

Peter Willendrup

Further samples... SANS, reflectometry, imaging, inelastic scattering



Further samples in McStas

- A look at the "Sample functionality matrix"
- Models for SANS
- Inelastic scattering, examples:
 - Phonon_simple
 - Isotropic_sqw
- McStas performance, TAS / Chopper

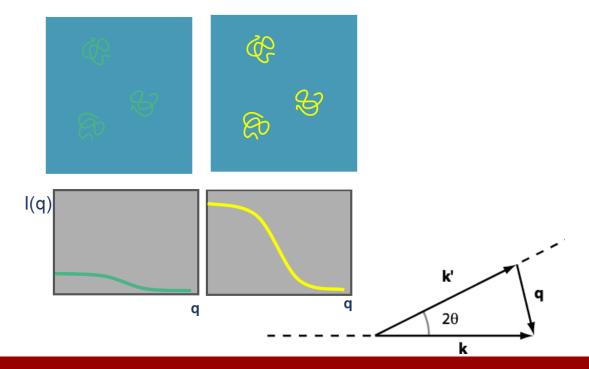


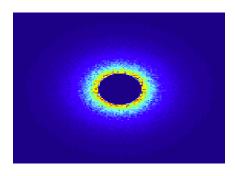
Small angle scattering SANS





Isotropic scattering





$$q = \frac{4\pi}{\lambda}\sin(\theta)$$

Small Angle Neutron Scattering

- Elastic Scattering
- Small angle -> small q -> big r
- Gain information on the molecular scale 10-100Å

- Low signal to noise
- Contrast method
- Instrument requirements: good collimation, long flight distance after detector.



SANS models in McStas

6	Sans_spheres	Hard spheres in thin solution and other	SANS	•	•	" ⊘ " - SANS	8	8	8
	(and other similar) McStas team and	models, defined per-component							
	Martin Cramer Pedersen, KU								
7	SANS_benchmark2 (and a few	Experimentally-benchmarked model set for SANS	SANS	•	•	" ⊘ " - SANS	8	up to	8
	other stand-alone models)								
	Heinrich Frielinghaus, FZJ/JCNS								
8	SASview_models McStas team	"Any" model from SASview / SASmodels	SANS	0	•	" ⊘ " - SANS	8	at this	8
								Polite	



Example: SANS spheres

Input parameters

Parameters in boldface are required; the others are optional

Name	Unit	Description	Default
R	AA	Radius of scattering hard spheres	100
Phi	1	Partic e volume fraction	1e-3
Delta_rho	fm/AA^3	Excess scattering length density	0.6
sigme_abs	m^-1	Absorption cross section density at 2200 m/s	0.05
xwidth	m	horiz. dimension of sample, as a width	0
yheight	m	vert . dimension of sample, as a height for cylinder/box	0
zdepth	m	depth of sample	0
radius	m	Outer radius of sample in (x,z) plane for cylinder/sphere	0
target_x			0
target_y	m	position of target to focus at	0
target_z			6
target_index	1	Relative index of component to focus at, e.g. next is +1	0
focus_xw	m	horiz. dimension of a rectangular area	0
focus_yh	m	vert. dimension of a rectangular area	0
focus_aw	deg	horiz. angular dimension of a rectangular area	0
focus_ah	deg	vert. angular dimension of a rectangular area	0
focus_r	m	Detector (disk-shaped) radius	0

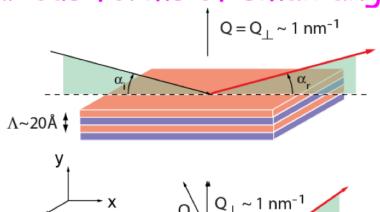
Dilute, monodisperse, hard spheres in solution, with given contrast and radius



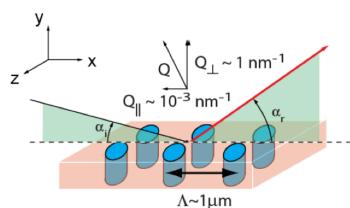
Reflectometry

• Used to

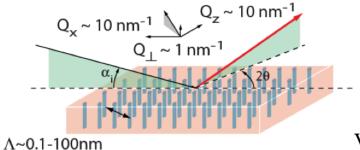
Various forms of small angle neutron reflection



Specular reflectometry
Depth profiles
(nuclear and/or magnetic)



Off-specular (diffuse) scattering
In-plane correlated roughness
Magnetic stripes
Phase separation (polymers)



