Introduction to Git and GitHub

Intro to Git

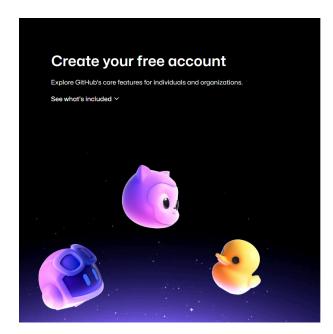
Git is a version control system. The full form of Git is

Global Information Tracker

Git is mostly used to organize and control various project versions with ease. Git is also quite useful for rapidly moving the project from one state to another. In the event that a file is inadvertently erased, it can be recovered using Git! Additionally, Git makes it possible to track any modifications made to the project files.

Using Web Interface

- 1. Setting Up GitHub
- 1.1 Creating a GitHub Account
- 1. Visit GitHub and click Sign Up.
- 2. Enter your username, email, and password.
- 3. Complete the verification process and click Create Account.



	Already have an acco	ount?	Sign in -
Sign up to GitHub			
Email [*]			
Email			
Password			
Password			
Password should be at least 15 characters OR at least 8 number and a lowercase letter.	characters including a		
Username [*]			
Username			
Username may only contain alphanumeric characters of cannot begin or end with a hyphen.	or single hyphens, and		
Continue >			
By creating an account, you agree to the <u>Terms of Servi</u> information about GitHub's privacy practices, see the <u>G</u> <u>Statement</u> . We'll occasionally send you account-related	itHub Privacy		

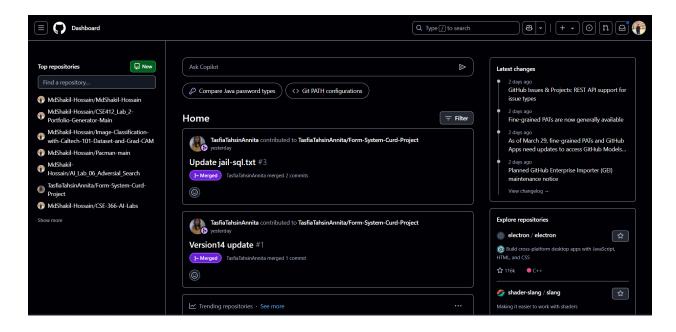
1.2 Exploring the Dashboard

After signing in, you'll see the GitHub Dashboard, where you can:

View repositories

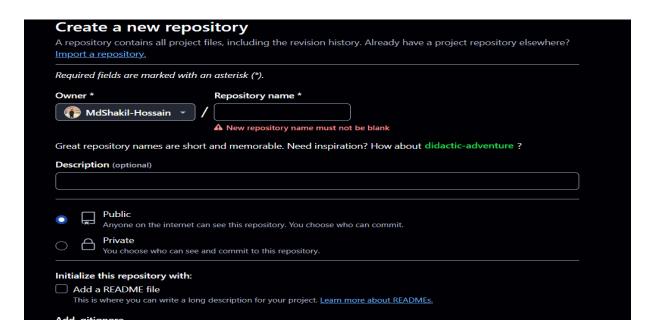
See recent activities

Access settings

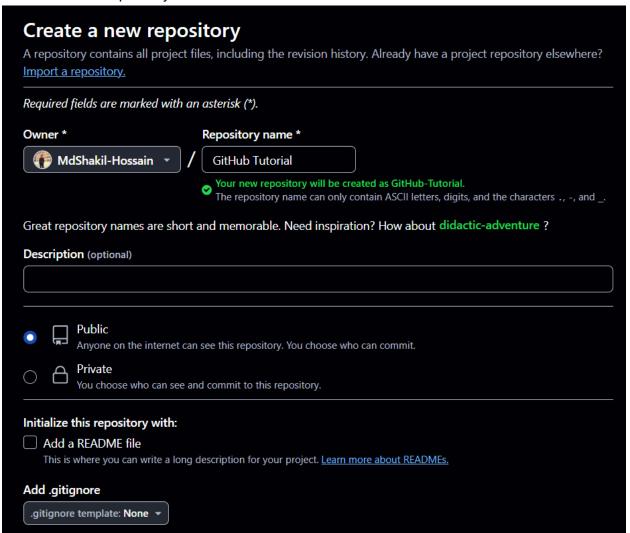


2. Creating and Managing Repositories

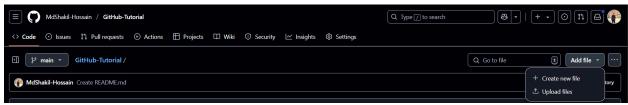
- 2.1 Creating a New Repository
- 1. Click on the + icon at the top right and select New Repository.



