Joshua Dunne 1

## 1 Question 1

**Given** We are given three different vectors to try to map through a given function. We are then to plot everything.

1. 
$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- 2.  $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$
- 3.  $T(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}$

## Find

- 1. The image of u under T where  $\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$
- 2. The image of c under T where  $\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1.5 \end{bmatrix}$
- 3. The image of  $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}$

## 1.1 Work

**Images** The image under is just going to be the result of having the function applied. We can do as such like so, for each of the given terms

1. 
$$T(\mathbf{u}) = A\mathbf{u} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. 
$$T(\mathbf{v}) = A\mathbf{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1.5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. 
$$T(\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}) = A(\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1.5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Joshua Dunne 2

## 1.2 Illustration

**Scaling** Throughout we should expect to see a few things. The origin should remain constant, and relationships about perpendicularity and being parallel should contiue to hold.



