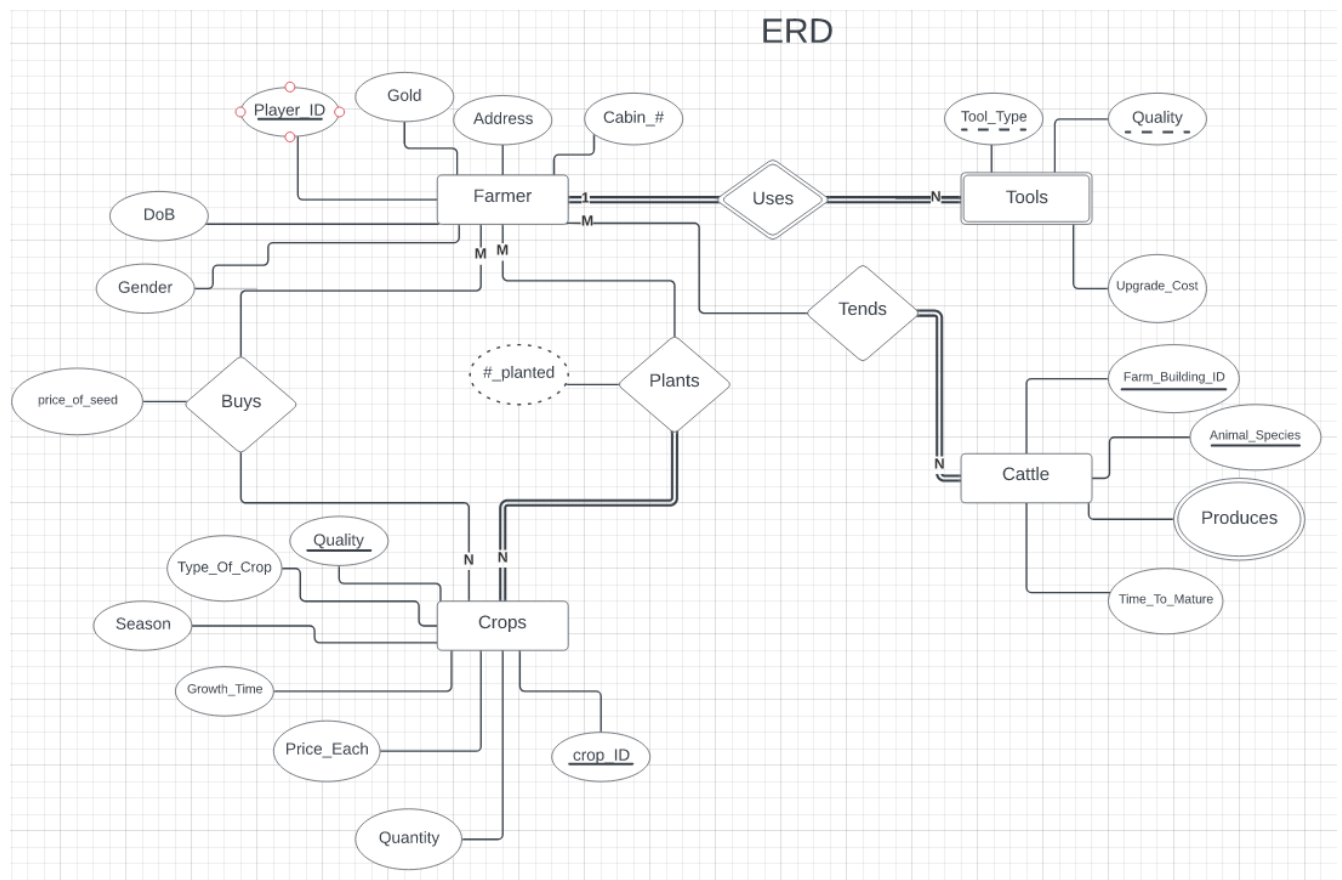


Stardew Valley Farm Database

The purpose of my database is to provide data to the user as if they are currently playing Stardew Valley themselves and need a representation of what is going on in their current playthrough.

The information contained inside this database includes what type of tools each farmer currently has, the crops that are currently present in their game, which farmer buys and plants crops, and what type of cattle are present and producing items on the farm. The user will be able to calculate profits depending on the quantity of their currently owned crops, and will be able to update the rows accordingly based on the transaction. Trying to sell crops that are non-existent or specifying a quantity less than the currently owned amount is not allowed.

