Section 1: Risk Assessment Details

Project Name travel to indonesia			Pake news Social Media Team,Real news SM,Koi		
07/04/2018	07/06/203	18	Indonesia	red	
Approving Manager	r				
barack					
Task Description testto updatesection					
Itinerary Descriptio iygwyeviwb	on				
Country Risk Overv	iew				
Terronism Volent Crime Civil Die	Kidnap Corruption Illural Disaster	aton Security Accident Risk	Category		

Description

There is a high level of risk in Indonesia which could physically impact individuals and organizations due to political and social tensions and the threat of terrorism throughout the country. Avoid non-essential travel to Lombok, due to damage from earthquakes. Avoid non-essential travel to the province of Papua due to the regular occurrence of violent incidents. There has been ongoing political tension and regular violent occurrences since October 2011. In some cases, foreigners and foreign businesses have been targeted by local militants. There is a heightened police and military presence in Papua. Labour disputes at the Freeport-McMoRan mine near Timika have led to demonstrations, transportation disruptions and violence. Fatal attacks have occurred on roads near the mine. There is a threat of terrorism in Indonesia. While effective counterterrorism measures by Indonesian authorities are in place, terrorist cells are active and have the capacity to carry out attacks anywhere in the country. On May 13, 2018, police in Surabaya (Indonesia's second largest city) responded to 3 bomb explosions at the following churches: Gereja Santa Maria (GKSM) Tak Bercela di Ngagel, GubengGereja Kristen Indonesia (GKI), Jalan Raya DiponegoroGereja Pantekosta Pusat Surabaya (GPPS), Jalan Raya ArjunaThe explosions caused extensive casualties. On May 14, 2018, Police Headquarters in Surabaya was also attacked. Further attacks are likely. Targets could include: government buildings, including schools-places of worship-airports and other transportation hubs and networks-public areas such as tourist attractions, restaurants, bars, coffee shops, shopping centres, markets, hotels, and other sites frequented by foreigners. Stay at hotels that have robust security measures, including metal detectors,

guards and security cameras. Keep in mind, however, that even the most secure locations cannot be considered completely free of risk.Be particularly vigilant during religious holidays and other public celebrations, as terrorists have used such occasions to mount attacks. Always be aware of your surroundings when in public placesMonitor local media. Follow the instructions of the local authorities. Armed robberies occur regularly. Petty crime, including pickpocketing, bag snatching and forced cash withdrawals from ATMs, is a serious concern. There is a high risk of street crime, pick-pocketing and bag-snatching in tourist areas, such as Bali and Lombok, and foreign tourists are targeted. Tourists travelling alone, women and those travelling at night are at particular risk. Keep car doors locked and windows rolled up at all times. Use reputable taxis from major hotels or book in advance by phone. Standards of police and legal services differ considerably from those in Canada. Merchants do not always honour pricing agreements. Use good judgment in engaging services of tourist guides, especially in places that tourists rarely visit. Large protests have taken place in many parts of the country over a wide range of issues, causing significant disruptions to traffic and public transportation. Sporadic ethnic and religious tensions in areas of Indonesia have resulted in violence and civil unrest. Avoid all demonstrations, rallies and gatherings, as they can turn violent with little notice. There are long-standing sectarian and social tensions throughout Indonesia, particularly in the provinces of Central Sulawesi (especially in Palu, Poso and Tentena), Maluku (especially in Ambon) and West Papua. Sectarian violence targeting civilians has occurred. While there are ongoing security operations by Indonesian authorities, the potential for violence remains. Exercise a high degree of personal security awareness at all times, maintain a heightened level of vigilance and be aware of your surroundings. Foreigners have been kidnapped and killed in the past, particularly in the province of Aceh. Avoid travelling alone and travelling at night throughout Indonesia. The Philippines-based Abu Sayyaf terrorist group has kidnapped tourists from Sabah, Malaysia, and the Philippines. Abu Sayyaf has not extended its activities into neighbouring coastal areas of Indonesia, including East Kalimantan, but may be capable of doing so. Never leave food or drinks unattended or in the care of strangers. People have died after consuming drinks contaminated with methanol. Be wary of accepting snacks, beverages, gum or cigarettes from new acquaintances. These items may contain drugs that could put you at risk of sexual assault and robbery. There is a very high rate of credit and debit card fraud in Indonesia, including online fraud. Keep your card information (number, name, expiry date) private. Keep all receipts and bills bearing a credit or debit card number secure or destroy them completely. Be cautious when using debit or credit cards:- pay careful attention when your card is handled by others; use ATMs located in well-lit public areas or inside a bank or business; avoid using card readers with an irregular or unusual feature; cover the keypad with one hand when entering your PIN; check for any unauthorized transactions on your account statements. Many remote parts of Indonesia have poor transportation networks. It may be difficult or impossible to leave these areas in a crisis. Road conditions, particularly outside major centres, are poor. Road travel in Indonesia can be very challenging, as drivers are not disciplined and do not consistently obey traffic rules. Streets are generally congested. Driving at night in rural areas is dangerous, as most rural roads are unlit and some drivers do not use lights. If you plan to rent a car, consider hiring a driver.Be particularly cautious on the road from Banda Aceh to Medan, where armed robberies have occurred. There is a possibility of mob anger if an accident has caused serious injury. In such cases, remain in your vehicle and drive to the nearest police station to report the accident. Motorcycle and scooter accidents are the main cause of death and serious injury among foreigners visiting many parts of Indonesia, including Bali. Be aware of scams involving motorcycles rentals. Rental motorcycles are targeted and stolen and the renters are left to pay the replacement cost for a new motorcycle. Transport by bus and rail can be crowded and safety standards are poor. Avoid travelling by ferry. Maritime accidents are common and are often caused by poor safety practices or extreme weather conditions. Do not board vessels that appear overloaded or unseaworthy. If you choose to travel by ferry, ensure that the vessel you are boarding is carrying appropriate safety equipment, that life jackets are provided for all passengers and that they are accessible at all times. Verify the safety standards of ferries with your tour operator. Rough seas and strong currents have led to drownings. Respect local warnings and consult hotel management about potential water hazards. Ensure that your personal belongings, including your passport and other travel documents, are secure at all times. Exercise caution at all times and in all places.

