```



```
int ledPin = 13;
void setup()
{
    pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
}
void loop()
{
    digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH); 設定PIN13腳位為高電位 = 5V 亮!!
    delay(1000); 設定延遲時間,1000 = 1秒 延遲
}
```



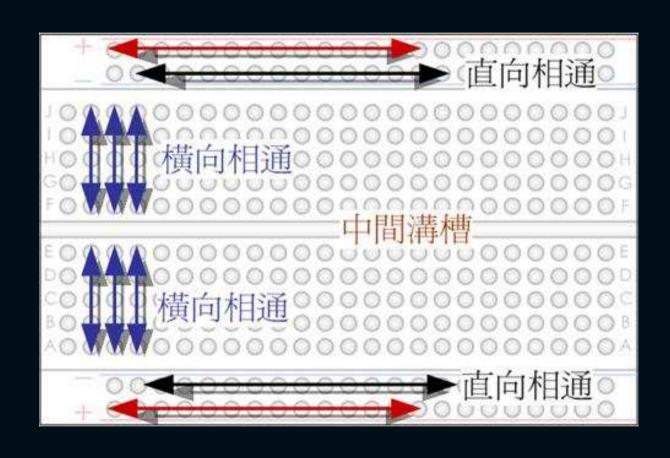


#### Arduino實作

- L4 接上可變電阻讀取類比數值 http://arduino.tw/?page\_id=24
- L5- 讀取按鈕訊號數值 http://arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/Button
- L6 產生PWM訊號輸出讓LED漸亮減 http://arduino.cc/en/Tutorial/Fading
- L7 水銀開關讀取與LED變化 http://arduino.tw/?p=71
- L8 光敏電阻與Serial.print <a href="http://arduino.tw/?p=68">http://arduino.tw/?p=68</a>

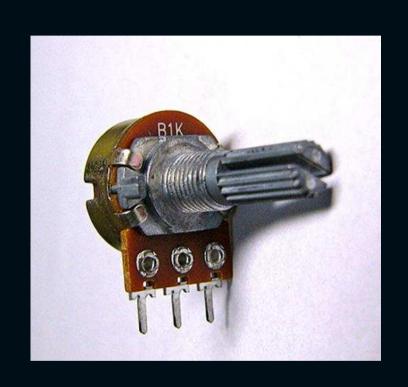


