## TÖL304G Forritunarmál Hópverkefni 7

1. Program the function mapreduce in Morpho. The function must be tail recursive (or use a loop) and should compute from left to right.

```
mapreduce(f,op,u,x)
;;; Use:
           f is a function 'a -> 'b
;;; Pre:
           op is a function 'c -> 'b -> 'c
;;;
           x=[x1;x2;...;xN] is a list of values of type 'a
;;;
;;;
            u is a value of type 'c
;;; Value: u+f(x1)+f(x2)+...+f(xN)
           computed from left to right,
;;;
;;;
            where p+q = (op p q).
            This is a value of type 'c.
;;;
rec fun mapreduce(f,op,u,x)
{
    if(x==[])
    {
        return u;
    }
    else
    {
        return mapreduce(f, op, (op(u,f(head(x)))), tail(x));
    }
};
writeln (mapreduce (fun (x) \{1+x\}, fun (a,b) \{a+b\}, 0, [1,2,3]));
writeln (mapreduce (fun (x) \{x*x\}, fun (a,b) \{a*b\}, 1, [1,2,3]));
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```

## 2. Program the function fromTo in Morpho.

```
;;; Use: fromTo(i,j)
;;; Pre: i and j are integers, i<=j</pre>
;;; Value: The list [i,i+1,...,j-1].
rec fun fromTo(i,j)
{
    if(i==j)
    {
        return [];
    }
    else
    {
        return i : (fromTo((i+1),j));
    }
};
writeln(fromTo(3,6));
[3,4,5]
```

## 3. Program the function insertAt in Morpho.

```
insertAt(x,i,z)
;;; Pre:
          x=[x1,x2,...,xN] is a list of values
          of some type 'a. z is a value of type 'a.
           i is an integer, 0 <= i <= N,
;;;
           where N is the length of the list x.
;;;
;;; Value: The list [x1,x2,...,x i,z,x i+1,...,xN],
           i.e. the list that results from
;;;
           inserting the value z into the
;;;
           list x right after the first i values.
;;;
rec fun insertAt(x,i,z)
{
    if(i<1)
        return z:x;
    }
    else
    {
        return head(x) : insertAt(tail(x),(i-1),z);
    }
};
writeln(insertAt([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8], 4, 9));
[1,2,3,4,9,5,6,7,8]
```

## 4. Program the function permutations in Morpho.

First we need the function extendPermutation:

```
;;; Use: extendPermutation(n,z)
;;; Pre: n \ge 0 is an integer.
           z is some permutation of [1,2,\ldots,n-1].
;;; Value: The list of all the lists that result from
            inserting the number n into the list z at
;;;
            some position, from start to end.
rec fun extendPermutation(n,z)
{
    return map((fun(x){insertAt(z,x,n)}),(fromTo(0,n)));
};
writeln(extendPermutation(3,[1,2,3]));
[[3,1,2,3],[1,3,2,3],[1,2,3,3]]
Then we can do permutations:
;;; Use:
           permutations(n)
;;; Pre: n>=0 is an integer.
;;; Value: The list of all permutations of the list
             [1,2,...,n].
rec fun permutations(n)
    if(n==0)
         return [[]];
    else
     {
         return mapreduce (
             fun(z) {extendPermutation(n,z)},
             fun(a,b) {append(a,b)},
             [],
             permutations(n-1));
    }
};
writeln(permutations(3));
[[3,2,1],[2,3,1],[2,1,3],[3,1,2],[1,3,2],[1,2,3]]
```