ERD



Relational Schema

Relational Schema

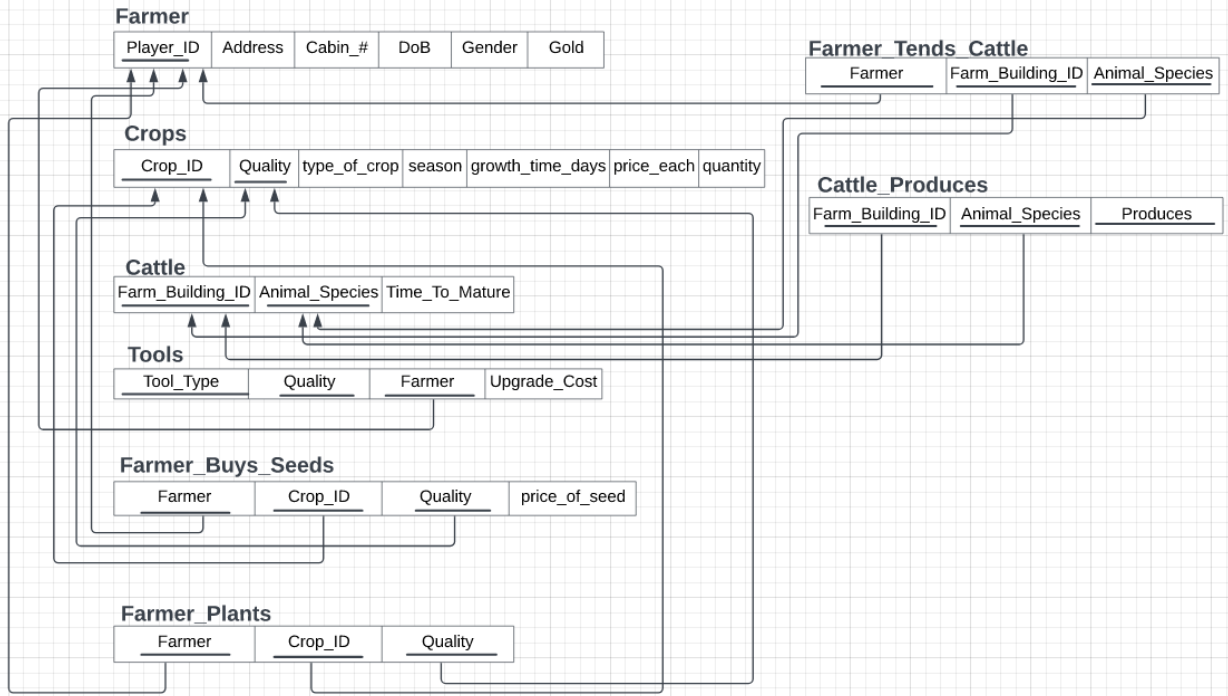


Table Descriptions

Table 1: Farmer

Purpose: To list which farmers (players) are currently part of this playthrough of the game.

Attributes: player_ID, address, cabin_number, dob, gender, gold

Keys: **player_ID**: Unique to each player in the game

Table Creation:

```
create table Farmer
(
  player_ID      varchar(16) not null,
  address        varchar(50),
  cabin_number   tinyint UNIQUE,
  dob            date,
  gender         char(1),
  gold           int,
  primary key(player_ID)
);
```

```
SELECT * FROM Farmer;
```

	player_ID	address	cabin_number	dob	gender	gold
▶	Andy	Stardew Valley Farm	1	1996-07-07	M	0
	Holland	Stardew Valley Farm	2	1986-02-08	F	0

Table 2: Crops

Purpose: List all crops that exist inside the players' playthrough

Attributes: Crop_ID, Quality, type_of_crop, season, growth_time_days, price_each, quantity

Keys: **Crop_ID**: Uniquely identifies each instance of a certain crop, **Quality**: Differentiates each crop with the same type_of_crop attribute.

Table Creation:

```
create table Crops
(
  crop_ID          int,
  quality          ENUM('Normal', 'Silver', 'Gold', 'Iridium'),
  type_of_crop     varchar(30),
  season           varchar(50),
  growth_time_days tinyint,
  price_each       smallint,
  quantity         int,
  primary key(crop_ID, quality)
);
```