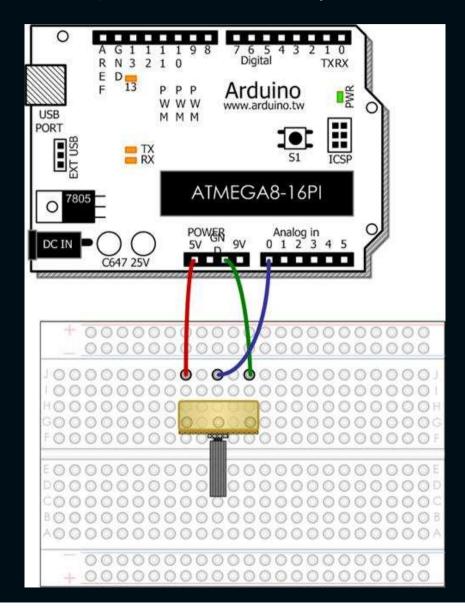
## 麵包板怎麼接?





## 接上可變電阻讀取類比數值

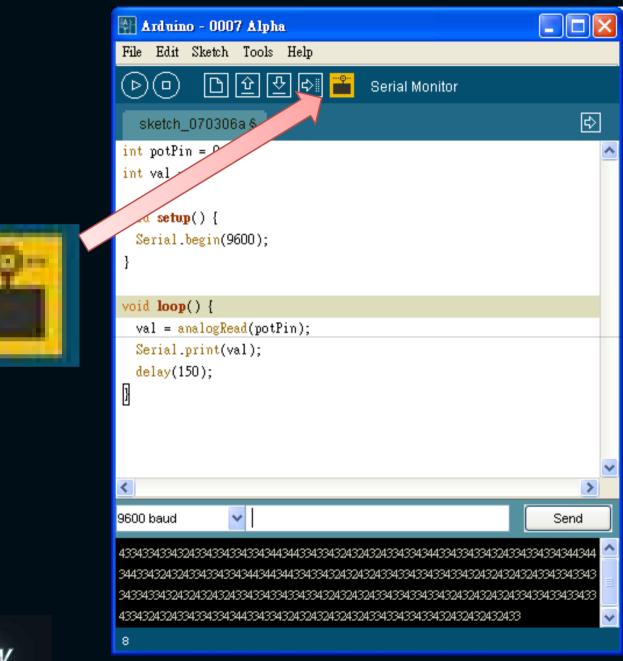


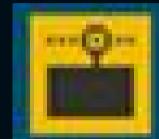




#### code

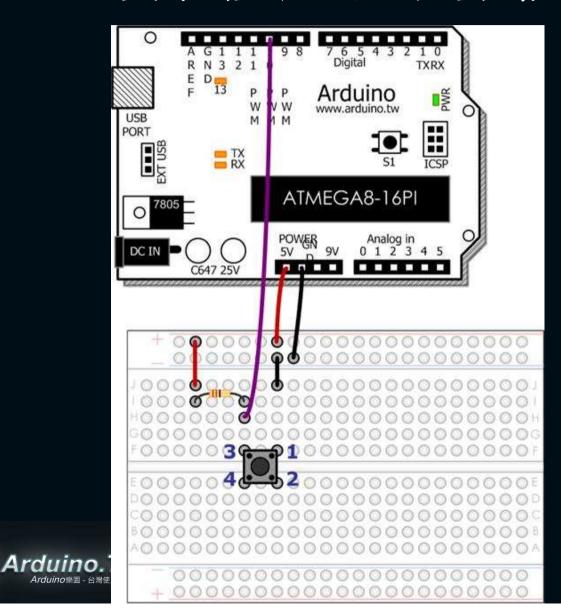








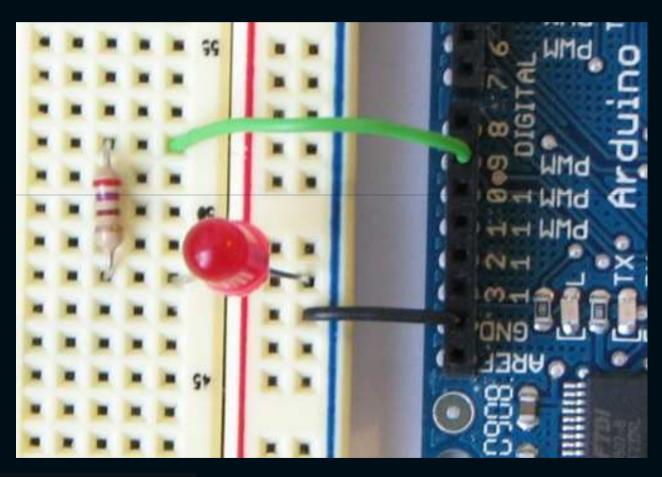
## 讀取按鈕訊號數值



#### code

```
int ledPin = 13;
                    // 要輸出的LED PIN腳
                     // 要輸入的按鈕 PIN腳
int inPin = 10;
                  // 設定一個狀態變數
int val = 0;
void setup() {
pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
                          // 設定LEDPIN腳爲輸出模式
pinMode(inPin, INPUT);
                          // 設定序列埠的速度爲9600bps
Serial.begin(9600);
void loop(){
val = digitalRead(inPin);
Serial.println(val);
                         // 印出所抓到的數值
delay(100);
                         // 延遲顯示時間 = 0.1秒
if (val == HIGH) {
                         // 如果按鈕被按下
 digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);  // 就把LEDPIN輸出訊號為LOW電壓,就是不亮
else {
 digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
                          // 反之讓LED亮著
```

## 產生PWM訊號輸出讓LED漸亮滅



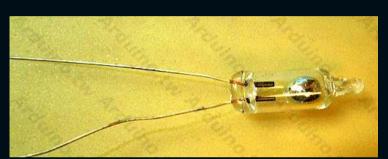


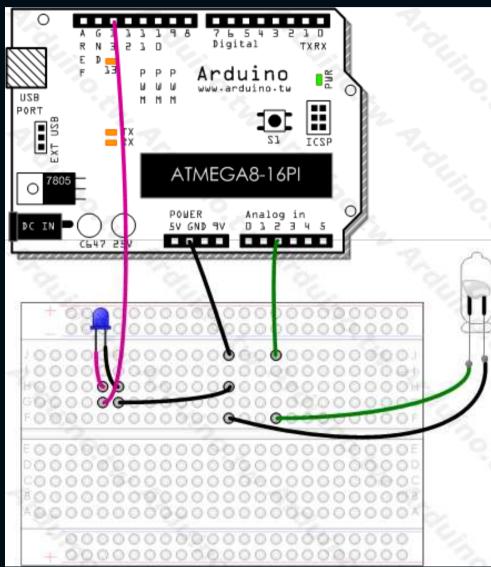
