

Istanbul Technical University Department of Computer Engineering

BLG 233E - Data Structures Assignment 2 Report

My main function has one declaration and seven significant function.

Firstly, I create deck array

```
int main()

{
    int deck[53];

    create();
    deck_create(deck);
    deck_shuffle(deck,counter);
    add_queue(deck);
    operation();
    result();
    close();
}
```

I assign sorted deck to array.

Pseudo Code of Recursive Shuffling Algorithm

```
Function deck shuffle (Deck array, counter)
      Initialize a random number (1-52);
      Swap(Deck[counter], Deck[random]);
      if counter=52 then end function;
      deck shuffle (Deck array, counter+1);
Swap function
      a=a+b;
      b=a-b;
      a=a-b;
 □void deck_shuffle(int *d,int c)
       int random = (rand() \% 52) + 1;
 ₽
       Change variable
       Like
           a=a+b
           b=a-b
           a=a-b
       d[c] = d[c] + d[random];
       d[random] = d[c] - d[random];
       d[c] = d[c] - d[random];
       if (c == 52)
       deck_shuffle(d, c + 1);
```

Shuffling deck add queue.

```
pvoid add_queue(int *d)
{
    fprintf(out, "Shuffled deck:\n");
    for (int i = 1; i < 53; i++)//add queue
        que.enqueue(d[i]);
    for (int i = 1; i < 53; i++)//print deck
        {
            fprintf(out, "%d:", i);
            print(d[i]);
            fprintf(out, "\n");
        }
     }
}</pre>
```

Operation function include while and for loop check cards.

The temporary space which is used to stack the cards that do not match during the counting & checking operation using the Stack data structure.

Comparing the card from the beginning of the queue with the counting number and placing the card to the appropriate place.

To fortune-telling cards

```
if (i == temp % 13 || (i == 13 && temp % 13 == 0))
{
    //match print
    fortune.enqueue(temp);//add fortune queue
    st.pop();//match card
    while (!st.isempty())
        que.enqueue(st.pop());//add deck stack->queue
    fprintf(out,"%d:", i);
    print(temp);
    fprintf(out,":match\n");
    break;
}
```

Determining the end of counting when no more cards match with the counting number if (que.isempty()) break;//Determining the end of counting

Summing loop

```
while (!fortune.isempty())
{
    temp = fortune.dequeue();
    if (temp % 13 == 0)
        sum += 13;
    else
        sum += temp % 13;
    print(temp);
    fprintf(out,"\n");
}
```

My most important function in order to write output is print function. It has two switch case statement so as to determine card type.

```
SSH Compiling
```

```
[ozdile@ssh blg233e]$ cd hw3
[ozdile@ssh hw3]$ ls
main.cpp queue.cpp queue.h README.txt stack.cpp stack.h
[ozdile@ssh hw3]$ g++ *.cpp
[ozdile@ssh hw3]$ ls
a.out main.cpp queue.cpp queue.h README.txt stack.cpp stack.h
[ozdile@ssh hw3]$ ./a.out
[ozdile@ssh hw3]$ ls
a.out output.txt queue.h stack.cpp
main.cpp queue.cpp README.txt stack.h
[ozdile@ssh hw3]$
```