II- Year II- Semester	Name of the Course	L	T	P	C
BS2201	Probability and Statistics	2	1	0	3

Course objectives:

- 1. To **Classify** the concepts of data science and its importance (L4) or (L2)
- **2.** To **Interpret** the association of characteristics and through correlation and regression tools (L4)
- 3. To **Understand** the concepts of probability and their applications, **apply** discrete and continuous probability distributions (L3)
- 4. To **Design** the components of a classical hypothesis test (L6)
- 5. To **Infer** the statistical inferential methods based on small and large sampling tests (L4)

UNIT-I

Descriptive statistics and methods for data science:

8 hrs

Data science-Statistics Introduction-Population vs Sample-Collection of data-primary and secondary data-Types of variable: dependent and independent Categorical and Continuous variables-Data visualization-Measures of Central tendency-Measures of Variability (spread or variance)-Skewness Kurtosis.

UNIT-II

Correlation and Curve fitting:

10 hrs

Correlation- correlation coefficient-Rank correlation-Regression coefficient and properties-regression lines-Multiple regression-Method of least squares-Straight line-parabola-Exponential-Power curves.

UNIT-III

Probability and Distributions:

10 hrs

Probability-Conditional probability and Baye's theorem-Random variables-Discrete and Continuous random variables-Distribution function-Mathematical Expectation and Variance-Binomial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions.

UNIT-IV

Sampling Theory: 10 hrs

Introduction—Population and samples-Sampling distribution of Means and Variance (definition only)—Central limit theorem (without proof)-Point and Interval estimations, Good estimator, Unbiased estimator, Efficiency estimator-Maximum error of estimate.

UNIT-V

Test of Hypothesis: 10 hrs

Introduction-Hypothesis-Null and Alternative Hypothesis-Type I and Type II errors-Level of significance-One tail and two-tail tests-Tests concerning one mean, two means, and proportions using

Z test, Tests concerning one mean, two means using t test, also chi-square and F tests use for small samples.

Course Outcomes

Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

- **CO1:** Classify the concepts of data science and its importance (L4) or (L2) (Understand, Analyze)
- CO2: Interpret the association of characteristics and through correlation and regression tools (L4)

 Analyze
- CO3: Understand the concepts of probability and their applications, apply discrete and continuous probability distributions (L3) Understand, Apply
- CO4: Design the components of a classical hypothesis test (L6) Understand, Design, create
- CO5: Infer the statistical inferential methods based on small and large sampling tests (L4) Understand, Analyze

Text books:

- 1. Miller and Freund's, Probability and Statistics for Engineers, 7/e, Pearson, 2008.
- 2. **S. C. Gupta and V. K. Kapoor,** Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 11/e, Sultan Chand & Sons Publications, 2012

Reference books

- 1. **Shron L. Myers, Keying Ye, Ronald E Walpole,** Probability and Statistics Engineers and the Scientists, 8th Edition, Pearson 2007.
- 2. **Jay I. Devore,** Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciences, 8th Edition, Cengage.
- 3. **Sheldon M. Ross,** Introduction to probability and statistics Engineers and the Scientists, 4th Edition, Academic Foundation, 2011.
- 4. **Johannes Ledolter and Robert V. Hogg,** Applied statistics for Engineers and Physical Scientists, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2010.
- 5. T. K. V. Iyenger, Probability and Statistics, S. Chand & Company Ltd, 2015.

e- Resources & other digital material

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=COI0BUmNHT8&list=PLyqSpQzTE6M_JcleDbrVyPnE0PixKs2JE (For Probability and Statistics)
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VVYLpmKRfQ8&list=PL6C92B335BD4238AB (For Probability and Statistics)
- 3. https://www.mathsisfun.com/data/standard-normal-distribution-table.html (Information about Normal distribution)
- 4. https://www.statisticshowto.com/tables/t-distribution-table/(Information about T- distribution)

Statistical Tables to be allowed in examinations:

- 1. Normal distribution table
- 2. T- distribution table

Table CO-PO Mapping:

CO-PO mapping Matrix

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO-	PSO-
CO1	2	2												
CO2	2	3									Ť			
CO3	2	2												
CO4	2	2												
CO5	2	3												

Micro-Syllabus of Probability and Statistics

UNIT-I:Descriptive statistics and methods for data science: 8 hrs

Data science-Statistics Introduction-Population vs Sample-Collection of data-primary and secondary data-Types of variable: dependent and independent Categorical and Continuous variables-Data visualization-Measures of Central tendency-Measures of Variability (spread or variance)-Skewness Kurtosis.