Glancing incidence diffraction
Ordering in liquid crystals
Atomic structures near surfaces
Interactions among nanodots

Viewgraph from M. R. Fitzsimmons



Reflectometry samples in McStas

9	Multilayer_sample Rob Dalgliesh, ISIS STFC	Multilayer-sample (additions of phase via matrix- formalism) with incoherent background	Reflectometry	•	0	"V" - Reflectivity curve	8	8	8
22	"Specular reflectometry"	Use a reflectivity-curve with e.g. Mirror.comp	Reflectometry	•	0	" - Reflectivity curve	8	8	8



Description

```
in order to get this to compile you need to link against the gsl and gslcblas libraries.

to do this automatically edit /usr/local/lib/mcstas/tools/perl/mcstas_config.perl

add -lgsl and -lgslcblas to the CFLAGS line

Horizontal reflecting substrate defined by SLDs, Thicknesses, roughnesses
The superphase may also be determined

Example: Multilayer_Sample(xmin=-0.1, xmax=0.1, zmin=-0.1, zmax=0.1, nlayer=1, sldPar={0.0,2.0e-6,0.0e-6}, dPar={20.0}, sigmaPar={5.0,5.0})

Example: d1 500: sldl (air) 0.0: sld2 (Si) 2.07e-6: sldfl(film Ni) 9.1e-6
```

WARNING: This is a contributed Component.

Input parameters

Parameters in **boldface** are required; the others are optional.

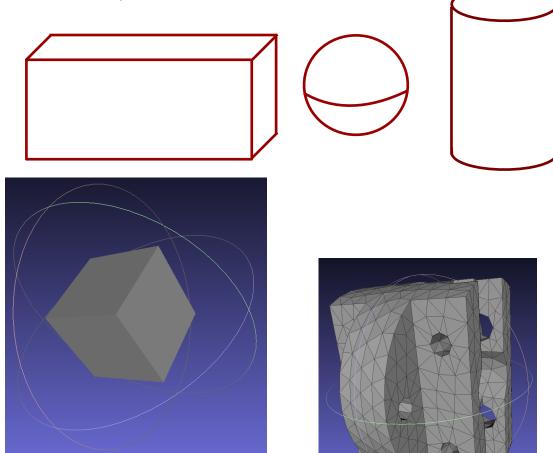
Name	Unit	Description				
sldPar	1	(Angstoms ^-2) Scattering length Density's of layers	0.0}			
dPar	1 (Angstroms) Thicknesses of film layers		{20.0}			
sigmaPar	igmaPar 1 (Angstroms) r.m.s roughnesses of the interfaces		{5.0			
xwidth	m	Width of substrate	0.2			
zlength	zlength m Length of substrate		0.2			
nlayer 1		Number of film layers				
		Fraction of statistics to assign to incoherent scattering	0			
		Thickness of substrate	0			
mu_inc m^-1 Incoherent scattering length		Incoherent scattering length	5.62			
target_index	1	relative index of component to focus at, e.g. next is +1.	0			
focus_xw	ocus_xw m Width of target		0			
focus_yh	m	Height of target	0			

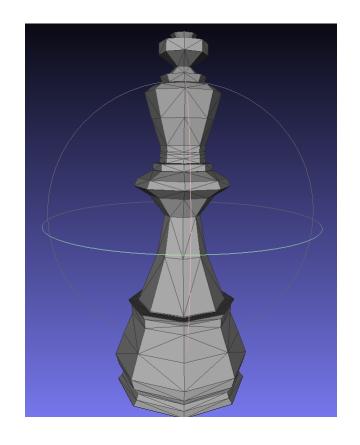


Absorption Imaging - simple shapes or OFF's of single-phase material blocks

An additional complex geometry enables to use any point set to describe the material volume

(geomview OFF file).



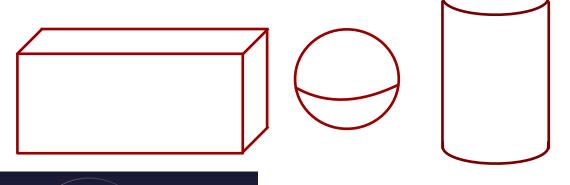


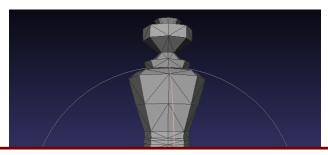


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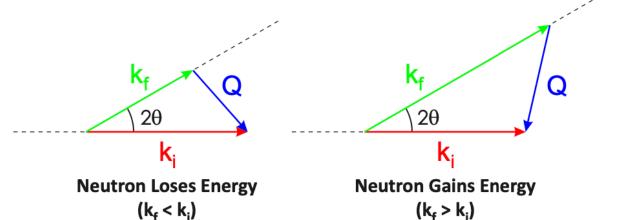
New developments are in the pipe e.g. for multi-phase materials, refractive effects, phase-contrast imaging techniques, these are not ready yet.