SELECT * FROM Crops;

	crop_ID	quality	type_of_crop	season	growth_time_days	price_each	quantity
	1	Normal	Melon	Summer	12	250	6
	2	Silver	Melon	Summer	12	312	3
	3	Gold	Melon	Summer	12	375	4
	4	Iridium	Melon	Summer	12	500	2
	5	Normal	Blueberry	Summer	13	50	17
	6	Silver	Blueberry	Summer	13	62	0
	7	Gold	Blueberry	Summer	13	75	3
	8	Iridium	Blueberry	Summer	13	100	1
	9	Normal	Potato	Spring	6	80	0
	10	Silver	Potato	Spring	6	100	2
	11	Gold	Potato	Spring	6	120	12
	12	Iridium	Potato	Spring	6	160	13
	13	Normal	Artichoke	Fall	8	160	3
	14	Silver	Artichoke	Fall	8	200	27
	15	Gold	Artichoke	Fall	8	240	0
	16	Iridium	Artichoke	Fall	8	320	0
	17	Normal	Strawberry	Spring	8	120	10
	18	Silver	Strawberry	Spring	8	150	10
	19	Gold	Strawberry	Spring	8	180	20
	20	Iridium	Strawberry	Spring	8	240	90
	21	Normal	Tomato	Summer	11	60	70
	22	Silver	Tomato	Summer	11	75	0
	23	Gold	Tomato	Summer	11	90	20
	24	Iridium	Tomato	Summer	11	120	21
	25	Normal	Radish	Summer	6	90	5
	26	Silver	Radish	Summer	6	112	0
	27	Gold	Radish	Summer	6	135	0
	28	Iridium	Radish	Summer	6	180	2
	29	Normal	Wheat	Summe...	4	25	101
	30	Silver	Wheat	Summe...	4	31	100
	31	Gold	Wheat	Summe...	4	37	13
	32	Iridium	Wheat	Summe...	4	50	0
	33	Normal	Sunflower	Summe...	8	80	4
	34	Silver	Sunflower	Summe...	8	100	10
	35	Gold	Sunflower	Summe...	8	120	19
	36	Iridium	Sunflower	Summe...	8	160	12

	crop_ID	quality	type_of_crop	season	growth_time_days	price_each	quantity
	37	Normal	Eggplant	Fall	5	60	12
	38	Silver	Eggplant	Fall	5	75	40
	39	Gold	Eggplant	Fall	5	90	29
	40	Iridium	Eggplant	Fall	5	120	1
	41	Normal	Corn	Summe...	14	50	3
	42	Silver	Corn	Summe...	14	62	2
	43	Gold	Corn	Summe...	14	75	4
	44	Iridium	Corn	Summe...	14	100	4
	45	Normal	Pumpkin	Fall	13	320	98
	46	Silver	Pumpkin	Fall	13	400	15
	47	Gold	Pumpkin	Fall	13	480	21
	48	Iridium	Pumpkin	Fall	13	640	17
	49	Normal	Yam	Fall	10	160	100
	50	Silver	Yam	Fall	10	200	12
	51	Gold	Yam	Fall	10	240	37
	52	Iridium	Yam	Fall	10	320	20
	53	Normal	Cranberry	Fall	7	75	10
	54	Silver	Cranberry	Fall	7	93	29
	55	Gold	Cranberry	Fall	7	112	1
	56	Iridium	Cranberry	Fall	7	150	2
	57	Normal	Pepper	Summer	5	40	1
	58	Silver	Pepper	Summer	5	50	2
	59	Gold	Pepper	Summer	5	60	3
	60	Iridium	Pepper	Summer	5	80	4
	61	Normal	Poppy	Summer	7	140	12
	62	Silver	Poppy	Summer	7	175	16
	63	Gold	Poppy	Summer	7	210	0
	64	Iridium	Poppy	Summer	7	280	4
	65	Normal	Red Cabbage	Summer	9	260	0
	66	Silver	Red Cabbage	Summer	9	325	14
	67	Gold	Red Cabbage	Summer	9	390	15
	68	Iridium	Red Cabbage	Summer	9	520	3
	69	Normal	Cauliflower	Spring	12	175	0
	70	Silver	Cauliflower	Spring	12	218	0
	71	Gold	Cauliflower	Spring	12	262	0
	72	Iridium	Cauliflower	Spring	12	350	0

	73	Normal	Coffee Bean	Spring ...	10	15	0
	74	Silver	Coffee Bean	Spring ...	10	18	0
	75	Gold	Coffee Bean	Spring ...	10	22	0
	76	Iridium	Coffee Bean	Spring ...	10	30	0
	77	Normal	Garlic	Spring	10	60	0
	78	Silver	Garlic	Spring	10	75	0
	79	Gold	Garlic	Spring	10	90	0
	80	Iridium	Garlic	Spring	10	120	0
	81	Normal	Starfruit	Summer	10	750	0
	82	Silver	Starfruit	Summer	10	937	0
	83	Gold	Starfruit	Summer	10	1125	0
	84	Iridium	Starfruit	Summer	10	1500	0
▶*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL		NULL	NULL