Security

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Section 2: Traveller Details

Primary Traveller:

Name	Email		Mobile Number	
barack obama	Test4@soug	box.net	+919500525457	
Emergency Name	Email	Mobile	Relationship	
	Email	Contact	Relationship	
Alternative Contact	Email	Mobile	Relationship	
Name	Email	Contact	Relationship	
Nationality	Passport Number	Valid From	Expiry	
Nationality	Passport Number	Passport Num	ber	
Other Traveller:				
Name	Email		Mobile Number	
donald trump	getstarted@souqbox.net		+447733003335	
Emergency Name	Email	Mobile	Relationship	
Name	Email	Contact	Relationship	
Alternative Contact	Email	Mobile	Relationship	
Name	Email	Contact	Relationship	
Other Traveller:				
Name	Email		Mobile Number	
kim yung-il	Test1@souqbox.net		+447733003335	
Emergency Name	Email	Mobile	Relationship	

banki moon	bm@un.org	15944614646	big brother	
Alternative Contact	Email	Mobile	Relationship	
the pope	thepope@vatican.	1545448514	spititual guide	
Other Traveller:				
Name	Email	Mol	bile Number	
Silvio burlesconi	Test2@souq	box.net +	+447733003335	
Emergency Name	Email	Mobile	Relationship	
Name	Email	Contact	Relationship	
Alternative Contact	Email	Mobile	Relationship	
Name	Email	Contact	Relationship	
Name			obile Number	
ayatollah homini	Test3@souqbox.net		+447733003335	
Emergency Name	Email	Mobile	Relationship	
Name	Email	Contact	Relationship	
Alternative Contact	Email	Mobile	Relationship	
Name	Email	Contact	Relationship	
Nationality	Passport Number	Valid From	Expiry	
Nationality	Passport Number	Passport Number		
Nationality	Passport Number	Valid From	Expiry	
Korea, Democratic	123456	2018-02-13	2018-07-24	
Nationality	Passport Number	Valid From	Expiry	
Nationality	Passport Number	Passport Number		
Nationality	Passport Number	Valid From	Expiry	
Nationality	Passport Number	Passport Number		

Section 3: Logistics

Supplier Name		Service	Provided		
undefined	undefined		ined		
Number		Email			
undefined		undef	undefined		
Country	ountry City		r day	Currency	
undefined	undefined			undefined	
,					
Section 4: Comm	<u>unications</u>				
Team Contacts					
Name Local Number		Number	IMEI		
Call In Schedule					
Number of Check ins	Time	zone			
undefined		undefined			
0 III -					
Call In Times	B4 - L-1		F		
Point of Contact		Mobile		Email	
undefined	und	defined	unde	undefined	
Detail an Overdue Pro Null	ocedure				
Emergency Details					
Emergency Contact	Role	Numbe	r	Email	
,					
Section 5: Cont	<u>ingencies</u>				
Medical Provision		Method	Method Of Evacuation		
undefined	undefined		undefined		
Detail Nearest Hospit	al	Medeva	c Company		

undefined

undefined

First Aid Kit:		Personal Protective Equipment :	
Satelite Phone	undefined	Tracker id undefined	

Section 6: Risks and Mitigation

Question	Best Practice Advice	Specific Mitigation	Marked as
Que for Ind	No advice for kid		Applicable

Section 7: Any Other Information

Additional risks identified

null

Additional information provided

null