

$$\begin{array}{l} \pi=3.14159265358979323846264338327950288419716939937510582097494459230781640\\ \frac{d}{dx}\ln(g(x))=\frac{g'(x)}{g(x)}\;\;|G|=\sum[G:G_{s_i}]\;\;\int\cos x\,dx=\sin x+C\;\;(A-\lambda I)\,x=0\;\;F_n=F_{n-1}+F_{n-2}\\ |\langle x,y\rangle|^2\leq\langle x,x\rangle\cdot\langle y,y\rangle\;\;\oint_C f(z)\,dz=2\pi i\sum\operatorname{Res}(f(z),z_k)\;\;\sum\binom{n}{j}\binom{m}{k-j}=\binom{m+n}{k}\;\;P\rightarrow Q\equiv\neg Q\rightarrow\neg P\\ \frac{d}{dx}f(x)=\lim_{h\rightarrow 0}\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}\;\;a^{p-1}\equiv 1\pmod{p}\;\;(x+y)^p\equiv x^p+y^p\pmod{p}\;\;\frac{d}{dx}\csc x=-\csc x\cot x\\ x^2\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}+x\frac{dy}{dx}+(x^2-\alpha^2)y=0\;\;\frac{\partial^2f(x,y)}{\partial x\partial y}=\frac{\partial^2f(x,y)}{\partial y\partial x}\;\;f(a)=\frac{1}{2\pi i}\oint_C\frac{f(z)}{z-a}\,dz\;\;G/H=\{gh\mid g\in G\}\;\;\mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}\\ \binom{n}{k}=\frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}\;\;\chi(n)\hspace{10em}\phi(n)=n\prod\left(1-\frac{1}{p}\right)\hspace{10em}\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}ar^n=\frac{a}{1-r}\\ J_f=\frac{\partial\vec{f}}{\partial\vec{x}}\,a^2+b^2=c^2\hspace{10em}\int_{\partial\Omega}^{\mathbb{F}}\omega=\int_{\Omega}^{p|n}d\omega\hspace{10em}\aleph_0\hspace{10em}f(x)=\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}\frac{f^{(n)}(a)}{n!}(x-a)^n\\ V-E+F=2\hspace{10em}e^{i\theta}=\cos\theta+i\sin\theta\hspace{10em}a\cdot b=\|a\|\,\|b\|\cos\theta\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty}e^{-x^2}\,dx=\sqrt{\pi}\\ \lambda x.(\sum n)^2=\sum n^3\\ e^{\pi i}+1=0\,A\cup\overline{A}=U\\ \Box(\Box P\rightarrow P)\rightarrow P\\ \det\exp A=\exp\operatorname{tr} A\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} e^x=\sum\frac{x^n}{n!}G\\ p_A(A)=0\pi\\ K_4\triangleleft S_4\\ 57\,\mathcal{U}\,G/H\end{array}\begin{array}{l} \lim_{x\rightarrow 0}\frac{\sin x}{x}=1\\ \mathbb{R}\\ f\,GL_2(\mathbb{R})\\ D_8<S_4\\ \xrightarrow[\exists !\bar{f}]{}G'\bigcirc=\pi R^2\end{array}$$

$$\operatorname{Im}(f_i)=\ker(f_{i+1})\;M_p=2^p-1$$

$$|\mathcal{O}(x)|=[G:G_x]\;\;FA\cong\bigotimes\mathbb{Z}/p_i^{e_i}\mathbb{Z}$$

$$t_n=n^{n-2}\hspace{10em}\forall \varepsilon>0\exists \delta>0$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A=LDU\\ \zeta(s)=\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}\frac{1}{n^s}\\ 0\rightarrow G\rightarrow H\rightarrow K\rightarrow 0\\ \nabla=\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x_1},\cdots,\frac{\partial}{\partial x_n}\right)\end{array}\begin{array}{l} E=mc^2\\ \omega_1\times[0,1)G_\delta=\cap U_i\\ \sum k^2=\frac{n(n-1)(2n-1)}{6}\\ \Gamma(z)=\int t^{z-1}e^{-t}\,dt\end{array}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty}\frac{1}{n^2}=\frac{\pi^2}{6}\;\;\delta(x)$$

