Auto Layout Tool

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1 Introduction

The Auto Layout tool automatically formats a Simulink model to improve its visual layout. This tool is useful for arranging Simulink model elements, such as blocks and lines, in order to increase readability, and benefits the user by automating the tedious task of manually organizing the many elements contained in a model.

Disclaimer This tool will try its best to make messy models (containing many signal crossings, not aligned blocks, unclear data flow, etc.) easier to read, but you may find that models that are already well laid out, will benefit less than a model that is auto-generated and has no layout, for example.

More Information

For more information on the tool and how it can be used in model-based development with Simulink, please refer to the following papers:

Vera Pantelic, Steven Postma, Mark Lawford, Monika Jaskolka, Bennett Mackenzie, Alexandre Korobkine, Marc Bender, Jeff Ong, Gordon Marks, Alan Wassyng, "Software engineering practices and Simulink: bridging the gap," International Journal on Software Tools for Technology Transfer (STTT), 2017, 1-23.

Vera Pantelic, Steven Postma, Mark Lawford, Alexandre Korobkine, Bennett Mackenzie, Jeff Ong, and Marc Bender, "A Toolset for Simulink: Improving Software Engineering Practices in Development with Simulink," Proceedings of 3rd International Conference on Model-Driven Engineering and Software Development (MODELSWARD 2015), SCITEPRESS, 2015, 50–61.

2 How to Use the Tool

This section describes what must be done to setup the tool, as well as how to use the tool.

2.1 Prerequisites

Please ensure the following, before using the tool:

- Use Matlab/Simulink 2011b or newer. If layout_type is set to Graph-Plot, then 2015b or newer is required.
- The tool is present in your MATLAB path.
- Graphviz is installed, if layout_type is set to Graphviz (see Section 2.1.1).
- The model is open (or loaded, for command line use).

2.1.1 Graphing Methods

The Auto Layout tool supports three different ways of producing an *initial layout* for a model. The initial layout is the first placement of blocks according to their connections to other model elements. Subsequent operations of the Auto Layout tool transform the model layout further by making a series of adjustments to the initial layout.

The first method of initial layout is through the use of Graphviz¹, the second is through Matlab's built-in graph plot² capabilities that exist as of 2015b, and the third is an in-house method which places blocks in a column-wise fashion based on data flow (e.g., with blocks that flow into a block being placed in columns to the left of that block). To run the tool using the first method, with Graphviz, please follow the installation steps below. To run the tool using the second method, with graph plot, Matlab 2015b+ is required. The third in-house option has no requirements.

You can use the configuration parameters (Section 2.4) to switch between the graphing methods at any time (you may find that one produces better results for you).

Graphviz Installation

- 1. Install Graphviz: Download Graphviz files from the official website: http://www.graphviz.org/download/.
- 2. Change the System Path:

¹https://www.graphviz.org

²https://www.mathworks.com/help/matlab/ref/graphplot.html

- 2a. For Windows, newer versions of the Graphviz software do not automatically put Graphviz's dot command on the system path. Therefore, for the tool to function the user must manually set the system path such that the dot command in the batch file works correctly. This means appending the Graphviz bin directory to the PATH environment variable. The path that needs to be added is C: \ProgramFiles(x86)\Graphviz2.xx\bin where 2.xx is the Graphviz version that was installed. To learn how to set the system path appropriately, refer to: http://www.computerhope.com/issues/ch000549.htm.
- 2b. For *Linux* and *Mac OS X*, if after installation the dot command is not on the system path visible to MATLAB, the MATLAB system path must be changed to include the folder that contains the command. For detailed instructions on running external programs from MATLAB see: http://www.mathworks.com/help/matlab/matlab_env/run-external-commands-scripts-and-programs.html.

2.2 Getting Started

The tool can be used via the Simulink Context Menu, which can be viewed by right-clicking in a Simulink system. The *Auto Layout* option will be available, as shown in Figure 1.

2.3 Functionality

This section describes the tool functionality when being used from the Simulink Context Menu (Figure 1).

Right-clicking anywhere in the model and then selecting Auto Layout from the Context Menu will begin the auto layout of a model. If no objects are selected, the tool will act as though all objects in the system are selected. This operation may take a few seconds.

Note: There is currently no support to undo an auto layout operation. You will be warned if you attempt to auto layout an unsaved model (Section 2.5).

2.4 Configuration Parameters

The configuration file config.txt is included in AutoLayout\src. The following configuration parameters are utilized by the tool, and can be modified by the user in order to tailor tool functionality:

- layout_type Customize which layout method to use.
- portless_rule Customize where to place blocks with no ports.
- sort_portless Customize how to group blocks with no ports.

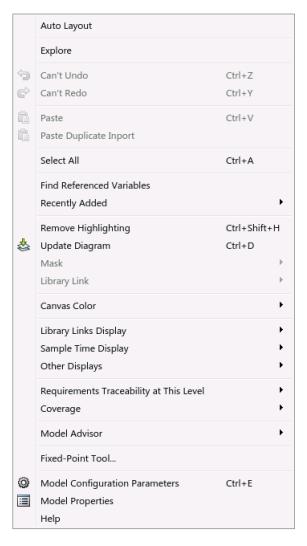


Figure 1: Simulink Context Menu with tool option visible.

- inport_rule Customize where to place inport blocks.
- outport_rule Customize where to place outport blocks.
- note_rule Customize where to place annotations.
- show_names Customize how to show block names.

Please see the configuration file for more details regarding parameter usage and accepted values. These parameters can be modified with MATLAB open, and do not require that MATLAB be restarted for the changes to take effect.