- 1. Enter a repository name.
- 2. Choose Public (visible to everyone) or Private (only you and collaborators can see it).
- 3. (Optional) Check Add a README file.
- 4. Click Create Repository.



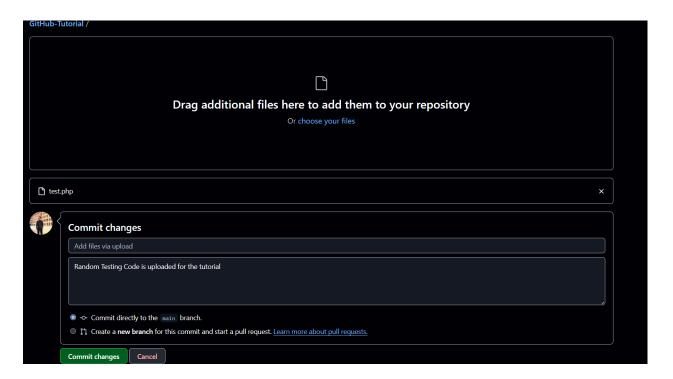
- 3. Adding and Managing Files
- 3.1 Uploading a File
- 1. Navigate to your repository.
- 2. Click Add File \rightarrow Upload Files.



- 3. Drag and drop files or select them manually.
- 4. Click **Commit changes** to save them.

3.2 Creating a New File

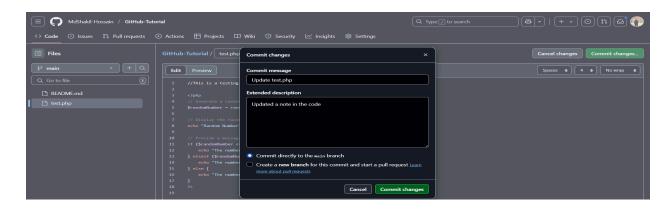
- 1. Go to your repository and click Add File \rightarrow Create New File.
- 2. Enter a filename and add content.



3. Click Commit changes.

3.3 Editing an Existing File

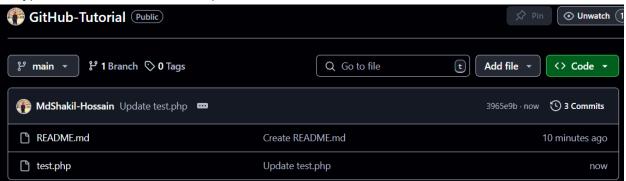
- 1. Open the file inside the repository.
- 2. Click the Edit (pencil) icon.

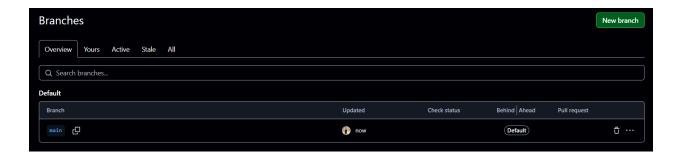


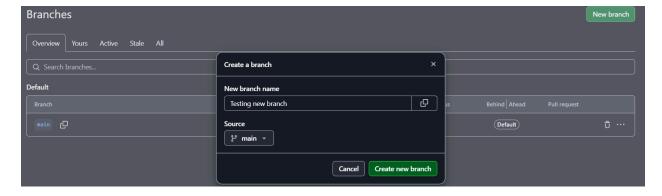
3. Make changes and click Commit changes.

4. Branching in GitHub

- 4.1 Creating a New Branch
- 1. Open your repository.
- 2. Click the New Branch
- 3. Type a new branch name and press Enter.





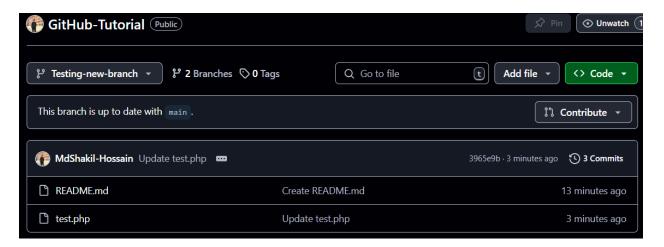




4.2 Switching Branches

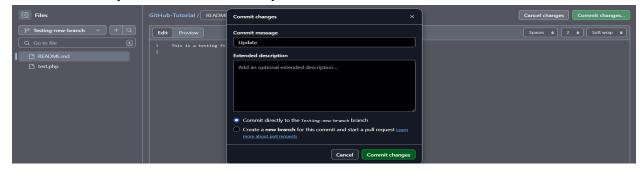
- 1. Click the Branch dropdown.
- 2. Select the branch you want to switch to.

