



# Problems on Mean, Median, Mode

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# Agenda

Formula

Example – Problem on Mean

Example – Problem on Median

Example – Problem on Mode

# Formula – To calculate Mean for Grouped data

$$\text{Mean} = \bar{X} = \frac{\sum f \cdot x}{\sum f}$$



# Example Problem (Mean)

Calculate the mean for the given data:

No. of Defective Bulbs	No. of boxes (f)	Class mark (x)	f.x
0-2	3	1	3
2-4	4	3	12
4-6	5	5	25
6-8	3	7	21
8-10	1	9	9
Total	$\sum (f) = 16$		$\sum (f.x) = 70$

$$\text{Mean} = \bar{X} = \frac{\sum f.x}{\sum f}$$

$$\text{Mean} = 70/16 = 4.375 \approx 4$$



# Formula – To calculate Median for Grouped data

$$\text{Median} = L + \left[ \frac{\frac{N}{2} - cf}{f} \right] h$$

**L** – Lower Limit

**cf** – cumulative frequency of previous class

**f** – frequency of median class

**h** – class width



# Example Problem (Median)

Calculate the median for the given data:

Class Interval	Frequency (f)	Cumulative Frequency
0-10	5	5
10-20	10	15
20-30	12	27
30-40	15	42
40-50	18	60
Total	$\sum (f) = 60$	

**L** - Lower Limit

**cf** - cumulative frequency of previous class

**f** - frequency of median class

**h** - class width

$$\text{Median} = L + \left[ \frac{\frac{N}{2} - cf}{f} \right] h$$

Here  $N = 60$

$N/2 = 60/2 = 30$

$L = 30, cf = 27, f = 15, h = 10$

After applying the formula

**Median =**

# Example 2 (Median)

Calculate the Median for the following:

Class Interval	Frequency (f)	Cumulative Frequency
0-20	5	5
20-40	8	13
40-60	15	28
60-80	16	44
80-100	6	50
Total	$\Sigma (f) = 50$	

$$N = 50$$

$$N/2 = 50/2 = 25 = L$$

$$h = 20, f = 8$$

$$cf = 5$$

$$\text{Median} = L + \left[ \frac{\frac{N}{2} - cf}{f} \right] h$$

$$= 25 + \left[ \frac{25 - 5}{8} \right] \times 20 = 25 + \frac{20}{8} \times 20$$

# Formula – To calculate Mode for Grouped data

$$\text{Mode} = L + \left( \frac{f_1 - f_0}{2f_1 - f_0 - f_2} \right) h$$

**L** – Lower Limit

**f<sub>1</sub>** – value of modal class

**f<sub>0</sub>** – frequency of previous class

**f<sub>2</sub>** – frequency of next class

**h** – Class width





# Example Problem (Mode)

Calculate the mode for the given data:

Marks	Frequency (f)
0-10	2
10-20	5
20-30	6
30-40	5
40-50	2

**L** – Lower Limit

**f<sub>1</sub>** – value of modal class

**f<sub>0</sub>** – frequency of previous class

**f<sub>2</sub>** – frequency of next class

**h** – Class width

$$\text{Mode} = L + \left( \frac{f_1 - f_0}{2f_1 - f_0 - f_2} \right) h$$

Here

L = 20, f<sub>0</sub> = 6, f<sub>1</sub> = 5, f<sub>2</sub> = 5,  
h=10

After applying the formula

**Mode = 25**

# Example 3 (Mode)

Calculate the mode for the following:

Class Interval	Frequency (f)
3-4	1
4-5	7
5-6	28
6-7	78
7-8	84
8-9	45
9-10	28
10-11	7
11-12	2

$$\text{Mode} = L + \left( \frac{f_1 - f_0}{2f_1 - f_0 - f_2} \right) h$$

$f_1 \rightarrow 84$   
 $f_0 \rightarrow 78$   
 $f_2 \rightarrow 45$   
 $h = 1$

modal class

$$= 7 + \left( \frac{84 - 78}{(2 \times 84) - 78 - 45} \right)$$

$$= \frac{105 + 2}{15} = \frac{107}{15} = \boxed{7.133}$$