Table 3: Cattle

Purpose: List all cattle in the playthrough with their expected time to maturity

Attributes: farm_building_id, animal_species, time_to_mature_days

Keys: **farm_building_id**: Uniquely identify where the animal belongs on the farm.

animal_species: What type of animal is present in the playthrough

Table Creation:

```
create table Cattle
(
  farm_building_id    varchar(20),
  animal_species      varchar(20),
  time_to_mature_days tinyint,
  primary key(farm_building_id, animal_species)
);
```

```
SELECT * FROM Cattle;
```

	farm_building_id	animal_species	time_to_mature_days
	Barn	Cow	5
	Barn	Goat	5
	Barn	Pig	10
	Barn	Sheep	4
	Coop	Chicken	6
	Coop	Dinosaur	11
	Coop	Rabbit	6
	Farm	Cat	0
	Farm	Dog	0
	Stable	Horse	0

Table 4: Tools

Purpose: List all tools that are owned by each of the farmers. Weak entity with identifying entity being the Farmer table.

Attributes: tool_type, quality, farmer, upgrade_cost

Keys: **tool_type**: Name of tool, **quality**: one of four identifying qualities, **farmer**: needed to uniquely assign the existence of the tool to a player.

Table Creation:

```
-- Weak Entity
create table Tools
(
    tool_type      varchar(15),
    quality        ENUM('Normal','Copper','Silver','Gold','Iridium','Training',
                        'Bamboo', 'Fiber Glass'),
    farmer         varchar(16),
    upgrade_cost   int,
    primary key(tool_type, quality, farmer),
    foreign key(farmer) references Farmer (player_ID)
);
```

```
SELECT * FROM Tools;
```

	tool_type	quality	farmer	upgrade_cost
►	Axe	Normal	Andy	HULL
	Axe	Normal	Holland	HULL
	Axe	Copper	Andy	2000
	Axe	Copper	Holland	2000
	Axe	Silver	Andy	5000
	Axe	Silver	Holland	5000
	Axe	Gold	Andy	10000
	Axe	Gold	Holland	10000
	Axe	Iridium	Andy	25000
	Axe	Iridium	Holland	25000
	Fishing Rod	Iridium	Andy	7500
	Fishing Rod	Training	Andy	25
	Fishing Rod	Bamboo	Andy	500
	Fishing Rod	Fiber ...	Andy	1800
	Galaxy Sword	Normal	Holland	50000

	Hoe	Normal	Andy	NULL
	Hoe	Normal	Holland	NULL
	Hoe	Copper	Andy	2000
	Hoe	Copper	Holland	2000
	Hoe	Silver	Andy	5000
	Hoe	Silver	Holland	5000
	Hoe	Gold	Andy	10000
	Hoe	Gold	Holland	10000
	Hoe	Iridium	Andy	25000
	Hoe	Iridium	Holland	25000
	Lava Katana	Normal	Holland	25000
	Obsidian Edge	Normal	Holland	0
	Pickaxe	Normal	Andy	NULL
	Pickaxe	Normal	Holland	NULL
	Pickaxe	Copper	Andy	2000
	Pickaxe	Copper	Holland	2000
	Pickaxe	Silver	Andy	5000
	Pickaxe	Silver	Holland	5000
	Pickaxe	Gold	Andy	10000
	Pickaxe	Gold	Holland	10000
	Pickaxe	Iridium	Andy	25000
	Pickaxe	Iridium	Holland	25000
	Rusty Sword	Normal	Holland	0
	Silver Saber	Normal	Holland	750
	Watering Can	Normal	Andy	NULL
	Watering Can	Normal	Holland	NULL
	Watering Can	Copper	Andy	2000
	Watering Can	Copper	Holland	2000
	Watering Can	Silver	Andy	5000
	Watering Can	Silver	Holland	5000
	Watering Can	Gold	Andy	10000
	Watering Can	Gold	Holland	10000
	Watering Can	Iridium	Andy	25000
	Watering Can	Iridium	Holland	25000

Table 5: Farmer_Buys_Seeds

Purpose: List which specific farmer is purchasing seeds of a unique type of crop from a store in game.