Module	Micro content	No of hrs
Introduction-Population vs Collection of data-primary and secondary data Sample Population Sample		2
Types of variable	dependent and independent Categorical Continuous variables	2
Data visualization	-Data visualization	1
Measures of Central tendency and Measures of Variability	Measures of Central tendency	1
	Measures of Variability	2
	Introduction-Population vs Sample Types of variable Data visualization Measures of Central tendency	Introduction-Population vs Sample Types of variable Types of variable Data visualization Collection of data-primary and secondary data Population Sample dependent and independent Categorical Continuous variables Data visualization Measures of Central tendency Measures of Central

UNIT-II: Correlation and Curve fitting:

10 hrs

Correlation-correlation coefficient-Rank correlation-Regression coefficient and properties-regression lines-Multiple regression-Method of least squares-Straight line-parabola-Exponential-Power curves.

Unit		Module	Micro content	No of hrs
		Correlation	correlation coefficient	1
		Correlation	Rank correlation	
			Regression coefficient	
2.Correlation a Curve fitting	and		properties	
		Regression	regression lines	4
			Multiple regression	
		Method of least squares	Straight line	4

	Parabola.	
	Exponential curves	
	Power curves.	

UNIT-III: Probability and Distributions:

10 hrs

Probability-Conditional probability and Baye's theorem- Random variables -Discrete and Continuous random variables-Distribution function-Mathematical Expectation and Variance-Binomial, Poisson, Uniform and Normal distributions.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs	
	Probability	Conditional probability	2	
	Fiodability	Baye's theorem	2	
		Discrete Random variables	1	
		Continuous Random	1	
	Random variables	variables	1	
3. Probability and	Random variables	Distribution function	1	
Distributions		Mathematical Expectation	1	
		and variance	1	
		Binomial distribution.		
	Distributions	Poisson distribution	2	
	Distributions	Uniform distribution	<u> </u>	
		Normal distribution		

UNIT-IV: Sampling Theory:

10 hrs

Introduction—Population and samples-Sampling distribution of Means and Variance (definition only)—Central limit theorem (without proof)-Point and Interval estimations, Good estimator, Unbiased estimator, Efficiency estimator-Maximum error of estimate.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs
4.Sampling Theory	Introduction	Population samples Central limit theorem (without proof	1
	Sampling distributions	Sampling distribution of Means Sampling distribution of Variance	4
	Estimation	Point estimations Interval estimation Good estimator Unbiased estimator	5
	Efficiency estimator		_

UNIT-V: Test of Hypothesis:

10 hrs

Introduction—Hypothesis-Null and Alternative Hypothesis-Type I and Type II errors-Level of significance-One tail and two-tail tests-Tests concerning one mean, two means, and proportions using Z test, Tests concerning one mean, two means using t test, also chi-square and F tests use for small samples.

Unit	Module	Micro content	No of hrs		
		Null Hypothesis			
		Alternative Hypothesis			
	Hypothesis	Type I and Type II errors	2		
		Level of significance	hrs		
		One tail and two-tail tests			
		Tests concerning one mean			
		using Z test			
5. Test of Hypothesis	Test for longs samples	Tests concerning one two],		
	Test for large samples	means using Z test.	4		
		Tests concerning			
		proportions using Z test			
		Tests concerning one mean,			
	Tosts for small samples	two means using t test	4		
	Tests for small samples	chi-square test	4		
		F test			