Inelastic scattering S(q,w)

- Partial differential cross section
- Scattering function
- Phonons, Spin waves, ...



Inelastic Neutron Scattering $(k_f \neq k_i)$

$$\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}^2 \sigma}{\mathrm{d}\Omega \mathrm{d}E_f}\right)_{coh} = \frac{\sigma_{coh}}{4\pi} \frac{k_f}{k_i} NS(\mathbf{q}, \omega)$$

$$S(\mathbf{q}, \omega)_{coh} = \frac{1}{2\pi\hbar} \int \frac{1}{N} \sum_{jj'} \left\langle e^{-i\mathbf{q}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{j'}(0)} e^{-i\mathbf{q}\cdot\mathbf{R}_{j}(t)} \right\rangle e^{-i\omega t} \mathrm{d}t$$

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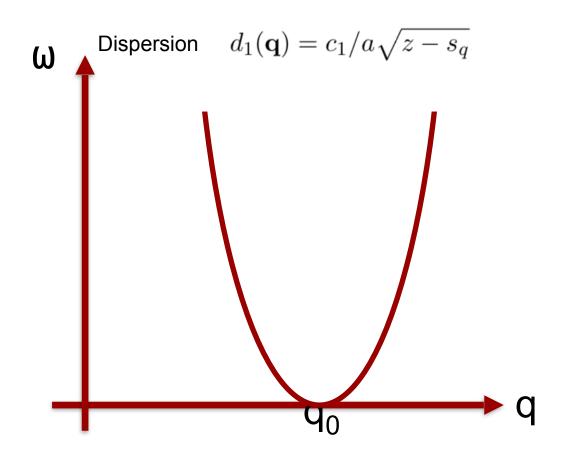


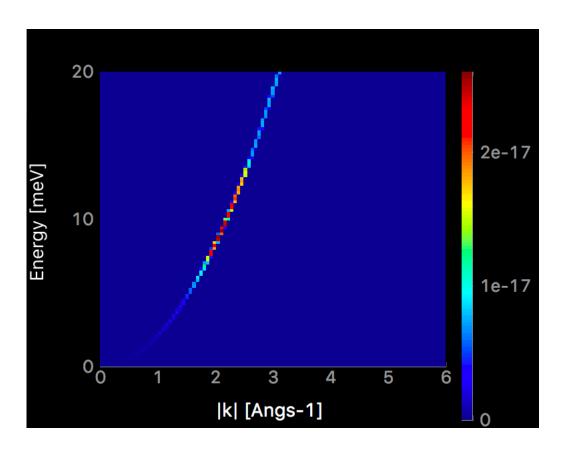
	SOURCE							+	
2	Tunelling_sample	Idem 1, plus tunneling		•	•	8	⊗/⊘	(analytic	• •
	McStas team / Kim	peaks and QE broadening	Quasi-elastic				(Quasielastic	approach)	
	Lefmann		scattering,				broadening + tunnel		
			backscattering				peaks)		
10		Single-branch acoustic		8	8	8	(phonon, at this	8	8
	McStas team / Kim Lefmann	phonon in FCC lattice	Inelastic scattering				point FCC lattice only)		
			phonons						
11	1 Isotropic_Sqw	Structure and dynamics	Inelastic scattering,	0	•	⊘ (Debye-	isotropic inelastic	•	•
	McStas team / Emmanuel	in isotropic materials	diffraction,			Scherrer cones)	scattering		
	Farhi	(liquids, powders etc.)	isotropic materials, imaging						
12		Resolution-oriented	Generic	"⊘"	8	8	"♥" flat, isotropic inelastic	8	8
	McStas team	sample component					scattering		
13		Idem Res_sample, with TOF	Generic	"⊘"	8	8	"♥" flat, isotropic inelastic	8	8
	McStas team / Kim Lefmann	support					scattering		
14	4 Spot_sample	Resolution-oriented	Inelastic scattering	8	8	" ⊘ "	"•"	8	8
	Garrett Granroth,	sample component							
	SNS/ORNL	Dirac delta-functions in (Q and energy)							
15		A set of components that allows to build a complex sample/sample environment from basic geometries and physics/material properties		•	•	Single crystalline or Powder crystalline	(✓ - single acoustic phonon being included	•	(✓ - if built from cylinders, spheres,
	Mads Bertelsen, ESS	environment from basic geometries and physics/material properties				or Powder Crystalline	2018)		boxes,)
16	6 Single_crystal_inelastic	4D-equivalent of Isotropic_Sqw / Single_crystal	Elastic and inelastic	•	•	•	•	0	?¿?
	Duc Le, ISIS STFC		experiments with						
			crystals						
17		FM / AFM magnon in BCC lattice	Inelastic scattering	8	©	8	(magnon, at this	8	8
	McStas team / Kim Lefmann		magnon				point BCC lattice only)		
18		Single crystal and powder diffraction, with isotropic inelastic scatter		stal 🗸	•	•	(in an isotropic form)	0	
	Xiao Xiao Cai, DTU Nutech/ESS		diffraction, imaging						



