

### **CH1020 Exercises (Worksheet 6)**

1. Calculate the molarity of each of the following solutions:
  - a. 0.250 mol NaCl in 175 mL of solution
  - b. 0.070 mmol AgNO<sub>3</sub> in 50  $\mu$ L of solution
  - c. 1.2 mmol Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> in 0.10 L solution
  - d. 7.8 g NaOH in 150 mL solution
  
2. Phosphate-buffered saline (abbreviated PBS) is a buffer solution commonly used in biological and biochemical research. A typical composition of a PBS is as follows:  
137 mM NaCl  
2.70 mM KCl  
10.0 mM Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>  
1.80 mM KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>  
You want to prepare 500 mL of PBS buffer. How many grams do you need of each component of the buffer?
  
3. The solubility of AgCl in water is 0.002 g/L. Is it possible to make a 0.010 mM AgCl aqueous solution?
  
4. How many moles of Na are in each of the following solutions:
  - a. 0.70 L of 0.50 M NaCl
  - b. 400 mL of 0.10 M Na<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>
  
5. What is the molarity of Cl<sup>-</sup> in each of these solutions:
  - a. 0.200 M AlCl<sub>3</sub>
  - b. 0.450 M FeCl<sub>2</sub>
  
6. What volume of 0.200 M ethanol solution contains 0.450 mol ethanol?
  
7. What volume of 1.5 M SrCl<sub>2</sub> is needed to prepare 400.0 mL of a 10 mM solution?
  
8. Classify each compound as a strong electrolyte, weak electrolyte or non-electrolyte
  - a. CsCl
  - b. CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH (ethanol)
  - c. NH<sub>3</sub> (weak base)
  - d. FeCl<sub>3</sub>
  - e. Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
  - f. PbCl<sub>2</sub> (very low solubility)

9. You are mixing 30.0 mL of 0.700 M  $\text{K}_3\text{PO}_4$  with 0.0500 L of 0.400 M KCl solution. What is the final concentration of the common ion?
10. You are mixing 200  $\text{cm}^3$  of 0.6M  $\text{FeCl}_2$  and 300  $\text{cm}^3$  of 200 mM  $\text{FeCl}_3$ . Identify the common ion and determine its concentration in the resulting solution.