Attributes: farmer, crop_ID, quality, price_of_seed

Keys: **farmer**: unique instance of a player, **crop_ID**: unique instance of certain crop, **quality**: quality identifying the crop(seed) we are looking at

Table Creation:

```
create table Farmer_Buys_Seeds
(
  farmer          varchar(16),
  crop_ID         int,
  quality         ENUM('Normal','Silver','Gold','Iridium'),
  price_of_seed   int,
  primary key(farmer, crop_ID, quality),
  foreign key(farmer) references Farmer (player_ID),
  foreign key(crop_ID, quality) references Crops (crop_ID, quality)
);
```

```
SELECT * FROM Farmer_Buys_Seeds;
```

	farmer	crop_ID	quality	price_of_seed
►	Andy	1	Normal	80
	Andy	2	Silver	120
	Andy	3	Gold	200
	Andy	4	Iridium	300
	Andy	9	Normal	50
	Andy	10	Silver	65
	Andy	13	Normal	80
	Andy	16	Iridium	150
	Andy	21	Normal	30
	Andy	22	Silver	40
	Andy	23	Gold	50
	Andy	24	Iridium	60
	Andy	25	Normal	30
	Andy	33	Normal	50
	Andy	34	Silver	65
	Andy	35	Gold	75
	Andy	36	Iridium	85
	Andy	37	Normal	30
	Andy	39	Gold	50
	Andy	41	Normal	20

Andy	49	Normal	55
Andy	50	Silver	100
Andy	51	Gold	150
Andy	52	Iridium	240
Andy	54	Silver	45
Andy	55	Gold	64
Andy	61	Normal	50
Andy	62	Silver	70
Andy	63	Gold	140
Andy	64	Iridium	170
Holland	5	Normal	24
Holland	6	Silver	32
Holland	7	Gold	43
Holland	8	Iridium	50
Holland	11	Gold	78
Holland	12	Iridium	100
Holland	14	Silver	90
Holland	15	Gold	130
Holland	17	Normal	70
Holland	18	Silver	80
Holland	19	Gold	90
Holland	20	Iridium	100
Holland	26	Silver	50
Holland	27	Gold	55
Holland	28	Iridium	70
Holland	29	Normal	10
Holland	30	Silver	15
Holland	31	Gold	20

Holland	32	Iridium	25
Holland	38	Silver	40
Holland	40	Iridium	60
Holland	42	Silver	26
Holland	43	Gold	35
Holland	44	Iridium	55
Holland	45	Normal	170
Holland	46	Silver	270
Holland	47	Gold	360
Holland	48	Iridium	400
Holland	53	Normal	30
Holland	56	Iridium	70
Holland	57	Normal	12
Holland	58	Silver	16
Holland	59	Gold	24
Holland	60	Iridium	32
Holland	65	Normal	140
Holland	66	Silver	240
Holland	67	Gold	270
Holland	68	Iridium	350

Table 6: Farmer_Plants

Purpose: List which farmer is responsible for planting which seeds

Attributes: farmer, crop_ID, quality

Keys: **farmer**: unique instance of a player, **crop_ID**: unique instance of certain crop, **quality**: quality identifying the crop we are looking at

Table Creation:

```
create table Farmer_Plants
(
  farmer          varchar(16),
  crop_ID         int,
  quality         ENUM('Normal','Silver','Gold','Iridium'),
  primary key(farmer, crop_ID, quality),
  foreign key(farmer) references Farmer (player_ID),
  foreign key(crop_ID, quality) references Crops (crop_ID, quality)
);
```

```
SELECT * FROM Farmer_Plants;
```

	farmer	crop_ID	quality
►	Andy	1	Normal
	Andy	2	Silver
	Andy	4	Iridium
	Andy	7	Gold
	Andy	8	Iridium
	Andy	9	Normal
	Andy	10	Silver
	Andy	13	Normal
	Andy	21	Normal
	Andy	22	Silver
	Andy	23	Gold
	Andy	25	Normal
	Andy	35	Gold
	Andy	37	Normal
	Andy	39	Gold
	Andy	41	Normal
	Andy	42	Silver
	Andy	44	Iridium
	Andy	46	Silver
	Andy	47	Gold
	Andy	49	Normal
	Andy	50	Silver
	Andy	51	Gold
	Andy	52	Iridium

