**Module 1.4**

1. What is the registry and how does it distinguish Windows and Linux?

centralized database storing system and application settings

from Linux, which uses **text-based configuration files** stored in directories like /etc/

2) What term is used to describe terminating a process that is not responding

to user input?

**"killing"** the process.

3) Why might you use the Services snap-in to manage background processes

rather than Task Manager?

more control over background processes, allowing you to configure startup types, manage dependencies, and set recovery options

4) The Task Scheduler allows you to run a process automatically in Windows.

What is a widely-used Linux equivalent?

cron

1. What part of the system memory setup is most user-configurable?

Pagefile / virtual memory

6) What two things are configured on a disk to make storage space on the

disk available to the Windows OS?

Partitioning and file system type

(e.g., NTFS or exFAT)

1. What is a CLI?

Command Line Interface

8) What protection feature in Windows is designed to prevent a script or

software from making unauthorized changes to the OS configuration?

User Account Control (UAC)

1. True or false? A standard user cannot change their own password.

False