#### code

```
int value = 0;
int ledpin = 9
 void setup() {
 void loop() {
   for(value = 0; value <= 255; value+=5) {
     analogWrite(ledpin, value);
     delay(30);
   for(value = 255; value >=0; value-=5) {
     analogWrite(ledpin, value);
     delay(30);
```



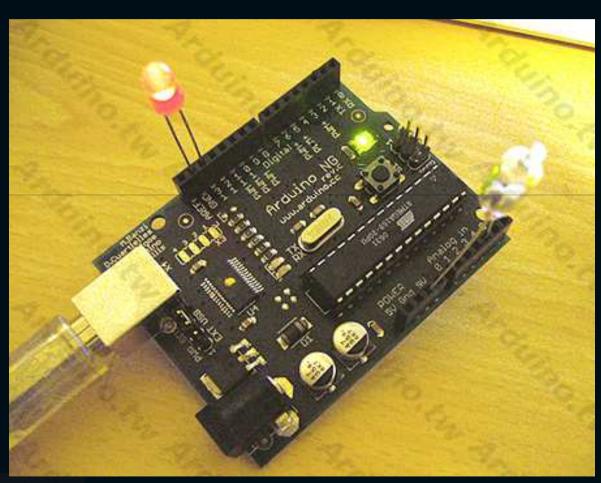
## 水銀開關讀取與LED變化







# 接好以後

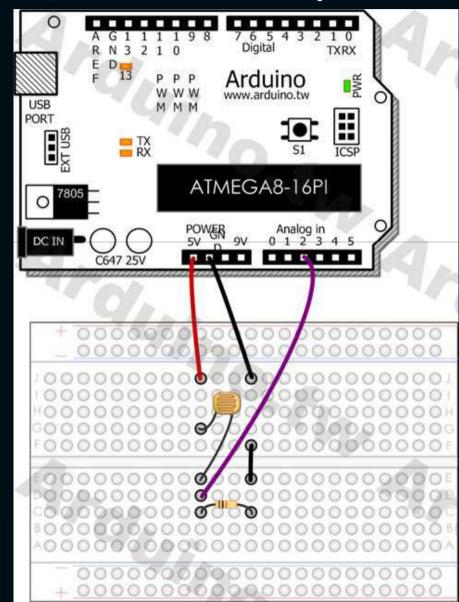




```
code
int ledPin = 13;
int analogPin = 2;
int val = 0;
int threshold = 1;
void setup()
 pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
void loop()
 val = analogRead(analogPin);
 if (val >= threshold) {
   digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH); // 當水銀開關HIGH時,led持續發亮
 } else {
  digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH); // 當水銀開關LOW時,led閃爍
  delay(300);
  digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
  delay(300);
```



# 光敏電阻與Serial.print





## code

```
int potPin = 2; //設定讀入的腳位
int val = 0;
void setup() {
   Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop() {
   val = analogRead(potPin);
   Serial.print(val); //將讀取的數值顯示在serialmonitor delay(150);
}
```