Example component: Phonon_simple

- One isotropic acoustic phonon branch in all Brillouin zones on FCC Bravais single crystal
- · Dispersion relation, theory and mostas



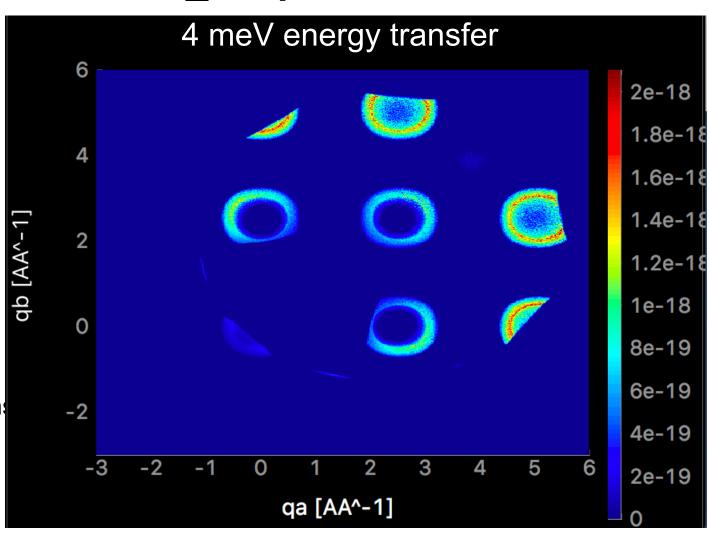




Example component: Phonon_simple

- Example of the output
- Elastic scattering only
- Combine with Single_crystal for elastic-inelastic scattering

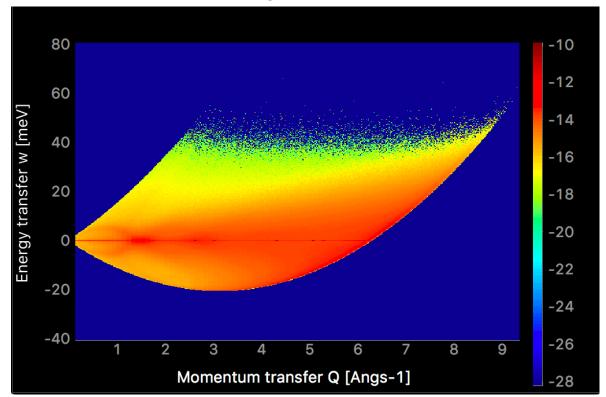
- Magnon_fcc is conceptually very similar
- Describes coherent "closed-form" inelastic scattering, generalisations foreseen, different lattice-dep. Other dispersion shapes?

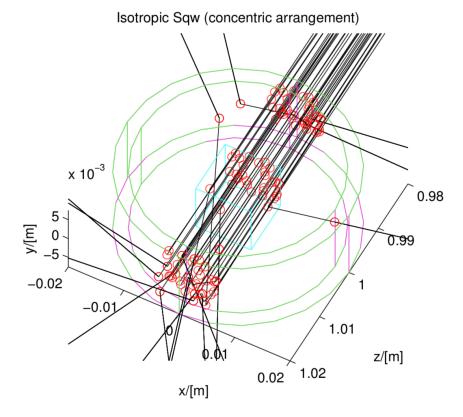




Example component: Isotropic_sqw

- Isotropic processes (powder, liquid, ...)
- Use data files to describe S(|q|,w) directly, coherent and incoherent isotropic scattering
- Supports concentric geometries