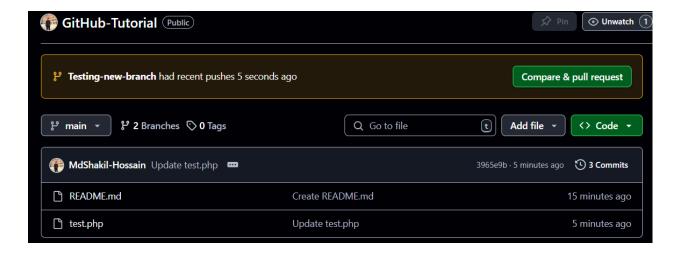




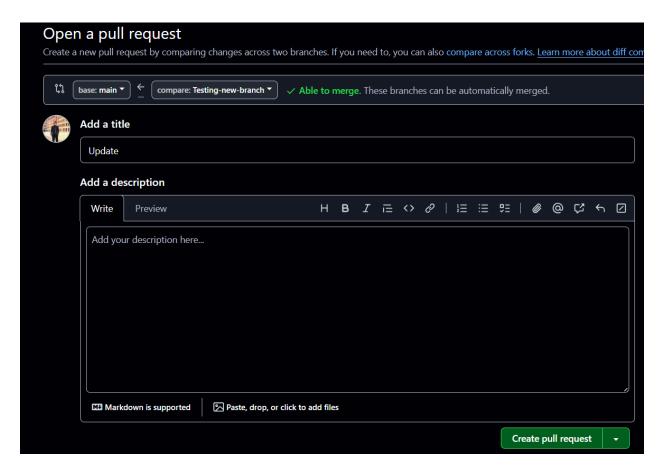
4.3 Merging a Branch (Using Pull Requests)

- 1. Switch to the branch you want to merge.
- 2. Click Pull Requests → New Pull Request.





1. Select branches to compare.



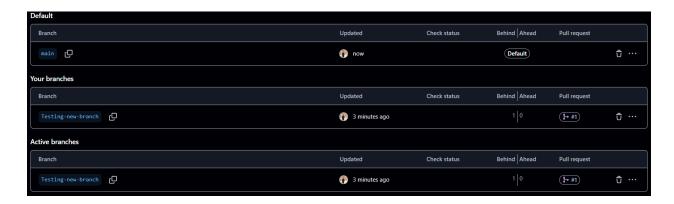
1. Click Create Pull Request → Merge Pull Request.



Congratulations first PR Request has been created now the team leader will review this PR and if there is no confect than he will marge this PR

4.4 Deleting a Branch

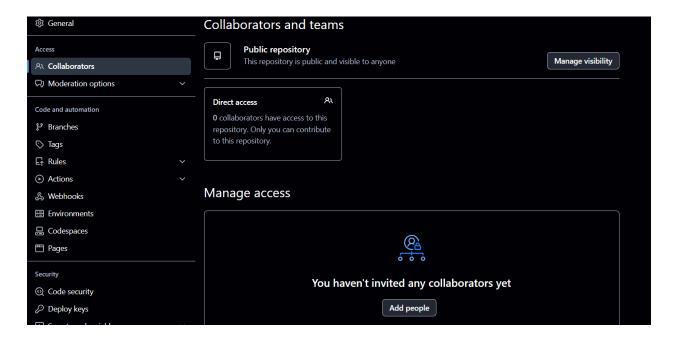
- 1. Go to Branches.
- 2. Click the Delete button next to the branch.

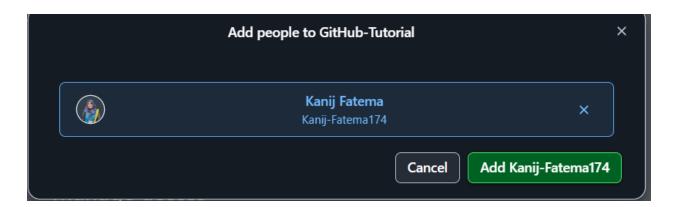


5. Working with GitHub Features

5.1 Adding Collaborators

- 1. Open your repository and click Settings.
- 2. Go to the Manage Access section.
- 3. Click Invite a collaborator.
- 4. Enter the GitHub username or email of the person you want to invite.
- 5. Click Add Collaborator.
- 6. The collaborator will receive an email invitation. Once accepted, they can contribute to your repository.



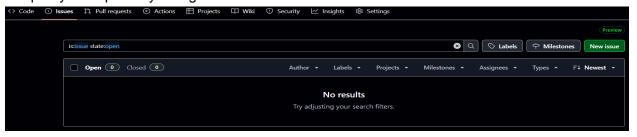






5.2 Creating an Issue

1. Open your repository and go to the **Issues** tab.



- 1. Click New Issue.
- 2. Enter a title and detailed description of the issue.



- 1. (Optional) Assign the issue to a collaborator or add labels.
- 2. Click Submit New Issue.

