

5d) Minimize  $f(x_1, x_2) = 4x_1 + 8x_2 - x_1^2 - x_2^2$   
subject to  $x_1 + x_2 = 4$ ,  $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$

$$\rightarrow f(x_1, x_2) = 4x_1 + 8x_2 - x_1^2 - x_2^2$$

$$\phi = x_1 + x_2 - 4 = 0$$

$$\text{Let } L = f + \lambda \phi$$

$$L = 4x_1 + 8x_2 - x_1^2 - x_2^2 + \lambda(x_1 + x_2 - 4)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_1} = 4 - 2x_1 + \lambda = 0 \Rightarrow x_1 = \frac{\lambda + 4}{2} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial x_2} = 8 - 2x_2 + \lambda = 0 \Rightarrow x_2 = \frac{8 + \lambda}{2} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \lambda} = x_1 + x_2 - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow x_1 + x_2 = 4 \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

Substituting eq<sup>n</sup> (1) & (2) in eq<sup>n</sup> (3),

$$\frac{\lambda + 4}{2} + \frac{8 + \lambda}{2} = 4$$

$$\frac{2\lambda + 12}{2} = 4$$

$$2\lambda = -4 \Rightarrow \boxed{\lambda = -2}$$

$$\text{From (1), } x_1 = \frac{4 - 2}{2} = 1$$

$$\text{From (2), } x_2 = \frac{8 - 2}{2} = 3$$

Point of minima is (1, 3).

5 b) Find minimizer,  $f(x) = x^2 + \frac{54}{x}$  using bisection method in  $(2, 5)$  within a range of 0.3.

$$f(x) = x^2 + \frac{54}{x}, \quad f'(x) = 2x - \frac{54}{x^2}$$

| Iteration | a    | b     | $c = \frac{a+b}{2}$            | $f'(c)$                                | Remark          |
|-----------|------|-------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| 1         | 2    | 5     | $c = 3.5$                      | $2.8918 > 0$                           | Replace b by c  |
| 2         | 2    | 3.5   | $c = 2.75$                     | $-1.6404 < 0$                          | Replace a by c  |
| 3         | 2.75 | 3.5   | $c = 3.125$                    | $0.7204 > 0$                           | Replace b by c. |
| 4         | 2.75 | 3.125 | <u><math>c = 2.9375</math></u> | <del><math>-0.4420 &lt; 0</math></del> |                 |

Minimizer of  $f(x)$  within range of 0.3 is 2.9375.