Bangladesh University of Engineering and Technology Department of Computer Science and Engineering CSE 316 July 2022

Microprocessors, Microcontrollers, and Embedded Systems Sessional

Experiment 4 UART Communication Between ATmega32 and Arduino

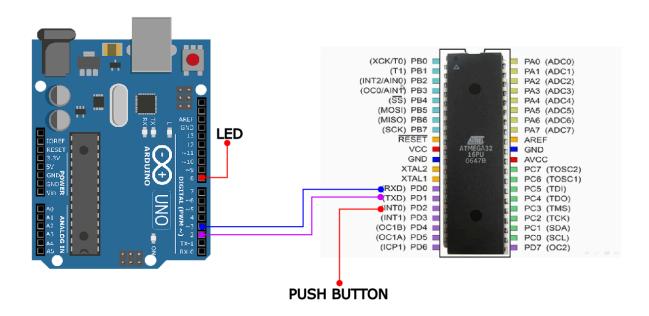
GOAL:

To understand the basic working principle of UART and external interrupt.

EXPERIMENTAL TOOLS AND MATERIALS: ATmega32, USBASP programmer, Arduino UNO, Trainer Board, Wires, LED, Push Button.

BASIC DESCRIPTION:

In this experiment, you will have to turn on a LED connected to Arduino UNO depending on a push button connected to Atmega32. Atmega32 will send the state of the push button to Arduino UNO using UART communication.



UART (Arduino Atmega) Basics:

Use the following code snippets for Atmega32 to send characters every 1 second.

```
#define F_CPU 1000000
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <util/delay.h>
void uart init()
 UCSRA = 0b00000010;
 UCSRB = 0b00011000;
 UCSRC = 0b10000110;
 UBRRH = 0;
 UBRRL = 12;
}
void uart send(unsigned char data) {
 while ((UCSRA & (1<<UDRE)) == 0 \times 00);
 UDR = data;
}
unsigned char uart_receive(void){
 while ((UCSRA & (1 << RXC)) == 0 \times 00);
 return UDR;
}
int main(void)
 uart_init();
  delay ms(1000);
 while(1)
   for(char c = 'a'; c <= 'z'; c++) {</pre>
      uart_send(c);
      _delay_ms(1000);
   }
  }
}
```

Use the following code snippet for Arduino UNO to read the characters and print them on the Serial Monitor continuously.

```
#include<SoftwareSerial.h>
SoftwareSerial SUART(2, 3); //RX = DPin-2; TX = DPin-3

void setup() {
    Serial.begin(9600);
    SUART.begin(9600);
}

void loop() {
    byte n = SUART.available();
    if (n != 0) {
        char x = SUART.read();
        Serial.print(x);
    }
}
```

PROCEDURE:

- 1. Establish serial communication between Atmega32 and ArduinoUNO.
- 2. Connect a push button to Atmega32.
- 3. Connect a LED to ArduinoUNO.
- 4. With the press of the button, send a character from Atmega32 to ArduinoUNO. You must handle button logic with an external interrupt.
- 5. Upon receiving the character, Arduino UNO should toggle the LED.

MISC:

- 1. You should be prepared to communicate at any baud rate assigned during the experiment.
- 2. Study the provided code snippets. You must be able to modify them on demand.