



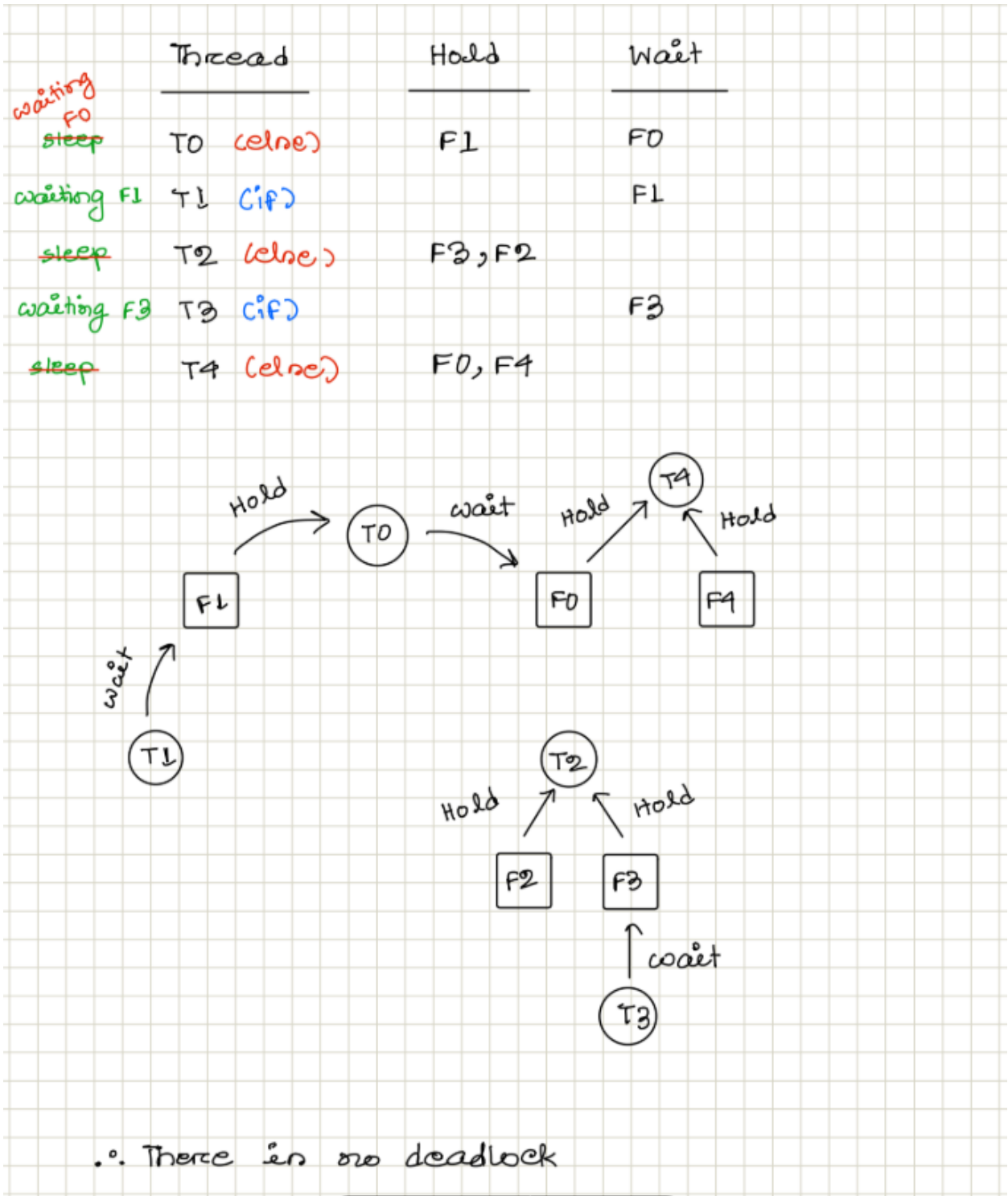
United International University  
Spring 2025, Operating System Concepts  
Class Test - 4 (Set A), Time: 30 minutes, Marks: 20

1. Look at the code snippet below and answer the questions.

```
1  #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2  using namespace std;
3  #define NUM_OF_PERSON 5
4  #define THINK 5
5  bool forks[NUM_OF_PERSON]={1,1,1,1,1};
6
7  void acquire(bool *available){
8      while(*available==false);
9      *available = false;
10 }
11 void release(bool *available){
12     *available = true;
13 }
14 void philosopher_meetup(int i){
15     if(i%2){
16         acquire(&forks[i]);
17         sleep(THINK);
18         acquire(&forks[(i+1)%NUM_OF_PERSON]);
19         release(&forks[i]);
20         release(&forks[(i+1)%NUM_OF_PERSON]);
21         printf("When Synchronization meets Deadlock!\n");
22     }
23     else{
24         acquire(&forks[(i+1)%NUM_OF_PERSON]);
25         sleep(THINK);
26         acquire(&forks[i]);
27         release(&forks[i]);
28         release(&forks[(i+1)%NUM_OF_PERSON]);
29         printf("Are philosophers in deadlock?\n");
30     }
31 }
32 int main()
33 {
34     thread threads[NUM_OF_PERSON];
35     for (int i = 0; i < NUM_OF_PERSON; ++i) {
36         threads[i] = thread(philosopher_meetup,i);
37     }
38     for (int i = 0; i < NUM_OF_PERSON; ++i) {
39         threads[i].join();
40     }
41
42     return 0;
43 }
```

- a) Draw the resource allocation graph for the above code. [4 marks]  
b) Is there a deadlock? If so, identify the philosopher IDs responsible for the deadlock. Otherwise, determine the output. [2 marks]  
c) What will happen if we replace the statement of lines 25 and 27? [4 marks]

### Solution to 1:





### Output:

When Synchronization meets Deadlock!  
Are philosophers in deadlock?  
Are philosophers in deadlock?  
When Synchronization meets Deadlock!  
When Synchronization meets Deadlock!

1(c): Hold and wait will be prevented if we interchange those two lines.

2. Consider the Table-1 snapshot of a system:

Process	Allocation				Max			
	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D
T0	3	0	1	4	5	1	1	7
T1	2	2	1	0	3	2	1	1
T2	3	1	2	1	3	3	2	1
T3	0	5	1	0	4	6	1	2
T4	4	2	1	2	6	3	2	5

Table 1: Process along with resources

- a) Determine whether the system is in a safe state or not if the available resources are {0,3,0,1}? If the state is safe, illustrate the order in which the threads may be completed. Otherwise, Calculate the minimum number of additional available resources required to ensure the execution of all threads. [5+2 marks]
- b) "If a request from thread T3 arrives for (0,0,0,1), the request will be granted immediately."- Justify the statement. [Assume, available resources={1,0,0,2}] [3 marks]

**Solution: Same as set B question**