

Welcome to Make-a-Bot #2!

- Install spaCy and its huge model:
<https://spacy.io/docs#install-spacy>
- Example project is at:
<https://github.com/andkon/instantreviews>
- Our home (and Slack invite button) is at:
<https://github.com/andkon/make-a-bot>

Twitter Bots with spaCy

Make-a-Bot Meetup #2
July 27, 2016

An easy bot:

- Take a sentence.
- Find its subject and the verb operating on that subject.
- Make a new sentence out of it.

This could even be funny

- Input: “How much do you like candy?”
- Output: “I really like candy.”
- Angry Grandpa output: “I like candy as much as I like millennials, which isn’t a lot!”

NLP apps are rarely easy

- How do you actually analyze the text itself?
 - How do you understand what the heck the subject of the sentence is? Subjects aren't just nouns.
- How do you line up a pipeline of content?
- How do you publish this content?

The complete bot:



[github.com/andkon/](https://github.com/andkon/instantreviews)
[instantreviews](https://github.com/andkon/instantreviews)

reviewbot.py is the fun part

- It uses spaCy to break apart the sentence you receive from Twitter.
- And then intelligently take the subject and make a new random review from it

Intro to spaCy

- <https://spacy.io/docs#install-spacy>
- I hope you installed it before coming here...

Analyzing a document

```
# python code
```

```
import spacy
en_nlp = spacy.load('en') # takes forever
doc = en_nlp(u"This is a sentence, and it's about some
stuff.") # needs unicode
```

Working with a doc

```
# looking through the doc

for token in doc:
    print t.dep_ + ", " + t.pos_ + "/" + t.tag_ + ": " + t.lower_

# output
nsubj, DET/DT: this
ROOT, VERB/VBZ: is
det, DET/DT: a
attr, NOUN/NN: sentence
punct, PUNCT/, : ,
cc, CONJ/CC: and
nsubj, PRON/PRP: it
conj, VERB/VBZ: 's
prep, ADP/IN: about
det, DET/DT: some
pobj, NOUN/NN: stuff
punct, PUNCT/. : .
```

Important token properties

```
doc = en_nlp(u"I am taller than Fred.")

doc[2]
> taller
doc[2].lemma_
> tall

# how is this token related to the root of the sentence?
doc[1].dep_
> ROOT
doc[0].dep_
> nsubj

# what is the part of speech of this token?
doc[0].pos_
> PRON
doc[1].pos_
> VERB
```

reviewbot.py

```
doc = en_nlp(u"What do you think of bananas?")
bananas = doc[5]

bananas.pos_
> NOUN
bananas.dep_
> pobj

# so we're looking for nouns that are the pobj!
for t in doc:
    if t.pos_ == "NOUN" and t.dep_ == "pobj":
        reviewed_obj = t
```

But things aren't that easy

```
reviewed_obj = "bananas"  
> works
```

```
reviewed_obj = "Dark Horse"  
> doesn't happen, because it's two tokens long
```

Solve with noun chunks

```
# a noun chunk is a noun phrase that doesn't contain any  
other noun phrases inside of it. Good for noticing proper  
names.
```

```
for chunk in doc.noun_chunks:  
    token = chunk.root  
    if t.pos_ == "NOUN" and (t.dep_ == ("dobj" or "pobj")):  
        review_obj = chunk  
    # now we make the review from the noun chunk!
```

Making the review

```
def reviewer(span):  
    review_obj_string = span.text_with_ws  
    adj = random.choice(["really like", "really hate"])  
    return "I %s %s." % (adj, review_obj_string)
```

What's next?

- Integrate it with Twitter (lol didn't have time)
- Make it handle this sentence: "What do you think of my socks?" -> "I *** your socks"
- Make it run on Heroku