# **EX-NO-12-ELGAMAL-ALGORITHM**

#### AIM:

To Implement ELGAMAL ALGORITHM

#### **ALGORITHM:**

- 1. ElGamal Algorithm is a public-key cryptosystem based on the Diffie-Hellman key exchange and relies on the difficulty of solving the discrete logarithm problem.
- 2. Initialization:
  - Select a large prime (p) and a primitive root (g) modulo (p) (these are public values).
  - The receiver chooses a private key (x) (a random integer), and computes the corresponding public key ( $y = g^x \mod p$ ).
- 3. Key Generation:
  - The public key is ( (p, g, y) ), and the private key is ( x ).
- 4. Encryption:
  - The sender picks a random integer ( k ), computes (  $c_1 = g^k \mod p$  ), and (  $c_2 = m \pmod p$  ), where ( m ) is the message.
  - The ciphertext is the pair ((c\_1, c\_2)).
- 5. Decryption:
  - The receiver computes ( $s = c_1^x \mod p$ ), and then calculates the plaintext message ( $m = c_2 \times s^{-1} \mod p$ ), where ( $s^{-1}$ ) is the modular inverse of (s).
- 6. Security: The security of the ElGamal algorithm relies on the difficulty of solving the discrete logarithm problem in a large prime field, making it secure for encryption.

### **Program:**

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#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

// Function to compute modular exponentiation (base^exp % mod)

```
long long int modExp(long long int base, long long int exp, long long int mod) {
 long long int result = 1;
 while (exp > 0) {
     if (exp % 2 == 1) {
         result = (result * base) % mod;
     }
     base = (base * base) % mod;
     exp = exp / 2;
 }
 return result;
}
int main() {
  printf("EX-NO-12-ELGAMAL-ALGORITHM\n");
  printf("-----\n");
  printf("Programmed By Muhammad Afshan A\n");
  printf("-----\n");
 long long int p, g, privateKeyA, publicKeyA;
 long long int k, message, c1, c2, decryptedMessage;
  // Step 1: Input a large prime number (p) and a generator (g)
  printf("Enter a large prime number (p): ");
  scanf("%11d", &p);
  printf("Enter a generator (g): ");
  scanf("%11d", &g);
 // Step 2: Alice inputs her private key
  printf("Enter Alice's private key: ");
  scanf("%lld", &privateKeyA);
  // Step 3: Compute Alice's public key (publicKey = g^privateKeyA mod p)
  publicKeyA = modExp(g, privateKeyA, p);
  printf("Alice's public key: %lld\n", publicKeyA);
  // Step 4: Bob inputs the message to be encrypted and selects a random k
  printf("Enter the message to encrypt (as a number): ");
  scanf("%11d", &message);
  printf("Enter a random number k: ");
  scanf("%11d", &k);
 // Step 5: Bob computes ciphertext (c1 = g^k mod p, c2 = (message * publicKeyA^k) mo
  c1 = modExp(g, k, p);
  c2 = (message * modExp(publicKeyA, k, p)) % p;
  printf("Encrypted message (c1, c2): (%1ld, %1ld)\n", c1, c2);
 // Step 6: Alice decrypts the message (decryptedMessage = (c2 * c1^(p-1-privateKeyA)
 decryptedMessage = (c2 * modExp(c1, p - 1 - privateKeyA, p)) % p;
  printf("Decrypted message: %11d\n", decryptedMessage);
  return 0;
}
```

## **Output:**

```
Clear

EX-NO-12-ELGAMAL-ALGORITHM

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Enter a large prime number (p): 17

Enter a generator (g): 3

Enter Alice's private key: 15

Alice's public key: 6

Enter the message to encrypt (as a number): 12

Enter a random number k: 10

Encrypted message (c1, c2): (8, 10)

Decrypted message: 12

=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

### Result:

The program is executed successfully.