KIDS LEARNING GAME

FINAL REPORT

Degree of

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY

in

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

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We would like to thank Mrs. navpreet rupal for assigning us with this project. Through the project we are able to grasp more technical and have a hands-on practical experience with python projects. Through it we are able to learn how a project is created and how necessary and crucial technical knowledge is. We are really grateful to the faculty that has provided us with the necessary guidelines.

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1. Introduction

Based on Image Recognition, a game is designed in which the kids will sees the various images for some particular time duration and after that they have to recognize them by the names of images.

2. Uses

By developing this game, we will predict the number of images` that are correctly recognized by a user from total number of images.

All the button used in this project perform some special kind of operations.

- Start the game
- Continue the playing
- Exit from the program
- Returning the total number of images that are correctly recognize
- Printing the total number of images that are correctly recognize

Button used in this project are like EXIT, START, OK, SUBMIT etc.

1.3. Special Button

Kids Learning Game uses some buttons.

All the button used in this program are

- START NOW
- EXIT
- OK
- SUBMIT
- HOME
- IMAGE BUTTON

START NOW

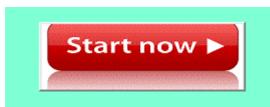


Fig 1.3.1

Code we used in our program...

Button(about_us_window3, image=start, command=home_page).pack(anchor=NW, padx=200,
padv=30)

This button is defined in the in the program named "about us.py".

This button starts our program.

On clicking on this button, we will go to the program name "klg.py" from "about us.py".

IMAGE BUTTON



Code we used in our program...

```
Button(frame1, image=homebird, command=birds).pack(side=LEFT, padx=10)
Button(frame1, image=homeflower, command=flowers).pack(side=LEFT, padx=10)
Button(frame1, image=homeanimal, command=animals).pack(side=LEFT, padx=10)
Button(frame1, image=homefruit, command=fruits).pack(side=LEFT, padx=10)
Button(frame1, image=homeplayer, command=players).pack(side=LEFT, padx=10)
```



Fig 1.3.3

Code we used in our program...

Button(frame1, image=homebird, command=birds).pack(side=LEFT, padx=10)

This button is defined in the in the program named "about us.py".

There are five button we used here. This button are the images.

On clicking any of the image we will see 12 images. The images we can see according to the image we click

For example, if we click on flower, we can see 12 different flowers.

EXIT

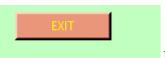


Fig 1.3.4

Code we used in our program...

```
Button(frame3, text="EXIT", bg="darksalmon", fg="yellow", bd=3, cursor="arrow", command=exit).pack(side=LEFT, padx=10, pady=25, ipadx=30)
```

This button is defined in the in the program named "klg.py".

On clicking on this button, we will exit from the program and no further execution is done.

OK

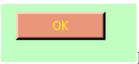


Fig 1.3.5

There are two OK buttons is used in this project.

Code we used in our program...

```
Button(frame1, text="OK", bg="darksalmon", fg="yellow", bd=3, cursor="arrow", command=okProcess).grid(row=3, column=4, sticky=W, padx=10, pady=10, ipadx=30)
```

This button is defined in the in the program named "klg.py".

On clicking on this button means continue the game. We will see list of 20 images name. We can select the name and go to SUBMIT button.

SUBMIT



Fig 1.3.6

Code we used in our program...

```
Button(frame2, text="SUBMIT", bg="darksalmon", fg="yellow", bd=3, cursor="arrow", command=printing).grid(row=5, column=1, padx=10, pady=10, ipadx=20)
```

This button is defined in the in the program named "klg.py".

On clicking this button, a messagebox will appear where we can see the total number of images correctly recognize.

HOME



Code we used in our program...

```
Button(frame2, text="HOME", bg="darksalmon", fg="yellow", bd=3, cursor="arrow", command=home).grid(row=1, column=6, padx=200, pady=10, ipadx=20)
```

This button is defined in the in the program named "klg.py".

On clicking on this button, we will go to the program name "about_us.py" from "klg.py".

OK



No code is there to use this button.

This button is present on message box.



Fig 1.3.9

On clicking this button, we will get percentage of accuracy.

1. Requirements

First step is gathering our requirements of the project. The functions and the modules and the necessary for the development of the project.

2. Functionality

In this step we will discuss the different function used in the program and how they are working.

The different types of function we used are...

