AI ASSISTED CODING END LAB EXAM

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Batch – 04

SUBSET-05)

Q1) Create test cases for congestion forecast model pipeline.

• **Task 1: Use AI to generate boundaries and stress tests.**

• **Task 2: Implement tests and ensure CI coverage.**

Prompt: Create test cases for congestion forecast model pipeline. Generate boundaries and stress tests. Implement tests and ensure CI coverage

Code:

```python
question1.py > ...
1   """Congestion Forecast Model Pipeline - Compact Test Suite"""
2   import unittest, numpy as np, pandas as pd
3
4   class CongestionModel:
5       def __init__(self, cap=100, horizon=24):
6           self.cap, self.horizon, self.trained = cap, horizon, False
7       def train(self, data):
8           if len(data) == 0: raise ValueError("Empty data")
9           self.trained = True
10      def predict(self, data):
11          if not self.trained: raise RuntimeError("Not trained")
12          if data is None: raise ValueError("None input")
13          return np.clip(data * 1.1, 0, self.cap)
14
15  class Preprocessor:
16      @staticmethod
17      def validate(df): return all(c in df.columns for c in ['timestamp', 'vehicle_count', 'road_segment'])
18      @staticmethod
19      def normalize(data, max_val=100):
20          if max_val <= 0: raise ValueError("Invalid max")
21          return np.clip(data / max_val, 0, 1)
22      @staticmethod
23      def outliers(data, thresh=3):
24          return np.abs((data - np.mean(data)) / (np.std(data) + 1e-8)) > thresh if len(data) > 1 else np.array([], dtype=bool)
25
26  class TestBoundary(unittest.TestCase):
27      def setUp(self): self.m, self.p = CongestionModel(), Preprocessor()
28      def test_empty(self):
29          with self.assertRaises(ValueError): self.m.train(np.array([]))
30      def test_single(self):
31          self.m.train(np.array([50])); r = self.m.predict(np.array([50]))
32          self.assertTrue(0 <= r[0] <= 100)
33      def test_none(self):
34          self.m.train(np.array([50]))
35          with self.assertRaises(ValueError): self.m.predict(None)
36      def test_zeros(self):
37          self.m.train(np.zeros(10)); r = self.m.predict(np.zeros(10))
38          np.testing.assert_array_equal(r, np.zeros(10))
39      def test_max_cap(self):
40          self.m.train(np.full(10, 100)); r = self.m.predict(np.full(10, 100))
```

```python
41          self.assertTrue(np.all(r <= 100))
42      def test_negative(self):
43          self.m.train(np.array([-10, 0, 10])); r = self.m.predict(np.array([-10, 0, 10]))
44          self.assertTrue(np.all(r >= 0))
45      def test_norm_invalid(self):
46          with self.assertRaises(ValueError): self.p.normalize(np.array([1, 2]), max_val=0)
47      def test_norm_range(self):
48          r = self.p.normalize(np.array([0, 50, 100]), max_val=100)
49          self.assertTrue(np.all(r >= 0) and np.all(r <= 1))
50
51  class TestStress(unittest.TestCase):
52      def setUp(self): self.m, self.p = CongestionModel(), Preprocessor()
53      def test_large_data(self):
54          data = np.random.uniform(0, 100, 100000); self.m.train(data)
55          r = self.m.predict(data[:1000])
56          self.assertEqual(len(r), 1000)
57      def test_extreme_range(self):
58          data = np.concatenate([np.random.uniform(0, 1e-6, 100), np.random.uniform(1e-6, 100, 100)])
59          self.m.train(data); r = self.m.predict(data)
60          self.assertTrue(np.all(np.isfinite(r)))
61      def test_skewed(self):
62          data = np.concatenate([np.random.uniform(0, 10, 950), np.random.uniform(90, 100, 50)])
63          self.m.train(data); r = self.m.predict(data)
64          self.assertTrue(np.all(r >= 0) and np.all(r <= 100))
65      def test_repeated(self):
66          data = np.full(10000, 50); self.m.train(data)
67          r = self.m.predict(data[:1000])
68          self.assertTrue(np.all(r >= 50))
69
70  class TestPipeline(unittest.TestCase):
71      def setUp(self): self.m, self.p = CongestionModel(), Preprocessor()
72      def test_e2e(self):
73          data = np.random.uniform(10, 90, 1000); norm = self.p.normalize(data, 100)
74          self.m.train(norm); pred = self.m.predict(np.random.uniform(0.1, 0.9, 100))
75          self.assertEqual(len(pred), 100)
```

```
76          def test_df_pipeline(self):
77              df = pd.DataFrame({'timestamp': pd.date_range('2024-01-01', periods=100, freq='H'),
78                                 'vehicle_count': np.random.randint(10, 90, 100),
79                                 'road_segment': np.random.choice(['A', 'B', 'C'], 100)})
80              self.assertTrue(self.p.validate(df))
81          def test_error_recovery(self):
82              m = CongestionModel()
83              with self.assertRaises(RuntimeError): m.predict(np.array([50]))
84          def test_reproducible(self):
85              np.random.seed(42); data = np.random.uniform(0, 100, 100)
86              m1, m2 = CongestionModel(), CongestionModel()
87              m1.train(data); p1 = m1.predict(data[:10])
88              m2.train(data); p2 = m2.predict(data[:10])
89              np.testing.assert_array_almost_equal(p1, p2)
90
91  if __name__ == '__main__':
92      unittest.main(verbosity=2)
93
```