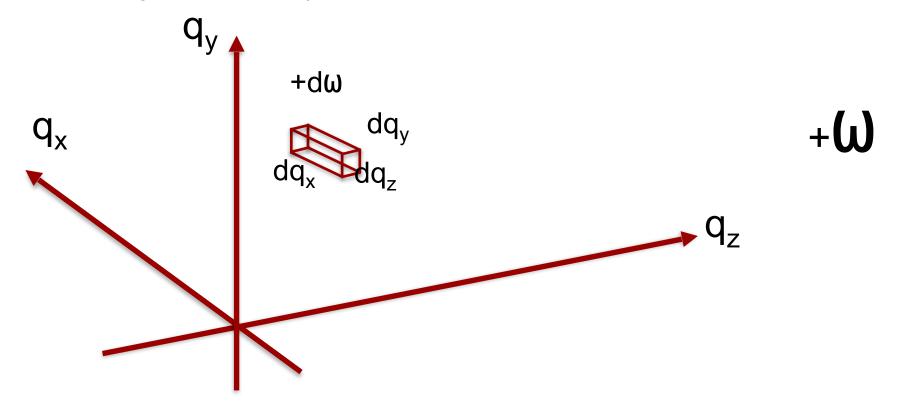
Example component

- Single_crystal_inelastic
- Contribution from Duc Le, ISIS
- "Marriage" between Single_crystal and 4D equivalent of Isotropic_Sqw
- BIG tables, lots of memory, close to impossible to use for anything but "locally" in reciprocal space, i.e. in TAS settings
- We are looking for good alternatives



Inelastic scattering in McStas

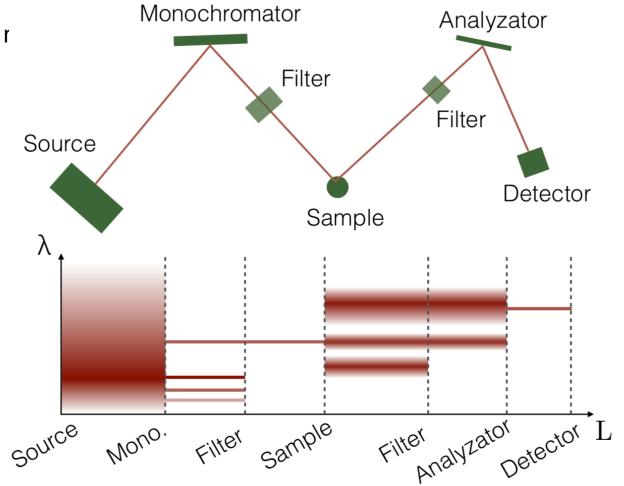
- Monte carlo sampling issues
- Need to sum over large amount of possible final states to find cross section
- Need large amount of rays to sample all the options





TAS

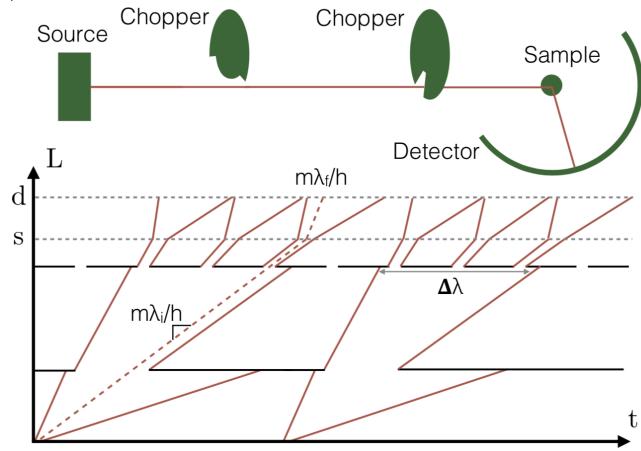
• Only a small fraction of neutrons arrive, r





Chopper spectrometers

• Only a small fraction of neutrons arrive, most are simulated in vain





Conclusions

- SANS
 - Lots of choice, many models (challenge can be to decide what to choose)
- Reflectometry:
 - Only little choice, Multilayer_sample or "a mirror"
- Imaging:
 - Single-phase "blocks" of material, new developments are in the pipe
- Inelastic scattering
 - Inelastic scattering supported in McStas, not all cases fully covered
 - Longer computational times required
 - Advantages from simulation especially important for spectroscopy (resolution function)

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