- home_page()
- birds()
- flowers()
- animals()
- fruits()
- players()
- okProcess()
- counting()
- printing()
- home()

Now we will discuss working of each of the function.

home_page()

This function is defined in the program named "about us.py".

Code we used is...

```
def home_page():
    about_us_window.destroy()
    import os
    os.system("python klg.py")
```

Working of this function is to destroy the current window and move to new program named "klg.py".

birds()

This function is defined in the program named "klg.py".

Working of this function is to destroy the current window and display a new window with 12 images and some text and some button.

flowers()

This function is defined in the program named "klg.py".

Working of this function is to destroy the current window and display a new window with 12 images and some text and some button.

animals()

This function is defined in the program named "klg.py".

Working of this function is to destroy the current window and display a new window with 12 images and some text and some button.

friuts()

This function is defined in the program named "klg.py".

Working of this function is to destroy the current window and display a new window with 12 images and some text and some button.

players()

This function is defined in the program named "klg.py".

Working of this function is to destroy the current window and display a new window with 12 images and some text and some button.

okProcess()

This function is defined in the program named "klg.py".

This function destroys the current frame. After that a list of 20 images name will appear including the image that are previously shown.

counting()

This function is defined in the program named "klg.py".

Code we use is...

```
def counting():
    count = v1.get() + v2.get() + v3.get() + v4.get() + v5.get() + v6.get() +
v7.get() + v8.get() + v9.get() + v10.get() + v11.get() + v12.get()
    return count
```

This function returns the number of images that are correctly selected.

printing()

This function is defined in the program named "klg.py".

Code we used is...

```
def printing():
    messagebox.showinfo("Number of Birds", str(counting()) + " Birds are correctly
recognize")
    L = Label(frame2, bg="skyblue", fg="black", font="gabriola 30 italic
underline")
    L.grid(row=5, column=2, columnspan=15)
    L.config(text="Percentage of Accuracy is " + str("%.2f" % ((counting() * 100) /
12)) + "%")
    Label(frame3, image=smile).grid(row=1, column=1, padx=100, pady=50)
    Label(frame3, text="Thank You !!!", bg="#46f0f0", fg="blue", font="chaurcer 25 italic").grid(row=1, column=2, sticky=N, pady=180)
```

```
Label(frame3, text="Press EXIT to end Playing...", bg="#46f0f0", fg="blue", font="garamond 30 italic").grid(row=2, column=1, sticky=W, padx=10, pady=10)

Button(frame3, text="EXIT", bg="darksalmon", fg="yellow", bd=3, cursor="arrow", command=exit).grid(row=2, column=2, sticky=W, padx=10, pady=10, ipadx=30)
```

This function shows a messagebox with total number of images that are correctly recognize. And it will also print the percentage of accuracy.

home()

This function is defined in the program named "klg.py".

Code we used is...

```
def home():
    window1.destroy()
    import os
    os.system("python about_us.py")
```

This function destroys the current window and move to the new program named "about us.py".

3. Implementation

This step is to implementing the project by coding. This is most important part of the program. A particular care should be done in order to get error free program.

4. Debugging

This step is to check the project for any errors in the code. And linking of the module take place after checking individual modules and functions.

5. Execution

This step is to executing the project and simple testing.

6. Working

We have used tkinter library to develop GUI for the project.

We import sys library to know the current version we are using.

We import messagebox from tkinter to show information.

We import os for linking a program with another program.

The detail description about the working of the project is discussing now. On running the program name "about_us.py" we will see the interface like this

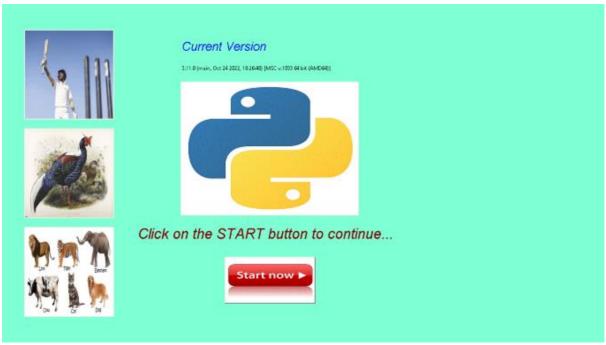


Fig 2.6.1

On clicking the start button, current window is destroyed and move to the program named "klg.py". The interface will look like this



Fig 2.6.2

These five images are the button. On clicking any of the one we will move to the next window.

