

Python File Handling

The video is a tutorial on file handling in Python, covering how to open, read, write, and append to files.

Key Concepts and Methods

- **Opening a file:** The `open()` method is used to open a file. It takes two arguments: **File name** and **Mode**. The common modes discussed are: **'r' (Read Mode)**, **'w' (Write Mode)**, **'a' (Append Mode)**, and **'x' (Create Mode)**.
- **File types:** Files can be handled as either: **'t' (Text Mode)** or **'b' (Binary Mode)**.
- **Reading a file:** To read the content of a file, you can use methods like `f.read()`.
- **Writing to a file:** To write content, use the `f.write()` method.
- **Closing a file:** It is important to close the file after performing operations using the `f.close()` method. This ensures that the changes are saved and resources are freed.
- **The `with` statement:** The video introduces the `with` statement as a more efficient way to handle files. It automatically closes the file, so you don't need to manually call `f.close()`.

Code Examples from the Video

Opening and Reading a File:

```
...  
  
f = open('my_file.txt', 'r')  
text = f.read()  
print(text)  
f.close()  
  
...
```

Writing to a File:

```
...  
  
f = open('my_file.txt', 'w')  
f.write('Hello World')  
f.close()  
  
...
```

Appending to a File:

```
...  
    f = open('my_file.txt', 'a')  
    f.write('Hello World')  
    f.close()
```

```
...
```

Using the `with` statement:

```
...  
    with open('my_file.txt', 'a') as f:  
        f.write('Hi I am inside with')  
...
```