SoftBound: Highly Compatible and Complete Spatial Memory Safety for C

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Memory Safety

No undefined behavior while accessing memory.

Spatial memory safety:

All pointer dereferences are within bounds of a valid object.

- e.g. absence of out-of-bound array indexing
- Temporal memory safety:

All pointer dereferences are valid at the time of the dereference.

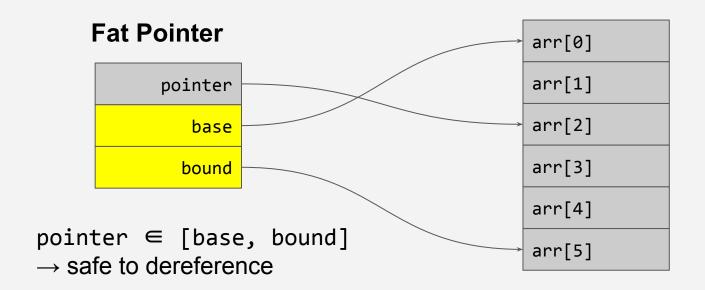
o e.g. absence of use-after-free

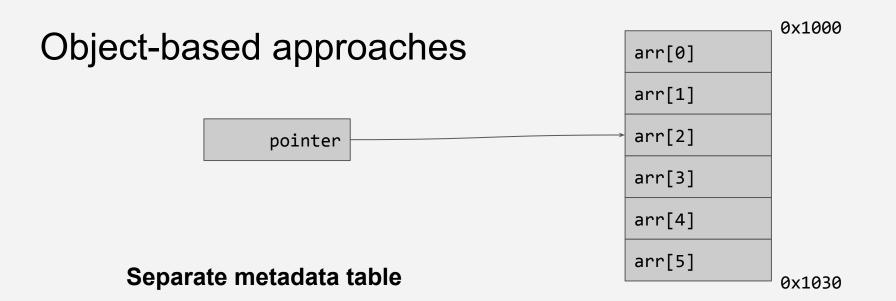
Retrofitting C with spatial memory safety is difficult

- conflation of arrays and pointers
- unchecked array indexing
- pointer arithmetic
- pointers to the middle of objects
- arbitrary casts user-visible memory layout
- structures with internal arrays
- ..

Previous Approaches for Enforcing Spatial Safety in C

Pointer-based approaches





bounds of arr: [0x1000, 0x1030] bounds of asdf: [..., ...]

pointer is within the bounds of arr

→ safe to dereference

Pointer-based vs. Object-based

+ High compatibility

- Low compatibility

(changes object layout)

Compatibility

Fat pointer changes the object layout →

- Not compatible with un-instrumented code
- May require source code modification if the code relies on the object layout!

On the other hand, object-based approach instrumentation isn't intrusive.

Pointer-based vs. Object-based

+ Complete spatial safety

- Low compatibility

(changes object layout)

+ High compatibility

- Incomplete spatial safety

(sub-object overflow)

Sub-object problem

```
balance
                          id
                   0x1000
                                                                       0x100c
struct Account {
                                      \0
                                                              12345678
    char id[8];
                                       1 2 3 4 5 6 \0
    int balance;
} tom;
char* ptr = tom.id;
                                 bounds of tom accont: [0x1000, 0x100c]
strcpy(ptr, "Tom123456");
```

```
&tom = &tom.id = 0x1000
&tom.id inherits the bound of &tom!

→ Can't detect the overflow inside the struct!
```

SoftBound

- = Completeness of Pointer-based
- + Compatibility of Object-based

Key Idea

- Pointer-based, but implemented like object-based (for pointers in memory)
 - Metadata for every pointer (like pointer-based),
 - stored in a disjoint metadata space (like object-based)
- Instrumentation (on LLVM IR)
 - Insert bound check before pointer dereference
 - Propagate the metadata after pointer creation

Pointer dereference check

```
check(ptr, ptr_base, ptr_bound, sizeof(*ptr))
value = *ptr
void check(ptr, base, bound, size) {
   if (ptr ∉ [base, bound - size])
        abort();
                              base
                                                       bound
                                     ok
                                                      abort!
```

Pointer creation

create metadata

```
int* ptr = malloc(size)
int* ptr_base = ptr
int* ptr_bound = ptr + size;

int arr[100];
int* ptr = &arr[0];
int* ptr_base = &arr[0];
int* ptr_base = ptr_base + sizeof(arr);
```

Pointer arithmetic and array indexing

inherit the metadata

```
int* newptr = ptr + index;
int* newptr_base = ptr_base;
int* newptr_bound = ptr_bound;
```

