# Assignment 4: PCA and EM Algorithm

Name: Md Raihan Sobhan Student ID: 1905095

Course: CSE472 (Machine Learning Sessional)

November 22, 2024

### Introduction

Principal component analysis (PCA) and the expectation-maximization (EM) algorithm are two of the most widely used unsupervised methods in machine learning. In this assignment, we had to implement the following things.

- Principal Component Analysis (PCA) for dimensionality reduction.
- UMAP and t-SNE visualizations for analyzing high-dimensional data.
- Expectation-Maximization (EM) algorithm for estimating parameters of a Poisson mixture model.

#### How to Run the Code

- Place the dataset files (pca\_data.txt and em\_data.txt) in the same directory as the script.
- Run the Jupyter Notebook 1905095.ipynb. Install necessary libraries before running.
- Generated plots and results will be saved in the working directory.

## Principal Component Analysis (PCA)

The PCA algorithm was implemented without using library functions for the PCA process. Only basic matrix operations like eigendecomposition were utilized.

### **PCA Scatter Plot**

The data was projected onto the two principal components with the highest eigenvalues, producing the following scatter plot:

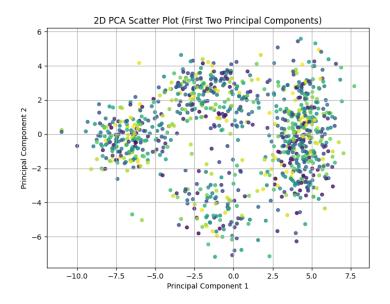


Figure 1: PCA Scatter Plot of First Two Principal Components

## UMAP and t-SNE Visualizations

The UMAP and t-SNE algorithms were applied to the original dataset using library functions to generate 2D visualizations. These techniques complement PCA by preserving the local and global structure of the data.

#### **UMAP Plot**

The UMAP plot of the dataset is shown below:

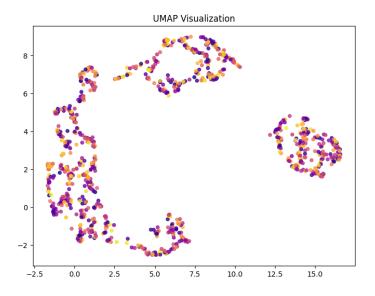


Figure 2: UMAP Visualization

# t-SNE Plot

The t-SNE plot of the dataset is shown below:

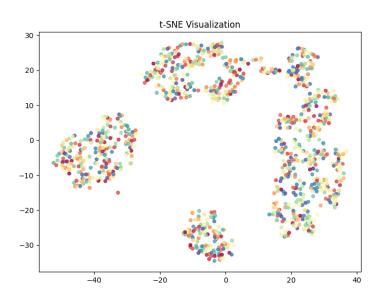


Figure 3: t-SNE Visualization

## Expectation-Maximization (EM) Algorithm

The EM algorithm was implemented to estimate the parameters of a Poisson mixture model based on the number of children in families.

### **Estimated Parameters**

The algorithm estimated the following parameters:

- Proportion of families with family planning ( $\pi$ ): 0.3562
- Proportion of families with family planning ( $\pi$ ): 0.6438
- Mean number of children (with family planning,  $\lambda_1$ ): 1.7851
- Mean number of children (without family planning,  $\lambda_2$ ): 4.9113

### Log-Likelihood Convergence

The log-likelihood values during EM algorithm iterations are shown in the figure below:

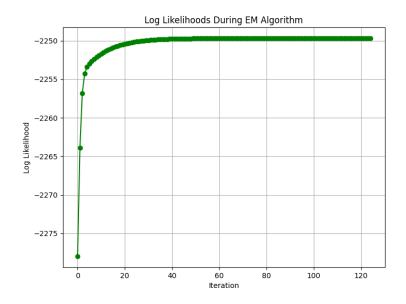


Figure 4: Log-Likelihood Convergence During EM Algorithm

### Frequency Histogram with Estimated Distributions

The histogram of the dataset, overlaid with the estimated Poisson distributions, is shown below:

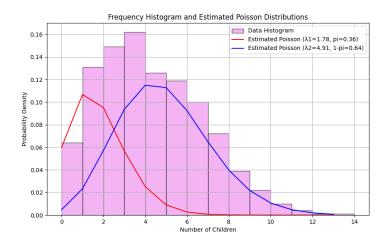


Figure 5: Frequency Histogram with Estimated Poisson Distributions

## Conclusion

We implemented the PCA and the EM algorithm successfully and drew necessary plots. The results demonstrate the efficacy of these techniques for dimensionality reduction, visualization, and parameter estimation.