



***ENT Ward Test**

(B1+B2)* - 27 September

EAR & NOSE

- 1. Management of Otosclerosis**
- 2. D/D of Benign polypoidal masses of Nose**
- 3. Difference between Septal Hematoma and Septal Abscess**
- 4. Ethmoidal Polyp and its theories**
- 5. 10 Indications of FESS**
- 6. Ototoxic Drugs**
- 7. 5 Intracranial and 5 Extracranial Complications of CSOM**
- 8. Stages of ASOM**
- 9. Cholesteatoma and its theories**
- 10. ARIA and its classification**
- 11. Glue Ear and its pathogenesis**
- 12. Define Anosmia, Phantosmia, Hyperosmia**
- 13. Define Microtia, Macrotia, Anotia, Bat Ear, Lop Ear**

13. Define Microtia, Macrota, Anotia, Bat Ear, Lop Ear
14. 5 causes of Sensorineural deafness

PHARYNX & LARYNX

1. Paired and Unpaired Cartilages of Larynx
2. Nerve supply of Laryngeal muscles
3. Condition worse during crying and absent in sleeping
4. Omega- shaped epiglottis seen in
5. Steeple sign seen in
6. Turban epiglottis seen in
7. Thumb sign seen in
8. 10 Indications of Tonsillectomy (Absolute & Relative)
9. 10 Structures forming tonsillar bed
10. Retromolar Trigone
11. Most common benign tumor of Larynx

12. Histological common carcinoma of Larynx

13. Causes of Laryngeal Edema

14. 5 Treatment of Croup

15. 5 Speech rehabilitation methods in Laryngectomy patient

16. Treatment of Vocal polyp

17. Formation of vocal polyp at the junction

18. Boundaries of Oropharynx

19. 5 subsite in Supraglottic region