If we click on EXIT button, we will exit from the program and no further processing is done.

We will discuss the things that happen on click BIRDS image i.e. Parrot. On clicking it we will destroy the current window and next interface will look like this



Fig 2.6.3

If we click on EXIT button, we will exit from the program and no further processing is done.

On click OK button current frame is destroy and we get a new interface like this



Fig 2.6.4

After selecting the images name, click on the SUBMIT button. The interface will look like

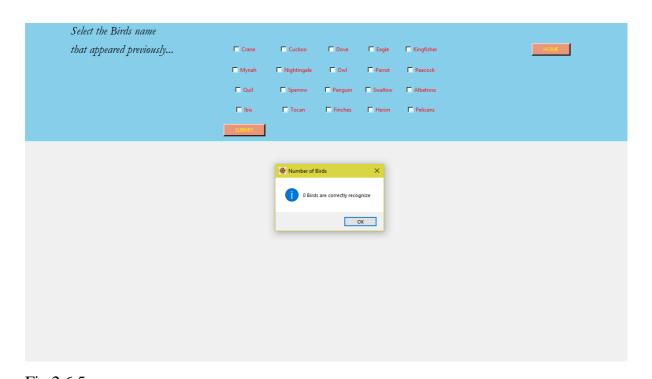


Fig 2.6.5

On clicking OK button, we will get the accuracy of the image i.e. number of images that are correctly recognize and the interface will look like this

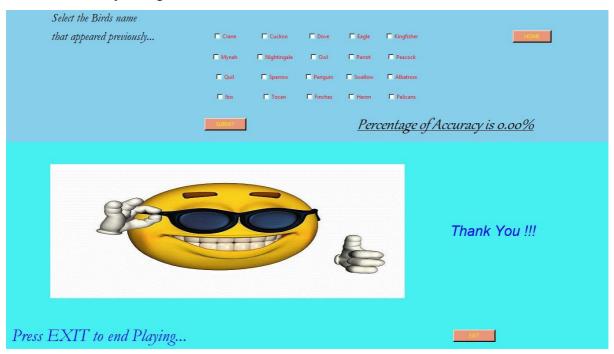


Fig 2.6.6

If we click on EXIT button, we will exit from the program and no further processing is done.

If we click on the HOME button, current window will destroy and we move to the program name "about_us.py". The same thing will happen again.

Flow Chart

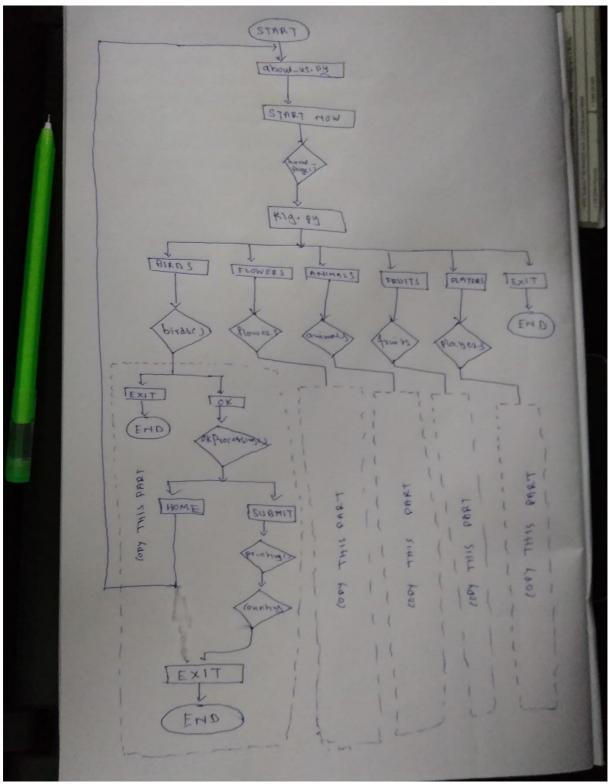


Fig 2.6.7

1. **Python 3.7**

Python is an interpreted, object-oriented, high-level programming language with dynamic semantics. Its high-level built in data structures, combined with dynamic typing and dynamic binding, make it very attractive for Rapid Application Development, as well as for use as a scripting or glue language to connect existing components together.

Python's simple, easy to learn syntax emphasizes readability and therefore reduces the cost of program maintenance. Python supports modules and packages, which encourages program modularity and code reuse.