There are also many configuration options available when running the tool through the command line (in addition to the configuration options). Many of these are useful for adjusting the layout slightly. A partial list of the parameters is given below:

- ShiftAll Allows unselected objects to be moved out of the way as necessary when other objects are laid out.
- ColumnWidthMode Determines how much space to give each column of blocks in the layout.
- HorizSpacing Determines how much space to give between columns of blocks.
- VertSpacing Determines how much space to allow between blocks within a column of blocks.
- AdjustWidthParams Provides options pertaining to the width of blocks. (e.g., a buffer to add to a width determined by the tool and whether, or not to use preset widths for certain block types).
- AdjustHeightParams Provides options pertaining to the height of blocks. (e.g., wether or not to use preset heights for certain block types, whether or not to make blocks as tall as the sum of heights of their inputs/outputs, height desired per port, or buffer height to add to the height).

Please see AutoLayout.m in AutoLayout\src for more details regarding usage of these parameters.

2.5 Errors and Warnings

Any errors or warnings during tool use will be visible in the Matlab Command Window. Typically, errors will be shown when the model is locked or function parameters are incorrect.

A common error occurs when one tries to start the auto layout operation on an unsaved model. As a result, the warning shown in Figure 2 will appear. The user is given three options:

- 1. Press Yes to save and continue with the auto layout of the model.
- 2. Press No to continue with the auto layout of the model without saving. You may lose changes if you decide you do not wish to save after the auto layout operation.
- 3. Press Cancel or the close window button to abort the operation.

Another common error occurs when invalid parameters or values are given when using Auto Layout from the command line. These errors are likely caused from typing in the parameter names or values incorrectly (though they should be case insensitive); it is recommended that the user review the appropriate documentation on the parameter (which should be in the header comments of the file where the error occurred).

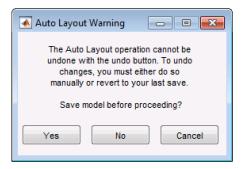


Figure 2: Unsaved model warning.

3 Example

Use the command AutoLayoutDemo in the Simulink command window to open the example model, shown in Figure 3. This example has many blocks that are not placed in an organized fashion, with unclear flow of data from left to right. Many signal lines are also crossing one another, making the data flow even more difficult to understand.

To auto layout this model, right-click anywhere in the model and select the Auto Layout option. The resulting model is shown in Figure 4. The results will vary depending on which graphing method is used.

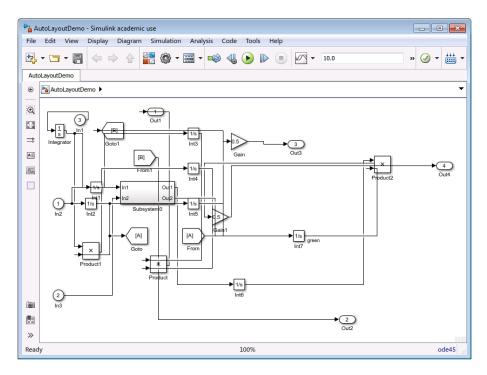
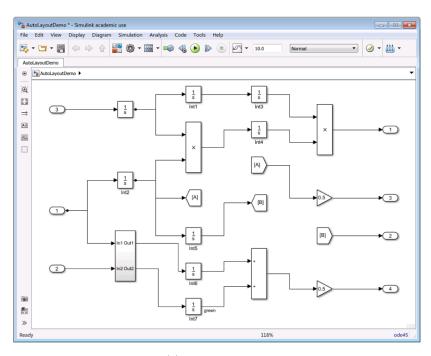
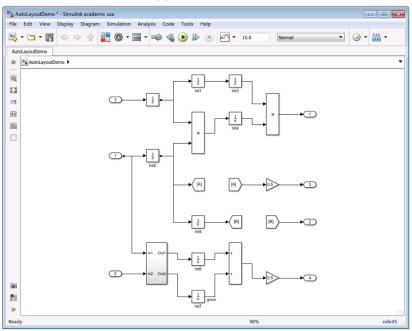


Figure 3: Auto Layout demo: The ${\tt AutoLayoutDemo}$ model before the auto layout operation.



(a) Using Graphviz



(b) Using Matlab graph plotting

Figure 4: Auto Layout demo: The ${\tt AutoLayoutDemo}$ model after the auto layout operation.

4 Matlab Commands

The tool can also be used via the MATLAB command line, with the following functions. Note gcbs and gcos are useful functions that come with the tool and get current selection of blocks and objects respectively.

Function	AutoLayout
Syntax	$oxed{AutoLayout}(objects, varargin)$
Description	Modifies the <i>objects</i> within a common Simulink system so they are
	laid out to be more visually organized.
Inputs	objects: Simulink object (in particular: blocks & annotations) full-
	names or handles.
	objects: Layout options (see AutoLayout.m)
Outputs	N/A
Examples	AutoLayout(gcbs)
	AutoLayout(gcbs, 'HorizSpacing', 70)
	AutoLayout(gcos, 'HorizSpacing', 70,
	'AdjustWidthParams', {'Buffer', 10})
	AutoLayout(gcos, 'AdjustHeightParams', {'PortParams',
	{'ConnectionType', {'Inport'}, 'Method', 'SumMax'}})

Function	AutoLayoutSys
Syntax	AutoLayoutSys(system)
Description	Modifies the <i>system</i> model so it is laid out to be more visually orga-
	nized. This is the same as calling AutoLayout with all objects in the
	system as input.
Inputs	system: Simulink system name.
Outputs	N/A