Exercices de programmation en C

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On tient à préciser et même à jurer que ceci est le fruit de notre travail.

Nous n'avons copier le travail de personnes, ni aller sur chatGPT. Merci de nous croire.

Exercice1:

Écrire la fonction int count_matches(char* c, char* strs[], int s); char * strs[] = "rainbow", "sunshine", "bowtie", "cow", "ow", "happy"; count_matches("ow", strs, 6) renvoie 4.
Le code se trouve ci-dessous ainsi qu'une capture permettant de l'illustrer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int count_matches(char* c, char* strs[], int s) {
    int count = 0;
    int len_c = 0;
    while (c[len_c] != '\0') {
        len_c++;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < s; i++) {
        int len_s = 0;
        while (strs[i][len_s] != '\0') {
            len_s++;
        }
        if (len s >= len c) {
```

Exercice1:

```
int i = 0;
          while (j <= len_s - len_c) {
             int k = 0;
             while (k < len c && strs[i][i + k] == c[k])  {
                k++:
             }
             if (k == len c) {
                count ++:
                break;
             j++;
          }
      }
   return count:
int main(){
   char * strs[] = {"rainbow", "sunshine", "bowtie", "cow", "ow", "happy"};
   char * tab1[] = {"", "a", "aa", "aaa", "aaaa"};
   char * tab2[] = {};
   char * tab3[] = {""};
   printf("count_matches('ow', ustrs, u6)u-----> uu'/d\n\n", count_matches("ow", strs, 6))
   printf("count_matches('', , , tab1, , , , 5), , ----->, , , , , d\n\n", count_matches("", tab1, 5));
   printf("count matches(", "tab2...0)"-----> "", d\n\n", count matches("", tab2...0));
   printf("count matches('',...tab3...1)...---->...%d\n\n". count matches("". tab3...1));
   return 0:
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```

Exercice1 (image)

```
D:\DIC1\Semestre1\LangageC\M.TOURE\TP_char\rapport\Exercice>exercice1
count_matches('ow', strs, 6) -----> 4

count_matches('aa', tab1, 5) -----> 3

count_matches('a', tab1, 5) -----> 4

count_matches('', tab1, 5) -----> 5

count_matches('', tab2, 0) -----> 0
```

Exercice2:

Écrire la fonction qui accepte deux strings comme char* et qui renvoie le nombre de caractères sur lesquels les deux chaines coïncident. Par exemple : overlap("hello", "lol") renvoie 2. Le code se trouve ci-dessous ainsi qu'une capture permettant de l'illustrer :

```
#include <stdio.h>
int nombre_De_char(char *c) {
   int len_c = 0;
   while (c[len_c] != '\0') {
      len_c+;
   }
   return len_c;
}
int overlap(char *char1, char *char2) {
   int count = 0;
   for (int i = 0: i < nombre De char(char1); i++) {</pre>
```

Exercice2:

```
for (int j = 0; j < nombre_De_char(char2); j++) {</pre>
      if (char1[i] == char2[i]) {
        count ++;
       i++;
     }
  return count:
int main() {
  // printf("%d\n", nombre_De_char("issakha"));
 printf("%d\n", overlap("hello", "lol"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("hello", "Michel"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("hello", "CS107"));
 printf("%d\n", overlap("hello", "ell"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("ell", "hello"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("lo", "hello"));
 printf("%d\n", overlap("he", "hello"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("hello", "lo"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("hello", "he"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("hello", "o"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("hello", "h"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("o", "hello"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("h", "hello"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("", "cat"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("uucatuu", "uucatuu"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("a", "a"));
 printf("%d\n", overlap("", "a"));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("a", ""));
  printf("%d\n", overlap("", ""));
 return 0;
```

Exercice2 (image)