Output:

```
test_empty (__main__.TestBoundary.test_empty) ... ok
test_max_cap (__main__.TestBoundary.test_max_cap) ... ok
test_negative (__main__.TestBoundary.test_negative) ... ok
test_none (__main__.TestBoundary.test_none) ... ok
test_norm_invalid (__main__.TestBoundary.test_norm_invalid) ... ok
test_norm_range (__main__.TestBoundary.test_norm_range) ... ok
test_single (__main__.TestBoundary.test_single) ... ok
test_zeros (__main__.TestBoundary.test_zeros) ... ok
test_df_pipeline (__main__.TestPipeline.test_df_pipeline) ... d:\Anas\2nd Year\AIAC\End Exam\question1.py:77: FutureWarning: 'H' is deprecated
nd will be removed in a future version, please use 'h' instead.
  df = pd.DataFrame({'timestamp': pd.date_range('2024-01-01', periods=100, freq='H'),
ok
test_e2e (__main__.TestPipeline.test_e2e) ... ok
test_error_recovery (__main__.TestPipeline.test_error_recovery) ... ok
test_reproducible (__main__.TestPipeline.test_reproducible) ... ok
test_extreme_range (__main__.TestStress.test_extreme_range) ... ok
test_large_data (__main__.TestStress.test_large_data) ... ok
test_repeated (__main__.TestStress.test_repeated) ... ok
test_skewed (__main__.TestStress.test_skewed) ... ok


----------------------------------------------------------------
Ran 16 tests in 0.039s

OK
```

Observation: I prompted AI to generate test codes for congestion forecast model pipelines and it generated the test cases for it and it gave the output quickly

Q2) Model serving contract tests.

- **Task 1: Use AI to produce endpoint contracts.**

- **Task 2: Validate responses and latency SLOs**

Prompt: For Model serving contract tests generate endpoint contracts, validate responses and latency SLOs

Code:

```python
11          """Defines expected endpoint contract"""
12          path: str
13          method: str
14          required_fields: list
15          latency_slo_ms: int
16
17
18    class ModelServingContractTests(unittest.TestCase):
19          """Contract tests for model serving endpoints"""
20
21          CONTRACTS = {
22              "predict": EndpointContract(
23                  path="/api/predict",
24                  method="POST",
25                  required_fields=["predictions", "confidence", "latency"],
26                  latency_slo_ms=100
27              ),
28              "health": EndpointContract(
29                  path="/api/health",
```

```python
41
42          def validate_response(self, response: Dict[str, Any], contract: EndpointContract) -> bool:
43              """Validate response against contract"""
44              return all(field in response for field in contract.required_fields)
45
46          def check_latency_slo(self, latency_ms: float, slo_ms: int) -> bool:
47              """Check if latency meets SLO"""
48              return latency_ms <= slo_ms
49
50          def test_predict_endpoint_contract(self):
51              """Test /predict endpoint contract"""
52              print("ran test 1 ... ", end="", flush=True)
53              contract = self.CONTRACTS["predict"]
54
55              # Simulate endpoint call
56              start = time.time()
57              response = {
58                  "predictions": [0.85, 0.12, 0.03],
59                  "confidence": 0.85,
60                  "latency": 42.5
61              }
62              latency_ms = (time.time() - start) * 1000 + response["latency"]
63
64              # Validate contract
65              self.assertTrue(self.validate_response(response, contract))
66              self.assertTrue(self.check_latency_slo(latency_ms, contract.latency_slo_ms))
67              print("ok")
68
69          def test_health_endpoint_contract(self):
70              """Test /health endpoint contract"""
71              print("ran test 2 ... ", end="", flush=True)
72              contract = self.CONTRACTS["health"]
73
74              start = time.time()
75              response = {
76                  "status": "healthy",
77                  "timestamp": time.time()
78              }
79              latency_ms = (time.time() - start) * 1000
80
```

```python
            self.assertTrue(self.validate_response(response, contract))
            self.assertTrue(self.check_latency_slo(latency_ms, contract.latency_slo_ms))
            print("ok")

    def test_batch_predict_endpoint_contract(self):
        """Test /batch-predict endpoint contract"""
        print("ran test 3 ... ", end="", flush=True)
        contract = self.CONTRACTS["batch_predict"]

        start = time.time()
        response = {
            "results": [{"id": 1, "pred": 0.9}, {"id": 2, "pred": 0.75}],
            "batch_id": "batch_001",
            "processed_count": 2
        }
        latency_ms = (time.time() - start) * 1000

        self.assertTrue(self.validate_response(response, contract))
        self.assertTrue(self.check_latency_slo(latency_ms, contract.latency_slo_ms))
        print("ok")

    def test_missing_required_fields(self):
        """Test response validation with missing fields"""
        print("ran test 4 ... ", end="", flush=True)
        contract = self.CONTRACTS["predict"]
        incomplete_response = {"predictions": [0.85, 0.12, 0.03]}

        self.assertFalse(self.validate_response(incomplete_response, contract))
        print("ok")

    def test_latency_slo_breach(self):
        """Test latency SLO breach detection"""
        print("ran test 5 ... ", end="", flush=True)
        contract = self.CONTRACTS["health"]
        breach_latency_ms = 150  # Exceeds 50ms SLO

        self.assertFalse(self.check_latency_slo(breach_latency_ms, contract.latency_slo_ms))
        print("ok")

    def test_all_contracts_defined(self):
        """Test that all required contracts are defined"""
        print("ran test 6 ... ", end="", flush=True)
        required_endpoints = {"predict", "health", "batch_predict"}
        self.assertEqual(set(self.CONTRACTS.keys()), required_endpoints)
        print("ok")


if __name__ == "__main__":
    unittest.main()
```

Output:

```
ran test 6 ... ok
.ran test 3 ... ok
.ran test 2 ... ok
.ran test 5 ... ok
.ran test 4 ... ok
.ran test 1 ... ok
.
----------------------------------------
Ran 6 tests in 0.001s
```

Observation: I asked AI to generate test cases for Model Serving Contract and it quickly the test cases and executed them