Struct field accesses

- Combination of pointer arithmetic and derefences
- Bounds can be narrowed in order to detect sub-object overflow.

```
id
                                                           balance
struct Account {
    char id[8];
                                       10
                                                               12345678
    int balance;
} *tom;
                       0x1000
                                                                        0x100c
char* ptr = tom->id;
                                     narrowed bounds
ptr base = tom->id;
ptr_bound = ptr_base + sizeof(tom->id);
```

Loading a pointer from memory

Load metadata from the table

```
int** ptr;
int* new_ptr;
...
check(ptr, ptr_base, ptr_bound, sizeof(*ptr));
newptr = *ptr;

newptr_base = table_lookup(ptr)->base;
newptr_bound = table_lookup(ptr)->bound;
```

Storing a pointer in memory

Store metadata in the table

```
int** ptr;
int* new_ptr;

check(ptr, ptr_base, ptr_bound, sizeof(*ptr));
(*ptr) = new_ptr;

table_lookup(ptr)->base = newptr_base;
table_lookup(ptr)->bound = newptr_bound;
```

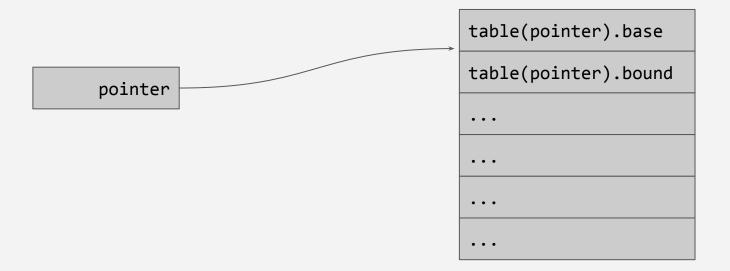
Functions

Procedure cloning → naturally supports separate compilation!

```
char* func(char* s);
char* new ptr = func(ptr);
typedef struct {
   pointer: char *s;
   base: char *s:
   bound: char *s;
} char ptr;
char ptr sb func(char* s, void* s base, void* s bound);
char ptr new ptr = sb func(ptr, ptr base, ptr bound);
```

Metadata table implementation

- Hashmap with simple hash (shift & mask) and open-addressing
- Shadow space



Proof that SoftBound detects spatial violations

Similar to usual proof of soundness of type systems.

- Operational semantics for simplified C
- Add metadata check and propagation to the operational semantics
- Define Well-formedness on program state using bounds info
- Preservation and progress
 - preservation: Each command preserves well-formedness.
 - progress: Result of each command is either OK or ABORT.

Evaluation

- Implemented as a LLVM pass.
 - \circ compile to LLVM IR \rightarrow optimization \rightarrow SoftBound \rightarrow optimization \rightarrow ...
- Benchmark programs with varying proportion of memory operations and 2 network server applications (total 272kloc)
- Various security-related benchmarks.

Evaluation

- Spatial safety: Detected all the spatial violations and prevents all the security vulnerabilities security violation benchmark and real-world spatial bugs without any false positives.
 - Other tools miss >50% of the test cases.
 - Store-only mode (only instrument stores) is enough to prevent security vulnerability.
- Compatibility: Didn't require source code modification for benchmark programs and 2 network server applications (total 272 kloc)

Performance evaluation

	Hash table	Shadow space
Full	runtime +93%memory +87%	runtime +67%memory +64%
Store-only	• runtime +54%	• runtime +22%

Better than or similar to other tools!

The End?

No.

Implementation considerations and limitations

- Linking against un-instrumented library requires wrappers for the library functions.
 - Much better than pointer-based approaches, though.
- Handling memcpy() on objects containing pointers requires identification of all of the internal pointers.
- Handling integer-pointer cast requires manual annotation.
- Narrowing results in false violations!
 - Intrusive data structures: acquires pointer the the container struct from the pointer to the field.
 - Consecutive struct fields as an array
- Pointers stored in memory are susceptible to sub-object overflow.
 - Metadata table is not aware of narrowing.

Wrap-up

Summary

SoftBound = Spatial memory safety with

- Completeness of pointer-based approach
- Compatibility of object-based approach
- Good performance

Related

- Hardbound: Architectural Support for Spatial Safety of the C Programming Language (ASPLOS'08)
 - bounded pointers using hardware-managed shadow space
 - inspired SoftBound
- CETS: Compiler Enforced Temporal Safety for C (ISMM'10)
 - another work from the authors of SoftBound
- CCured: Type-Safe Retrofitting of Legacy Software (TOPLAS'05)
 - Pointer-based approach
 - Uses a novel type system to identify pointers that don't require bounds checks
 - Low runtime overhead, but requires non-trivial code modification..
 - to be presented by Jaemin

The paper contains ...

- Proof: definition of well-formedness
- More implementation issues
- In-depth comparison vs. CCured
- In-depth performance analysis