

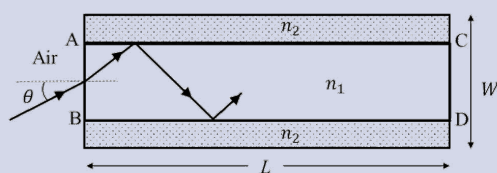
# JEE Advanced 2019 - Paper 1 - Physics 18

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## Problem [ Numerical Value ]

A planar structure of length  $L$  and width  $W$  is made of two different optical media of refractive indices  $n_1 = 1.5$  and  $n_2 = 1.44$  as shown in figure. If  $L \gg W$ , a ray entering from end AB will emerge from end CD only if the total internal reflection condition is met inside the structure. For  $L = 9.6\text{m}$ , if the incident angle  $\theta$  is varied, the maximum time taken by a ray to exit the plane CD is  $t \times 10^{-9}\text{s}$ , where  $t$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

[ Speed of light  $c = 3 \times 10^8\text{m/s}$  ]



## What to Observe:

- A planar structure of length  $L$  and width  $W$
- Structure is composed of two optical media with refractive indices  $n_1 = 1.5$  and  $n_2 = 1.44$
- $L \gg W$
- Ray enters from end AB and exits from end CD only if total internal reflection condition is satisfied
- Given length  $L = 9.6\text{ m}$
- Incident angle  $\theta$  is variable
- Speed of light  $c = 3 \times 10^8\text{ m/s}$

## My Approach:

### Logical Steps

#### Thought

Note that in the two diagrams given below, the speed of light remains constant within a medium. Therefore, to maximize the time taken, the light must follow a longer path. Convince yourself that a greater number of reflections will result in a longer time taken.

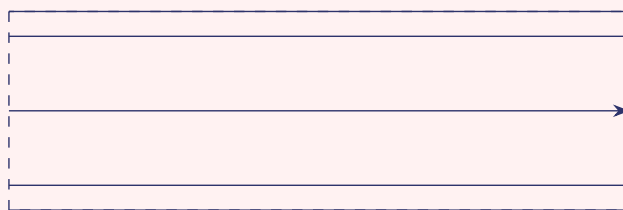


Figure 1. Light travels in a straight path

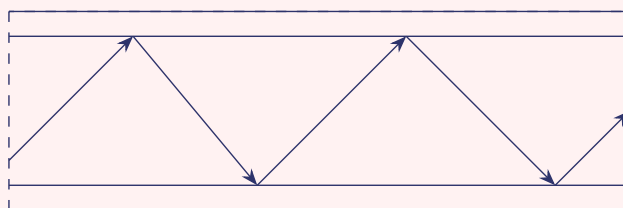


Figure 2. Light undergoes total internal reflection, resulting in a longer path

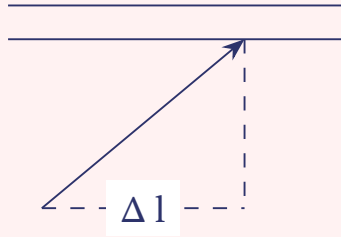
**Thought**

Now, inside the medium, the minimum angle at which total internal reflection occurs is the critical angle,  $\theta_c$ . From Snell's Law:

$$\sin \theta_c = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$$

Given  $n_1 = 1.5$  and  $n_2 = 1.44$  as per the question.

Consider a right-angled triangle constructed as follows:



**Figure 3.** Elemental Triangle

Now, the distance travelled by light within one triangular segment is given by ( $\theta_i$  is the angle of incidence):

$$\Delta l' = \frac{\Delta l}{\sin(\theta_i)}$$

Similarly, dividing the entire optical path into such triangular segments, and noting that:

$$\sum \Delta l = L$$

The total distance travelled by light becomes:

$$\sum_n \frac{\Delta l_n}{\sin(\theta_i)} = \frac{L}{\sin(\theta_i)}$$

The speed of light in a medium with refractive index  $n_1$  is:

$$v = \frac{c}{n_1}$$

Thus, the total time taken by light is:

$$t = \frac{\text{distance}}{\text{speed}} = \frac{L}{\sin(\theta_i)} \cdot \frac{n_1}{c}$$

To maximize the time taken, we need to maximize this expression, which means minimizing  $\sin(\theta_i)$ , hence minimizing  $\theta_i$ . However,  $\theta_i$  cannot be smaller than the critical angle  $\theta_c$ , otherwise total internal reflection will not occur.

$\Rightarrow$  Maximum time is taken when  $\theta_i = \theta_c$

**Calculation**

We use the formula:

$$t_{\max} = \frac{L}{\sin(\theta_c)} \cdot \frac{n_1}{c}$$

Given:

$$c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}, \quad n_1 = 1.5, \quad n_2 = 1.44, \quad L = 9.6 \text{ m}$$

From Snell's law at the critical angle:

$$\sin(\theta_c) = \frac{n_2}{n_1} = \frac{1.44}{1.5} = 0.96$$

Substituting into the time expression:

$$\begin{aligned} t_{\max} &= \frac{9.6}{0.96} \cdot \frac{1.5}{3 \times 10^8} \\ &= 10 \cdot \frac{1.5}{3 \times 10^8} \\ &= \frac{15}{3 \times 10^8} \\ &= \frac{5}{10^8} \\ &= 50 \times 10^{-9} \end{aligned}$$

### Conclusion

Based on detailed analysis and the computed expression for maximum time ( $t_{max}$ ):

The value of  $t$  is 50.

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