

Python Package Metadata Management

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- Python package managers download whole packages just for metadata
- Mirroring PyPI is expensive (6 GB)
- Middle approach: Mirroring metadata

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- `list_projects()`
List of registered project names.
- `project_releases(project)`
List of releases for given project, ordered by version.
- `project_release_latest()`
Latest release of given project.
- `belong_to(name)`
List of projects whose author is name.

- `browse(classifier)`: List of (project, version) of all releases classified by classifier.
- `release_data(project, version)`: Metadata of given release: project, version, homepage, author, author's email, summary, keywords, classifiers and dependencies
- `search_name(pattern)`: List of (project, version, summary) where name matches pattern.
- `search_summary(pattern)`: List of (project, version, summary) where summary matches pattern.

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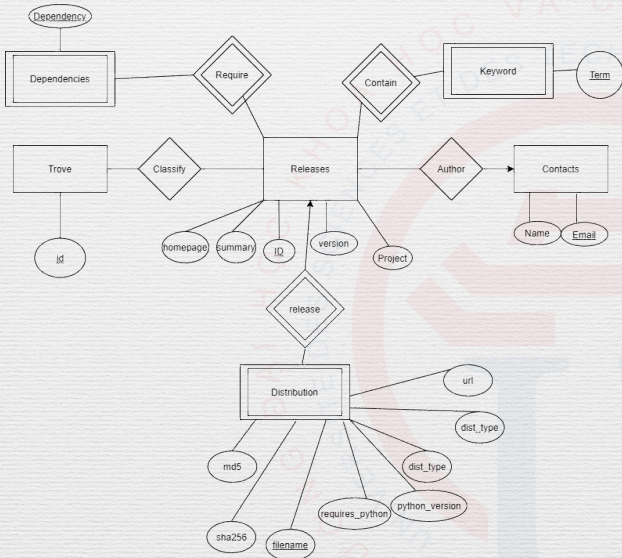
3 Data Definition

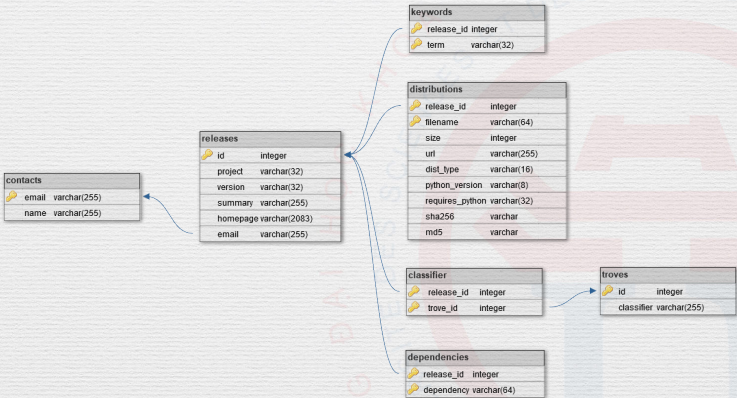
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Entity Relationship Diagram





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```
SELECT DISTINCT project  
FROM releases;
```

```
SELECT version
FROM releases
WHERE project = 'spam'
ORDER BY version;
```

```
SELECT version
FROM releases
WHERE project = 'spam'
ORDER BY version DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

```
CREATE VIEW authorships
AS SELECT name as author, project
FROM contacts NATURAL JOIN releases
GROUP BY author, project;
```



```
SELECT project
FROM authorships
WHERE author='Monty Python';
```

```
DELIMITER //
CREATE PROCEDURE browse(class varchar(255))
BEGIN
    SELECT project, version
    FROM releases, classifiers
    WHERE id = release_id AND trove_id = (
        SELECT id
        FROM troves
        WHERE classifier = class);
END//
DELIMITER ;
```

```
DELIMITER //
```

```
CREATE PROCEDURE release_data(  
    project varchar(32), version varchar(32))  
BEGIN  
    DECLARE i smallint;  
    SET i = (  
        SELECT id  
        FROM releases  
        WHERE releases.project = project  
        AND releases.version = version);  
    SELECT project, version, homepage,  
        name as author, email, summary  
    FROM releases NATURAL JOIN contacts  
    WHERE id = i;
```

```
SELECT term as keyword  
FROM keywords  
WHERE release_id = i;
```

```
SELECT classifier  
FROM classifiers, troves  
WHERE release_id = i AND trove_id = troves.id;
```

```
SELECT dependency  
FROM dependencies  
WHERE release_id = i;  
END//  
DELIMITER ;
```

Project Search by Name

```
SELECT project, version, summary  
FROM releases  
WHERE project LIKE 'py%';
```

```
SELECT project, version, summary
FROM releases
WHERE summary LIKE '%num%';
```


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- Relational databases
- SQL—MySQL in particular
- Python package metadata format



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