2. **GUI**

Short for Graphical User Interface, a GUI (pronounced as either G-U-I or gooey) allows the use of icons or other visual indicators to interact with electronic devices, rather than using only text via the command line.

A GUI uses icons, and menus to carry out commands, such as opening, deleting, and moving files.

3. IDE

Integrated development environment (IDE) used is PyCharm. It provides code analysis, a graphical debugger, an integrated unit tester etc.

4. Tkinter

Python offers multiple options for developing GUI. Out of all the GUI methods, tkinter is most commonly used method. It is a standard Python interface to the Tk GUI toolkit shipped with Python. Python with tkinter outputs the fastest and easiest way to create the GUI applications.

5. Widgets classes

Tkinter's GUI classes define common GUI widgets such as button, labels, check buttons, frames, canvases and other. We will use some of them in our project.

6. Option with values

Widgets classes contains option with their values to change the interface of the widgets classes means appearance of the window. Some of the option are width, height, fg, bg, side, row, column, text, onvalue, offvalue, variable, expand, fill, file, image, command and so on.

CHAPTER 4 WORK DIVISION

We divide the project into three modules. Each module is designed by one of us.

Module-1

Module Name: - About Us home page & Displaying Image

<u>Member Name:-</u> Subhadip Mondal

<u>Description:</u>-First of all import all the definitions from tkinter. Title is given by using title widgets. Created window named as about_us_window. He created three more frames named as about_us_window1, about_us_window2 and about_us_window3 and pack them on about_us_window. He created three PhotoImage object and place them on about_us_window1. Description about the images is pack on the about_us_window2. A photoimage object and a START button is created and placed on about_us_window3. Those things are in the program named as "about-us.py".

He displays the 12 images on the window named as window1 and it is present on the program named as "klg.py". He created an OK button and EXIT button. A good luck image is pack on this frame.

Widgets and option used are...

- Title
- Frame-bg, cursor
- Pack-fill, expand, padx, pady
- Grid-row, column, rowspan, columnspan, padx, pady, ipadx, ipady
- PhotoImage-file
- Button-text, padx, pady, ipadx, ipady, command
- Label-text, fg, bg, font

Module-2

Module Name:-Kids Learning Game home page.

Member Name: - Kushagra Setia

<u>Description:</u>-He created the home page of program named as "klg.py". He created five objects of the five images and pack them on the window and those will act as button. A label with some content is created and pack them on window. A EXIT button is created to exit from program.

Widgets and option used are...

- Button-text, fg, bg, command
- Frame- bg, cursor
- Pack-side, fill, anchor, padx, pady
- Photoimage-file
- Label-text, fg, bg, text

Module-3

Module Name:-Listing the image name & Finding accuracy

Member Name: Afroz Ahmad Bhat

<u>Description:</u>-He created 20 check button and grid them on window. Each check button will return the value other 1 or 0.

A HOME button is created to go to the program named as "about us.py".

He made the logic to show how many images was correctly recognized by user.

A SUBMIT button is place on the frame. On clicking that button a printing() function will call and will return the number of images that are correctly recognize. Config module will show/print the return value.

A thank you image is created and grid it on the window.

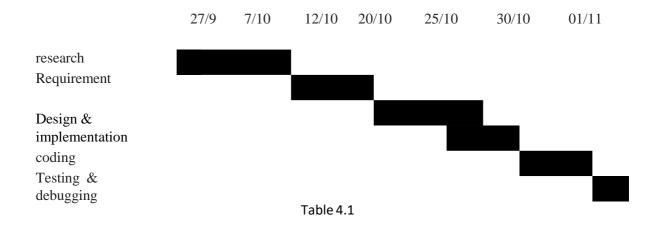
Widgets and option used are...

• Label-text, fg, bg

Button-text, bg, fg,

- Pack-side, fill, anchor, padx, pady
- Config-text
- Photoimage-file

Each module is/will complete with in the given date as mention below.



Final Report

Work Division

S. No.	Student Name	Module Name
1.	Md ishtiyaque	About Us home page & Displaying Image
2.	Sahil ding	Kids Learning Game home page
3.	Md lucky ahmadt	Listing the image name & Finding accuracy

Table 4.2

CHAPTER 5 REFERENCES

We went through different website and learn those concept that will used in making this project. Some of the website are...

- https://www.python.org
- https://www.w3schools.com
- https://www.google.com/
- We followed the text book named "Introduction to Programming Using python" by Y. Daniel Liang.