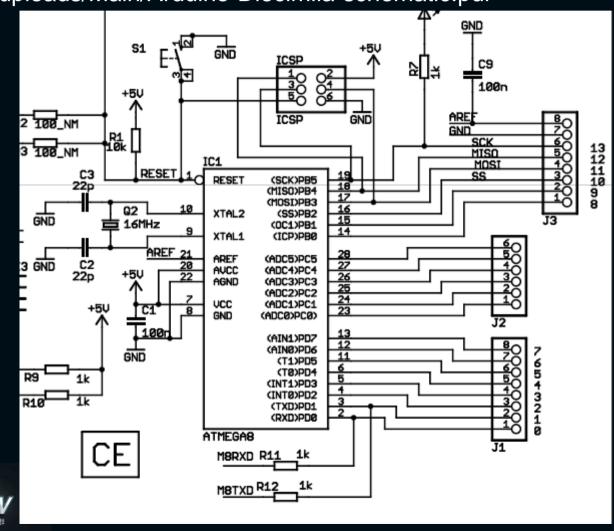
## 如何自製Arduino?

- 已有FTDI晶片(USB to RS232)
- 使用MAX232
- 完全用電子元件製作

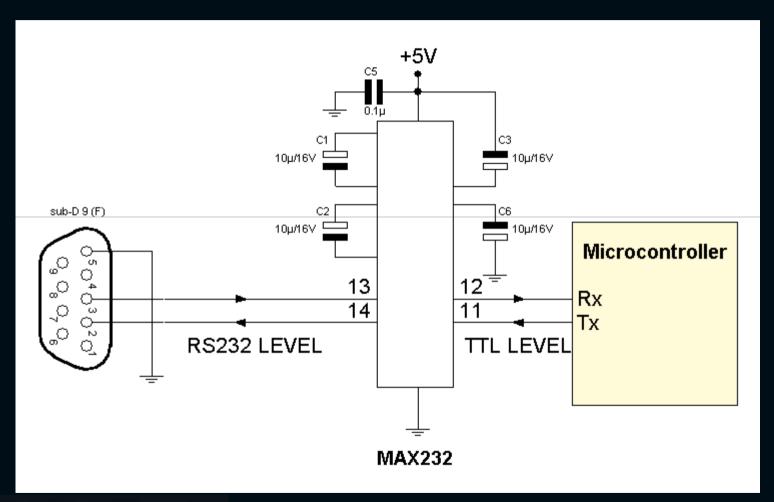


#### Arduino basic

http://arduino.cc/en/uploads/Main/Arduino-Diecimila-schematic.pdf

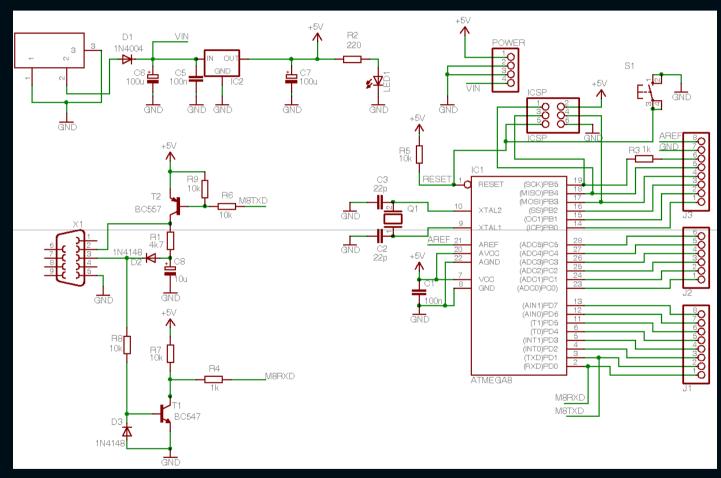


## MAX232





## Arduino Serial



http://webzone.k3.mah.se/k3dacu/arduino/releases/serial\_v2/arduino\_rs232\_v2.png



### Bootloader

http://arduino.tw/?p=86





## Security bits





## Interfacing with software

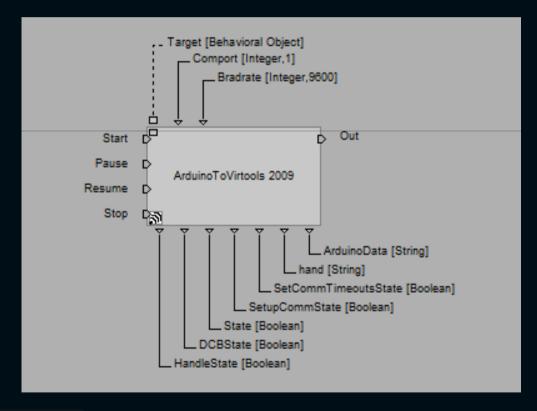
```
Arduino + Java
Arduino + Flash
Arduino + Processing
Arduino + PD (Pure Data)
Arduino + MaxMSP
Arduino + VVVV
Arduino + Director
Arduino + Python
Arduino + Ruby
Arduino + C
Arduino + C++ (using libSerial)
Arduino + C++ (for windows)
Arduino + C#
Arduino + Linux TTY
Arduino + Virtools
Arduino + SuperCollider
Arduino + Instant Reality (X3D)
Arduino + Second Life
Arduino + Liberlab (measurement and experimentation software)
Arduino + BlitzMax (access restricted to BlitzMax users)
Arduino + Squeak
Arduino + Mathematica
Arduino + Matlab
Arduino + Mono
Arduino + Isadora
Arduino + PERL
Arduino + other
Arduino + Any SW
```

http://www.arduino.cc/playground/Main/InterfacingWithSoftware



## Arduino + Virtools

http://arduino.tw/?p=178





## Anduino網站

- 原廠 Arduino.cc
- 臺灣 Arduino.tw
- 美國AVR原廠 www.atmel.com
- AVR討論區 AVR Freaks www.avrfreaks.net/
- Arduino討論區 http://www.arduino.cc/playground/
- 購買Arduino: www.sparkfun.com



### **END**

# Arduino.tw

