

# Pointers in C



# Computer Memory Revisited

- Computers store data in memory slots
- Each slot has an *unique address*
- Variables store their values like this:

Addr	Content	Addr	Content	Addr	Content	Addr	Content
1000	i: 37	1001	j: 46	1002	k: 58	1003	m: 74
1004	a[0]: 'a'	1005	a[1]: 'b'	1006	a[2]: 'c'	1007	a[3]: '\0'
1008	ptr: 1001	1009	...	1010		1011	

# Computer Memory Revisited

- Altering the value of a variable is indeed changing the content of the memory
  - e.g. `i = 40; a[2] = 'z';`

Addr	Content	Addr	Content	Addr	Content	Addr	Content
1000	i: 40	1001	j: 46	1002	k: 58	1003	m: 74
1004	a[0]: 'a'	1005	a[1]: 'b'	1006	a[2]: 'z'	1007	a[3]: '\0'
1008	ptr: 1001	1009	...	1010		1011	

# Addressing Concept

- Pointer stores the **address** of another entity
- It **refers** to a memory location

```
int i = 5;
int *ptr;           /* declare a pointer variable */
ptr = &i;           /* store address-of i to ptr */
printf("*ptr = %d\n", *ptr); /* refer to referee of ptr */
```

# Why do we need Pointer?

- Simply because it's there!
- It is used in some circumstances in C

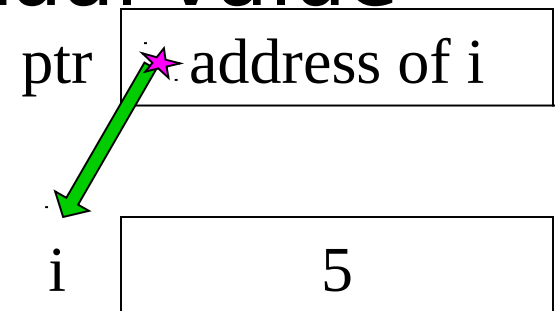
# What actually *ptr* is?

- **ptr** is a variable storing **an address**
- ptr is **NOT** storing the actual value of **i**

```
int i = 5;  
int *ptr;  
ptr = &i;  
printf("i = %d\n", i);  
printf("*ptr = %d\n", *ptr);  
printf("ptr = %p\n", ptr);
```

Output:

```
i = 5  
*ptr = 5  
ptr = effff5e0
```



value of ptr =  
address of i  
in memory

# Twin Operators

- **&: Address-of operator**
  - Get the *address* of an entity
    - e.g. `ptr = &j;`

Add r	Conten t	Add r	Content	Add r	Conten t	Add r	Conten t
1000	i: 40	1001	j: 33	1002	k: 58	1003	m: 74
1004	ptr: 1001	1005		1006		1007	

# Twin Operators

- \*: De-reference operator
  - Refer to the *content* of the referee
    - e.g. **\*ptr = 99;**

Add r	Conten t	Add r	Content	Add r	Conten t	Add r	Conten t
1000	i: 40	1001	j: 99	1002	k: 58	1003	m: 74
1004	ptr: 1001	1005		1006		1007	



# Example: Pass by Reference

- Modify behaviour in argument passing

# An Illustration

```
int i = 5, j = 10;
```

```
int *ptr;
```

```
int **pptr;
```

```
ptr = &i;
```

```
pptr = &ptr;
```

```
*ptr = 3;
```

```
**pptr = 7;
```

```
ptr = &j;
```

```
**pptr = 9;
```

```
*pptr = &i;
```

```
*ptr = -2;
```

Data Table			
Name	Type	Description	Value
i	int	integer variable	5
j	int	integer variable	10

# An Illustration

```
int i = 5, j = 10;
```

```
int *ptr;    /* declare a pointer-to-integer variable */
```

```
int **pptr;
```

```
ptr = &i;
```

```
pptr = &ptr;
```

```
*ptr = 3;
```


```
**pptr = 7;
```

```
ptr = &j;
```

```
**pptr = 9;
```

```
*pptr = &i;
```

```
*ptr = -2;
```

Data Table			
Name	Type	Description	Value
i	int	integer variable	5
j	int	integer variable	10
ptr	int *	integer pointer variable	

# An Illustration

```
int i = 5, j = 10;
```

```
int *ptr;
```

```
int **pptr; /* declare a pointer-to-pointer-to-integer variable */
```

```
ptr = &i;
```

```
pptr = &ptr;
```

```
*ptr = 3;
```



```
**pptr = 7;
```

```
ptr = &j;
```

```
**pptr = 9;
```


```
*pptr = &i;
```

```
*ptr = -2;
```

Data Table			
Name	Type	Description	Value
i	int	integer variable	5
j	int	integer variable	10
ptr	int *	integer pointer variable	
pptr	int **	integer pointer pointer variable	
		Double Indirection	

# An Illustration

```
int i = 5, j = 10;
int *ptr;
int **pptr;
ptr = &i;    /* store address-of i to ptr */
pptr = &ptr;
*ptr = 3;
**pptr = 7;
ptr = &j;
**pptr = 9;
*pptr = &i;
*ptr = -2;
```

Data Table			
Name	Type	Description	Value
i	int	integer variable	5
j	int	integer variable	10
ptr	int *	integer pointer variable	address of i
pptr	int **	integer pointer pointer variable	
*ptr	int	de-reference of ptr	5

