$$\frac{dy}{dx} = f(x) = (x - 1.65) + 5.25 \quad y(1.0) = 2.5 \quad .: x = 1.0.$$

$$y(2.0) = 7.$$

$$f(x_1, y_1) = 5.6725$$

(a) Midpoint method

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{J}_{1.5} = \mathcal{J}_1 + f(x_i) \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \forall_{1.5} = 2.5 + [(-1.65)^{+5.25}] \times \frac{1.0}{2} = 2.5 + 2.83625$$

$$= 5.33625$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 $\frac{1}{2}$ = 7.9925

$$1.$$
 of evolon = $\left[\frac{7.9725-6.5}{6.5}\right]$ $1. = 22.65$ $1.$

Ralston's method.

$$W_2 = f(x_i + \frac{3}{4}h, y_i + \frac{3}{4}h)$$
 for $i=1$, $W_2 = f(1.75) = (1.75 - 1.65) + 5.2$
= $(1.75 - 1.65) + 5.2$

$$V_{2} = f(x_{1} + \frac{2}{4}h, y_{1} + \frac{2}{4}h) \quad \text{form} \quad i=1, \quad K_{2} = f(1.75) = \frac{(1.75)^{4}}{6} = \frac{(1$$