	Andy	54	Silver
	Andy	61	Normal
	Andy	64	Iridium
	Andy	65	Normal
	Andy	66	Silver
	Andy	67	Gold
	Andy	68	Iridium
	Holland	3	Gold
	Holland	5	Normal
	Holland	6	Silver
	Holland	11	Gold
	Holland	12	Iridium
	Holland	14	Silver
	Holland	15	Gold
	Holland	16	Iridium
	Holland	17	Normal
	Holland	18	Silver
	Holland	19	Gold
	Holland	20	Iridium
	Holland	24	Iridium
	Holland	26	Silver
	Holland	27	Gold
	Holland	28	Iridium
	Holland	29	Normal
	Holland	30	Silver
	Holland	31	Gold
	Holland	32	Iridium
	Holland	33	Normal
	Holland	34	Silver
	Holland	36	Iridium
	Holland	38	Silver
	Holland	40	Iridium
	Holland	43	Gold

	Holland	45	Normal
	Holland	48	Iridium
	Holland	53	Normal
	Holland	55	Gold
	Holland	56	Iridium
	Holland	57	Normal
	Holland	58	Silver
	Holland	59	Gold
	Holland	60	Iridium
	Holland	62	Silver
	Holland	63	Gold

Table 7: Farmer_Tends_Cattle

Purpose: List which farmer is responsible for taking care of certain cattle.

Attributes: farmer, farm_building_id, animal_species

Keys: **farmer**: unique instance of a player , **farm_building_id**: which building the animal belongs to, **animal_species**: what type of animal

Table Creation:

```
create table Farmer_Tends_Cattle
(
  farmer          varchar(16),
  farm_building_id varchar(20),
  animal_species  varchar(20),
  primary key(farmer, farm_building_id, animal_species),
  foreign key(farmer) references Farmer (player_ID),
  foreign key(farm_building_id, animal_species) references Cattle (farm_building_id, animal_species)
);
```

```
SELECT * FROM Farmer_Tends_Cattle;
```

	farmer	farm_building_id	animal_species
▶	Andy	Barn	Cow
	Andy	Barn	Goat
	Andy	Barn	Pig
	Andy	Coop	Chicken
	Andy	Coop	Dinosaur
	Holland	Barn	Cow
	Holland	Barn	Pig
	Holland	Barn	Sheep
	Holland	Coop	Dinosaur
	Holland	Coop	Rabbit

Table 8: Cattle_Produces

Purpose: List all of the animals and what they will be producing for the farmers.

Attributes: farm_building_id, animal_species, produces

Keys: **farm_building_id**: which building the animal belongs to, **animal_species**: what type of animal, **produces**: multi-attribute for what each animal is producing

Table Creation:

```
create table Cattle_Produces
(farm_building_id    varchar(20),
 animal_species      varchar(20),
 produces            varchar(60),
 primary key(farm_building_id, animal_species, produces),
 foreign key(farm_building_id, animal_species) references Cattle (farm_building_id, animal_species)
);
```

```
SELECT * FROM Cattle_Produces;
```

	farm_building_id	animal_species	produces
►	Barn	Cow	Large Milk
	Barn	Cow	Milk
	Barn	Cow	Small Milk
	Barn	Goat	Goat Milk
	Barn	Goat	Large Goat Milk
	Barn	Goat	Small Goat Milk
	Barn	Pig	Bacon
	Barn	Pig	Truffle
	Barn	Sheep	Sheep Milk
	Barn	Sheep	Wool
	Coop	Chicken	Egg
	Coop	Chicken	Large Egg
	Coop	Chicken	Small Egg
	Coop	Dinosaur	Dinosaur Egg
	Coop	Dinosaur	Large Dinosaur...
	Coop	Rabbit	Fur
	Coop	Rabbit	Rabbit Foot
	Farm	Cat	nothing
	Farm	Dog	nothing
	Stable	Horse	nothing

Views, Functions, Procedures, Queries

View: Shows a table of which seeds will produce a negative profit in correlation of which crop and quality they produce.

SQL Code:

```
CREATE VIEW less_Profit_From_Seed AS
SELECT X.crop_ID, quality AS "Quality", type_of_crop AS "No Profit Crop"
FROM Crops X
WHERE X.crop_ID IN (SELECT crop_ID FROM Farmer_Buys_Seeds WHERE price_of_seed > X.price_each - price_of_seed);
```

```
SELECT * FROM less_Profit_From_Seed AS `No Profit Crop`;
```