# An Illustration

```
int i = 5, j = 10;
```

```
int *ptr;
```

```
int **pptr;
```

```
ptr = &i;
```

```
pptr = &ptr; /* store address-of ptr to pptr */
```

```
*ptr = 3;
```

```
**pptr = 7;
```

```
ptr = &j;
```

```
**pptr = 9;
```

```
*pptr = &i;
```

```
*ptr = -2;
```

Data Table			
Name	Type	Description	Value
i	int	integer variable	5
j	int	integer variable	10
ptr	int *	integer pointer variable	address of i
pptr	int **	integer pointer pointer variable	address of ptr
*pptr	int *	de-reference of pptr	value of ptr (address of

# An Illustration

```
int i = 5, j = 10;
```

```
int *ptr;
```

```
int **pptr;
```

```
ptr = &i;
```

```
pptr = &ptr;
```

```
*ptr = 3;
```

```
**pptr = 7;
```

```
ptr = &j;
```

```
**pptr = 9;
```

```
*pptr = &i;
```

```
*ptr = -2;
```

Data Table			
Name	Type	Description	Value
i	int	integer variable	3
j	int	integer variable	10
ptr	int *	integer pointer variable	address of i
pptr	int **	integer pointer pointer variable	address of ptr
*ptr	int	de-reference of ptr	3

# An Illustration

```
int i = 5, j = 10;
```

```
int *ptr;
```

```
int **pptr;
```

```
ptr = &i;
```

```
pptr = &ptr;
```

```
*ptr = 3;
```

```
**pptr = 7;
```

```
ptr = &j;
```

```
**pptr = 9;
```

```
*pptr = &i;
```

```
*ptr = -2;
```

Data Table			
Name	Type	Description	Value
i	int	integer variable	7
j	int	integer variable	10
ptr	int *	integer pointer variable	address of i
pptr	int **	integer pointer pointer variable	address of ptr
<b>**pptr</b>	<b>int</b>	<b>de-reference of de-reference of pptr</b>	<b>7</b>



# An Illustration

```
int i = 5, j = 10;
```

```
int *ptr;
```

```
int **pptr;
```

```
ptr = &i;
```

```
pptr = &ptr;
```

```
*ptr = 3;
```

```
**pptr = 7;
```

```
ptr = &j;
```

```
**pptr = 9;
```

```
*pptr = &i;
```

```
*ptr = -2;
```

Data Table				
Name	Type	Description	Value	
i	int	integer variable	7	
j	int	integer variable	10	
ptr	int *	integer pointer variable	address of j	
pptr	int **	integer pointer pointer variable	address of ptr	
*ptr	int	de-reference of ptr	10	

# An Illustration

```
int i = 5, j = 10;
```

```
int *ptr;
```

```
int **pptr;
```

```
ptr = &i;
```

```
pptr = &ptr;
```

```
*ptr = 3;
```

```
**pptr = 7;
```

```
ptr = &j;
```

```
**pptr = 9;
```

```
*pptr = &i;
```

```
*ptr = -2;
```

Data Table			
Name	Type	Description	Value
i	int	integer variable	7
j	int	integer variable	9
ptr	int *	integer pointer variable	address of j
pptr	int **	integer pointer pointer variable	address of ptr
<b>**pptr</b>	<b>int</b>	<b>de-reference of de-reference of pptr</b>	<b>9</b>

# An Illustration

```
int i = 5, j = 10;
```

```
int *ptr;
```

```
int **pptr;
```

```
ptr = &i;
```

```
pptr = &ptr;
```

```
*ptr = 3;
```

```
**pptr = 7;
```

```
ptr = &j;
```

```
**pptr = 9;
```

```
*pptr = &i;
```

```
*ptr = -2;
```

Data Table			
Name	Type	Description	Value
i	int	integer variable	7
j	int	integer variable	9
ptr	int *	integer pointer variable	address of i
pptr	int **	integer pointer pointer variable	address of ptr
*pptr	int *	de-reference of pptr	value of ptr (address of

# An Illustration

```
int i = 5, j = 10;
```

```
int *ptr;
```

```
int **pptr;
```

```
ptr = &i;
```

```
pptr = &ptr;
```

```
*ptr = 3;
```

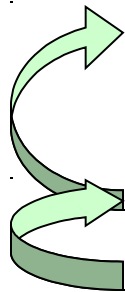
```
**pptr = 7;
```

```
ptr = &j;
```

```
**pptr = 9;
```

```
*pptr = &i;
```

```
*ptr = -2;
```



Data Table			
Name	Type	Description	Value
i	int	integer variable	-2
j	int	integer variable	9
ptr	int *	integer pointer variable	address of i
pptr	int **	integer pointer pointer variable	address of ptr
*ptr	int	de-reference of ptr	-2

# Pointer Arithmetic

- What's  $\text{ptr} + 1$ ?
  - The next memory location!
- What's  $\text{ptr} - 1$ ?
  - The previous memory location!
- What's  $\text{ptr} * 2$  and  $\text{ptr} / 2$ ?
  - Invalid operations!!!

# Summary

- A pointer stores the **address** (memory location) of another entity
- Address-of operator (&) **gets the address** of an entity
- De-reference operator (\*) **makes a reference** to the referee of a pointer
- Pointer and array
- Pointer arithmetic