$$\sin^2x+\cos^2x=1$$

$$\frac{a+b}{a}=\frac{a}{b}=\varphi$$

$$\varphi=1.61803398874$$

$$x=\frac{-b\pm\sqrt{b^2-4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i=\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^n e^{\left(\frac{2\pi i k}{n}\right)}\overset{\mathbb{Q}}{\underset{\mathbb{C}}{\mathbb{R}}}=1$$

$$\|fg\|_1\leq\|f\|_p\|g\|_q$$

$$\|\vec{x}\|_p:=\left(\sum_{i=1}^n|x_i|^p\right)^{1/p}$$

$$\frac{x}{e^x-1}=\sum_{0\leq n} \frac{B_n x^n}{n!}$$

$$a^2-b^2=(a+b)(a-b)$$

$$(f*g)(t):=\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}f(\tau)g(t-\tau)\,d\tau\;^{1/2}\Box=\triangle$$

$$\pi(n)\sim \frac{n}{\log n}\;\;\mathcal{L}\{f\}(s)=\int_0^{\infty}f(t)e^{-st}\,dt$$

$$\frac{d}{dx}f(g(x))=f'(g(x))g'(x)$$

$$\left(\frac{p}{q}\right)\left(\frac{q}{p}\right)=(-1)^{\frac{p-1}{2}\frac{q-1}{2}}\;\;H=-\sum p(x)\log p(x)$$

$$(\wp')^2=\wp^3-60G_4\wp-140G_6\;\;\uparrow=\{0|\ast\}$$

$$e=2.718281828459045235360287471$$

$$\sum x_n\,e^{\frac{-i2\pi kN}{n}}$$

$$\Omega_{F=\sum_{p\in P_F}2^{-|p|}}$$

$$Pr(\theta)=\sum r^{|n|}e^{in\theta}$$

$$\gcd(a^{n!}-1,N)\stackrel{?}{=}p$$

$$\lim_{x\rightarrow c}\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}=\lim_{x\rightarrow c}\frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}$$

$$\sum n=-\frac{1}{12}\;\;y=\frac{1}{x},\pi\infty$$

$$B(x)=e^{e^x-1}\;\;V=\pi\int|f^2(y)-g^2(y)|dy$$

$$\operatorname{BB}(3)=21\;\;\sin^{-1}x+\cos^{-1}x=\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$p\iff q\;\;\;p_u(v)=\frac{u\langle v,u\rangle}{\langle u,u\rangle}$$

$$\frac{z}{c}=\frac{x^2}{a^2}-\frac{y^2}{b^2}\;\;\;\frac{1}{2}(a+b)\geq\sqrt{ab}$$

$$\frac{SN}{N}\cong\frac{S}{S\cap N}\;\;\;1\,4\,6\,4\,1$$

$$|x|_p=p^{-a}\hspace{10em}1\,3\,3\,1$$

$$\gcd(a,b)=ax+by\hspace{10em}1\,1$$

$$C_n=\frac{1}{n+1}\binom{2n}{n}$$

$$x\wedge y=-y\wedge x$$

$$n(\gamma;\zeta)=\int_{\gamma}\frac{dz}{1-\zeta}$$

$$x^n+y^n\neq z^n\;\;\xi$$

$$\Gamma\,f'(c)=\frac{f(b)-f(a)}{b-a}$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty}p(n)x^n=\prod_{k=1}^{\infty}\left(\frac{1}{1-x^k}\right)$$

$$\lim_{x\rightarrow c}\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}=\lim_{x\rightarrow c}\frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)}\hspace{10em}y(x,t)=A\sin(kx-\omega t)$$

$$\sum n=-\frac{1}{12}\;\;y=\frac{1}{x},\pi\infty\hspace{10em}\text{\texttt{L\textbf{A}T\textbf{E}X}}$$

$$\frac{1}{p}+\frac{1}{q}=1\hspace{10em}\phi(gh)=\phi(g)\phi(h)$$

$$\sum\frac{1}{n}\rightarrow\infty\hspace{10em}\frac{|G|}{|H|}=[G:H]$$

$$\vec{\beta}=(X^TX)^{-1}X^T\vec{y}$$

$$\mathrm{P}(A|B)=\frac{\mathrm{P}(B|A)\mathrm{P}(A)}{\mathrm{P}(B)}$$

$$196884=196883+1$$