	crop_ID	Quality	No Profit Crop
▶	3	Gold	Melon
	4	Iridium	Melon
	6	Silver	Blueberry
	7	Gold	Blueberry
	9	Normal	Potato
	10	Silver	Potato
	11	Gold	Potato
	12	Iridium	Potato
	15	Gold	Artichoke
	17	Normal	Strawberry
	18	Silver	Strawberry
	22	Silver	Tomato
	23	Gold	Tomato
	31	Gold	Wheat
	33	Normal	Sunflower
	34	Silver	Sunflower
	35	Gold	Sunflower
	36	Iridium	Sunflower
	38	Silver	Eggplant
	39	Gold	Eggplant
	44	Iridium	Corn
	45	Normal	Pumpkin
	46	Silver	Pumpkin
	47	Gold	Pumpkin
	48	Iridium	Pumpkin
	51	Gold	Yam
	52	Iridium	Yam
	55	Gold	Cranberry
	63	Gold	Poppy
	64	Iridium	Poppy
	65	Normal	Red Cabbage
	66	Silver	Red Cabbage
	67	Gold	Red Cabbage
	68	Iridium	Red Cabbage

Function: Finds the total amount of profit if all quantity of a certain crop is sold

SQL Code:

```
DELIMITER //
```

```
CREATE FUNCTION total_Profit_From_Crop
```

```
(
```

```
    -- Id of crop
```

```
    checkingCrop    int
```

```
)
```

```
RETURNS int
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    -- returning this value
```

```
    DECLARE expectedProfit    int DEFAULT 0;
```

```
    SELECT SUM(quantity * price_each)
```

```
    INTO expectedProfit
```

```
    FROM Crops
```

```
    WHERE crop_ID = checkingCrop;
```

```
    return expectedProfit;
```

```
END //
```

```
DELIMITER ;
```

```
SELECT total_Profit_From_Crop(55) AS `Total profit from Crop`;
```

	Total profit from Crop
▶	112

Procedure: Takes as input crop_ID and quantity to sell and updates the Farmer table and Crops table accordingly.

SQL Code:

```
-- Procedure to update farmer table based on what crops are sold
DELIMITER //
CREATE PROCEDURE updateFarmerGold
(
    IN cropIdentification    int,
    IN quantityToSell       int,
    OUT outputText           varchar(200)
)
BEGIN
    DECLARE whichFarmerIsSelling    varchar(16);
    DECLARE profitMade              int;
    DECLARE isValid                 int;
    DECLARE priceOfCrop             int;
    DECLARE cropName                varchar(30);
    DECLARE qualityType             varchar(30);

    Set qualityType = (SELECT quality FROM Crops WHERE cropIdentification = crop_ID);
    SET isValid = (SELECT quantity FROM Crops WHERE cropIdentification = crop_ID);
    SET cropName = (SELECT type_of_crop FROM Crops WHERE crop_ID = cropIdentification);

    -- Find and set which farmer is assigned to sell certain crop
    IF (quantityToSell <= isValid) THEN
        SET whichFarmerIsSelling = (SELECT farmer FROM Farmer_Plants WHERE cropIdentification = crop_ID);
        SET priceOfCrop = (SELECT price_each FROM Crops WHERE cropIdentification = crop_ID);
        Set profitMade = (priceOfCrop * quantityToSell);
    
```

```

-- Update the Farmer's Profit
UPDATE Farmer
SET gold = profitMade
WHERE player_ID = whichFarmerIsSelling;

-- Update the crops quantity column
UPDATE Crops
SET quantity = (quantity - quantityToSell)
WHERE crop_ID = cropIdentification;
SET outputText = CONCAT(whichFarmerIsSelling , " has successfully sold: ", profitMade,
                        " gold worth of ", qualityType, " " ,cropName);

ELSE
    SET outputText = CONCAT('You are trying to sell more quantity than you currently own...');
END IF;

END //
DELIMITER ;

```

- CALL updateFarmerGold(1, 1, @myOutput);
- SELECT @myOutput;

Result Grid	Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
@myOutput			
▶ Andy has successfully sold: 250 gold worth of Normal Melon			

player_ID	address	cabin_number	dob	gender	gold
▶ Andy	Stardew Valley Farm	1	1996-07-07	M	250
Holland	Stardew Valley Farm	2	1986-02-08	F	0

Note: Andy's Gold is now updated with the crop that was sold.

```
SELECT quantity FROM Crops WHERE crop_ID = 1;
```

quantity
▶ 5

Note: Crop table quantity has been updated accordingly for that crop_ID.

Query 1: Uses the **JOINING** of 3 tables and **WHERE** clause with multiple conditions. Find out which farmer bought seeds and have not had them planted by their respective farmer (quantity 0 in Crops)

SQL Code:

```
SELECT X.farmer, X.crop_ID, Y.quality, Y.type_of_crop
FROM Farmer_Buys_Seeds AS X
JOIN Crops AS Y
ON X.crop_ID = Y.crop_ID
JOIN Farmer_Plants AS Z
ON X.crop_ID = Z.crop_ID
WHERE Y.quantity = 0 AND X.farmer = Z.farmer
ORDER BY farmer;
```

	farmer	crop_ID	quality	type_of_crop
►	Andy	9	Normal	Potato
	Andy	22	Silver	Tomato
	Holland	6	Silver	Blueberry
	Holland	15	Gold	Artichoke
	Holland	26	Silver	Radish
	Holland	27	Gold	Radish
	Holland	32	Iridium	Wheat

Query 2: Uses the **UPDATE** clause. Updates the quantity attribute in the Crops table. This can be seen as an insert of a duplicate crop. In this example, we are adding another Normal quality Melon to our database.

SQL Code:

```
UPDATE Crops
SET quantity = quantity + 1
WHERE crop_ID = 1;
```

```
✓ 2399 15:46:37 UPDATE Crops SET quantity = quantity + 1 WHERE crop_ID = 1
```

Note: Checking to see if one melon has been added to the database. Observe that from the previous procedure call, we have lost one melon because we sold it and added the profit to Andy's 'gold' attribute.

```
SELECT quantity FROM Crops WHERE crop_ID = 1;
```

	quantity
▶	6

Query 3: Uses **GROUP BY** and **HAVING**. Shows a table of animal species that produce 3 or more products

SQL Code:

```
SELECT farm_building_id AS "Farm Building", animal_species AS "Produces 3 or more products"
FROM Cattle_Produces
GROUP BY farm_building_id, animal_species
HAVING COUNT(produces) >= 3;
```

	Farm Building	Produces 3 or more products
▶	Barn	Cow
	Barn	Goat
	Coop	Chicken

Query 4: Uses **DISTINCT** and **WHERE NOT EXISTS**. Shows a table of crops that are stored in the database that have not yet had seeds bought for them yet

SQL Code:

```
SELECT DISTINCT type_of_crop AS "Crop",
season AS "Season", growth_time_days AS "Growth Time", quantity AS "Quantity"
FROM Crops AS X
WHERE NOT EXISTS
(SELECT crop_ID FROM Farmer_Buys_Seeds WHERE X.crop_ID = Farmer_Buys_Seeds.crop_ID);
```

	Crop	Season	Growth Time	Quantity
▶	Cauliflower	Spring	12	0
	Coffee Bean	Spring & Summer	10	0
	Garlic	Spring	10	0
	Starfruit	Summer	10	0

Query 5: Uses **WHERE IN**. Shows a table of which animals are somewhere on the farm that do not produce something of value

SQL Code:

```
SELECT animal_species FROM Cattle
WHERE animal_species IN
(SELECT animal_species FROM Cattle_Produces WHERE produces = 'nothing');
```

	animal_species
▶	Cat
	Dog
	Horse

Query 6: Uses **OUTER JOIN** and **UNION**. Prints a table of all crop_ID's and associated farmers that have bought seeds and planted seeds.

SQL Code:

```
SELECT X.farmer, X.crop_ID FROM Farmer_Buys_Seeds AS X
LEFT JOIN Farmer_Plants AS Y ON X.crop_ID = Y.crop_ID
UNION
SELECT Z.farmer, Z.crop_ID FROM Farmer_Buys_Seeds AS Z
RIGHT JOIN Farmer_Plants AS W ON Z.crop_ID = W.crop_ID;
```

	farmer ▲	crop_ID
▶	Andy	1
	Andy	2
	Andy	3
	Andy	4
	Andy	9
	Andy	10
	Andy	13
	Andy	16
	Andy	21
	Andy	22
	Andy	23
	Andy	24
	Andy	25
	Andy	33
	Andy	34
	Andy	35
	Andy	36
	Andy	37

	farmer ▲	crop_ID
	Andy	39
	Andy	41
	Andy	49
	Andy	50
	Andy	51
	Andy	52
	Andy	54
	Andy	55
	Andy	61
	Andy	62
	Andy	63
	Andy	64
	Holland	5
	Holland	6
	Holland	7
	Holland	8
	Holland	11
	Holland	12

	farmer ▲	crop_ID
	Holland	14
	Holland	15
	Holland	17
	Holland	18
	Holland	19
	Holland	20
	Holland	26
	Holland	27
	Holland	28
	Holland	29
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	Holland	66
	Holland	67
	Holland	68